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NEHRU REVIEWS STATE OF THE NATION

Condemns Communist Policy As Violent And Traitorous

GOVERNMENT HAS PROOF OF THEIR BID FOR SABOTAGE

Recovery In Calcutta Hailed As People's Rally Against Chaos

NEW DELHI, August 5.

PRIME MINISTER Jawaharlal Nehru at a 100-minute news conference this afternoon made a comprehensive review of the state of the nation and reported generally that its health was good. Speaking of India and the world, the Prime Minister said, "It is a part of the mission of India now, and it is the business of India, to help in the re-orientation of the relation between East and West and gradually make it normal, because it has been abnormal in the past."

Pandit Nehru disclosed that the Government had in its possession various circulars, leaflets and pamphlets issued by or on behalf of the Communist Party of India, containing open incitement to murder, violence and sabotage. He said that the Indian Communists' policy was completely allied with violence and it had nothing to do with any economic betterment of labour.

The Prime Minister also reported on the "extraordinary change" for the better that had taken place in Calcutta after his visit. He said that the popular feeling rose against hooliganism, and once when a tram car was burnt, in spite of the mischief-makers being armed, "they got a bad beating from the public, and not from the police. After that they found that it was not a comfortable proceeding to burn a tram car."

Other points mentioned by the Prime Minister at the conference are given below in digested form:

R.S.S.—"Frankly, we do not trust the R.S.S. very much and we shall keep a very vigilant outlook in regard to it."

Kashmir—The cease-fire line agreement is heartening, but there is no real progress in the truce line, which is quite a different thing.

Hydera b a d—There is no Military Government as such in operation in this State although there is a Military Governor, and the Constituent Assembly of people's representatives will soon decide on the future administration.

Nationalisation—Much more important than nationalisation is greater production. "If nationalisation would increase our production, we will have it. If it does not, we shall not have it."

Economic policy—Everyone including labour must recognise the fact that "we have to rationalise as we have to increase the output and reduce the cost of commodities.

Civil liberties—It is necessary to put down public disorder rigorously in order that civil liberty, in fact liberty itself, might flourish.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

South Africa—Pakistan has been lethargic about the round table conference on the South African problem, suggested by the United Nations: and so has South Africa, with regard to India's move for preliminary elucidatory discussions.

French possessions—The position remains what it was. "Our policy is, first of all, that these foreign possessions must necessarily revert to India because we cannot tolerate the idea of this Indian sub-continent having footholds occupied by foreign powers". This referred in full to the Portuguese possessions too.

The Prime Minister said that India would not align with any power bloc in her foreign policy. This was not a negative approach, as it might seem. India still cherishes her three ideals and would in her foreign policy act in terms of other subject nations being free, in terms of no racial discrimination, and in terms of world peace.

He said that the report of a revolt in Tibet was baseless and criticised some papers which deliberately printed false news, calling it "fantastic nonsense".

The Prime Minister in reply to a question said that he proposed to land in the United States on October 11 and remain there till the end of the month. He would spend two or three days in Canada. He was just now drawing up a programme, which was "pretty heavy."

Referring to the forthcoming visit of Indonesian Premier, Dr. Mohamad Hatta, Pandit Nehru said that the Indonesian leader, who was on his way to the Hague, was breaking his journey here. He said: "We have always been in intimate touch with the Indonesian Government and Dr. Hatta is a personal friend of mine. We met in 1927 at a conference at Brussels of the Anti-Imperialist Congress of Oppressed Nationalities. Since then much of his time has been spent in detention and a good deal of mine also. Naturally we shall have a full discussion. We have many things in common and in many ways we think alike."

THE SOUTH AFRICAN SITUATION

Pakistan's Lethargy

Asked about the latest situation in the South African situation, Pandit Nehru said that India sent a message to Pakistan, as soon as the Indian delegation returned from the United Nations General Assembly meeting, that both Dominions must take action jointly with the South African Government, about the round table conference in accordance with the United Nations resolution. The Pakistan Government did not reply for a considerable time.

India then directly approached the South African Government, informing the Pakistan Governmet at the same time that she was doing so. The South African Government in reply welcomed it, but made various suggestios, qualifications, provisos, e tc. They suggested that before the conference was held, it might be desirable that the preliminaries to the conference might be discussed by the respresentatives of the two Governments, and that India might send someone to South Africa for discussion.

India preferred that some elucidation should take place by correspondence. Nevertheless, she was prepared to send someone. No reply had so far been received from South Africa.

In the field of foreign policy, Pandit Nehru said, "It is the business of India to help in the reorientation of the relations between the East and West and gradually to make them normal, because they have been abnormal in the past".

Pandit Nehru described the discovery of water in the middle of the de-

(Continuted on Page 7)

Goa Political Prisoners' Case To Be Taken To U.N.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT MOVE TO SECURE THEIR RELEASE

BOMBAY, Friday.

THE Government of India is moving in the matter of getting long-term political prisoners of Goa released, United Press of India reliably learns in Bombay.

The Central Committee of the Goan People's Party, it is further understood, is preparing a comprehensive memorandum of the cases of Goan long-term political prisoners to show that their trials in Goa by Military Tribunal have infringed human rights. The memorandum will be submitted to the Indian, Pakistan, Soviet, British and American delegations to the U.N. with a view to raising the Goa issue in the U.N General Assembly.

In a statement to the "United Press of India" today, Mr. George Vaz, General Secretary of the Goan People's Party, says that the release of Goan Nationalist leaders is an issue that has long been overdue and has greatly agitated the minds of Goans. The pre-requisite for any settlement with the Government of Portugal, he says, must be the unconditional release of all Goa's political prisoners now in detention.

Mr. Vaz quotes the instance of Tristao Braganza Cunha, Goa's veteran leader and founder of the Goa Congress, who was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment by the Portuguese Military Tribunal on the ground that he broke the Portuguese ban on free speech and Assembly by addressing a meeting at Margoa. Several other Goan Nationalists were also similarly sentenced to terms ranging from ten to 15 years' rigorous imprisonment. Five of Goa's patriots, the Secretary adds, were interred 6,000 miles away from home, having been deported to the island fortress of Peneche in Portugal while 15 others were detained at Aguada. Fifteen more are awaiting their trial. "These sentences", Mr. Vaz concludes, "are not only drastic but infringe all civilised cannons of justice and human rights. Besides, every effort is being made in Goa in order to crush the growing democratic movement there."

Rajen Babu Warns

No Place For Salt Tax In Constitution

ARTICLE HELD OVER IN ASSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, August 5 (P.T.I.).

"IT was not without reason that salt was selected by Mahatma Gandhi as the one tax out of so many taxes which the poor people of this country paid when he started his movement of disobedience," observed Dr. Rajendra Prasad in the Constituent Assembly today.

"I say that even today, if we are going to reimpose this tax, we will have the same kind of movement which will convulse the whole country from one end to the other."

Dr. Prasad was making an emotional apeal to the Assembly to reject Mr. Mahavir Tyagi's amendment which sought to delete the constitutional provision that no duty on salt shall be levied by the Indian Union.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, on behalf of the Drafting Committee, had accepted Mr. Mahabir Tyagi's amendment for the deletion of this provision when Dr. Rajendra Prasad, intervening, reminded the House the fact that Mahatma Gandhi chose this tax for civil disobedience movement during the struggle for India's freedom. Supporters of Mr. Tyagi's amendment had contended that the constitution should not bind the future generation not to impose salt tax.

In a voice choked with emotion, Dr. Rajendra Prasad said: "Before putting the amendment to vote, I desire to say a few words. I have felt considerably surprised by the attitude which has been adopted by the Drafting Committee in accepting this amendment. It was not without reason that salt was selected by Mahatma Gandhi as the one tax out of so many taxes which the poor people of this country paid when he started his movement of disobedience. It was because he felt, and we all felt, that even the poorest beggar had to pay a share of this tax that he selected this particular tax and when he made his appel (for civil disobedience), it caught throughout the country.

"There were people then who felt that this civil disobedience would not have any effect because he had selected a tax which after all had such a small incidence but they saw that within three weeks from one end of the country to the other there was hardly a village where the (salt) Law was not disobeyed.

REJECTION PLEA

"I say that even today, if we are going to reimpose this tax, we will have the same kind of movement which will convulse the whole country from one end to the other (cheers)."

I, therefore, suggest to this House to consider carefully whether it would have this (provision) in the Constitution as a rememberance, as a memento, of that glorious struggle which we had. My deliberate advice to this House is to reject the amendment of Mr Mahavir Tyagi but, of course, it is left to the members of the House to decide."

As Dr. Rajendra Prasad was about to put Mr. Tyagi's amendment to vote Mr. Tyagi asked whether the deletion of the clause at present would mean actual levying of the salt duty.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad: "It opens the door for it, and in our present financial difficulties, I am not sure that it will not be taken advantage of."

Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State, said that as Dr. Ambedkar had pointed out, the provision as it stood would prevent duty being imposed on imported salt. Mr. Santhanam was explaining this point when some of the members cried, "no more speeches."

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said that if the members so desired, he would allow the Article to be held over for consideration.

Dr. Ambedkar agreed to the suggestion and the Article was accordingly held over.

WASHINGTON, August 5, (PTI-Reuter): United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson today advanced a five point programme to encourage and support "an independent, liberally governed and free China." Mr. Acheson submitted the plan at a press conference.

Agitation In Jammu Put Down

JAMMU, Aug. 5 (PTI)—The anti-Government demonstrations organised by the Praja Parishad in Jammu, which threatened to assume a serious turn, have been quietened following stern measures adopted by the Jammu and Kashmir Government.

Bakshi Ghulam Mohammad, Deputy Prime Minister of the State who arrived here from Srinagar two days ago, visited the affected locality. He explained to the demonstrators the Government's attitude on the demands made by them.

Nearly one hundred and thirtytwo arrests have recently been made in this connection. Of this, over 70 have been released on tendering apology.

Meanwhile, Yuvraj Karansingh of Jammu and Kashmir State has dissociated himself and the royal family from the objectives of these demonstrators.

WORLD BANK LOAN FOR INDIA

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (PTI-Reuter).

THE World Bank announced today that an initial loan would be made to India "in the ntar future" for economic development.

The loan announcement may be made within the next week or fortnight, it was learned.

The Bank said its initial loan would be confined to funds for financing the foreign exchange costs of three specific projects: (1) locomotives, spare parts and tank wagons for the Indian railways.

(2 Construction of a thermal power plant at Bokaro in Bihar.

(3). Reclamation of weed-infested land in various parts of India.

ANGLO PAKISTAN STERLING PACT

LONDON, August 5, (PTI-Reuter): The 1949-50 Anglo-Pakistan sterling releases agreement was signed here today.

Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Pakistan Finance Minister, signed for Pakistan and Mr. Douglas Jay, Economic Secretary of the British Treasury, on behalf of Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Pakistan Finance Minister said. "The Pakistan Government has agreed to accept a cut of 25 percent in her dollar expenditure for the next year as compared with her 1948-49 dollar expenditure. This is on the understanding that Britain and the other Commonwealth countries of the sterling area would make cuts of the same magnitude."

capital investment remittances from Britain to Pakistan would be removed shortly he indicated.

"DANGER MARK IN BURMA PASSED"

RANGOON, Aug. 5, (PTI-Reuter): Burmese Premier Thakin Nu told civil and military officers here tonight: "The danger mark in insurrection in Burma has been passed", but added, "no one can yet say how long it will take to achieve complete victory", he said.

"The enemy is continuously on the run because of our superiority in arms, courage and strategy."

COMMEMORATIVE POSTAGE STAMPS FOR UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION 1949

In celebration of the 75th Anniversary of the Universal Postal Union which falls on October 9, 1949, the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department has decided to issue this set of stamps which will be released to the public from October 10. The design of the stamps with the representation of the globe is symbolic of the universal character of the Union. India's connection with it is shown by the Asoka Pillar. India has been one of the oldest members of the Union.

STATE LANGUAGE FOR ALL-INDIA PURPOSES

Congressmen's Decision

ENGLISH DURING TRANSITION PERIOD OF 15 YEARS

NEW DELHI, August 5 (PTI).

THE Congress Working Committee adjourned sine die after adopting a resolution today on the question of language laying down "certain principles" for the preservation and development of various languages prevalent in bilingual areas, Provinces or States.

The Committee also considered the question of the state language The following are the main points made in the resolution.

(1) For All-India purposes there will be a state language in which the business of the Union will be conducted

(2) For administrative purposes, the language of the Province or the area concerned should be used

(3) In multi-lingual Provinces, undisputed areas belonging to the various languages as also the fringe or bilingual areas should be demarcated and the language of each indicated by the Province or State concerned.

(4) At the primary stage a child shall get instruction in his mother tongue which will be according to the wishes of the guardian or parents of the child.

(5) At the secondary stage study of the All-India state language should be taken up as second language.

(6) At the university stage, the medium of instruction will be the Provincial language.

(7) Urdu shall be one of the languages concerned.

ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES

For administrative purposes the language of the Province or the area concerned should be used In fringe or bilingual areas if the minority is of a considerable size i.e. 20 p.c. of the population documents which the public at large have to use, such as Government notices etc., electoral rolls, ration cards etc. should be in both languages.

For court and administrative purposes the languages of the Province or area will be used in all public offices. It will be open, however, to any person having another language to submit petitions in his own language, which is officially recognised.

For All-India purposes there will be a state language in which the business of the Union will be conducted. That will be the language of correspondence with the Provincial and State Governments. All records of the Centre will be kept and maintained in that language. It will also serve as the language for inter-Provincial and inter-State commerce and correspondence.

During a period of transition which shall not exceed fifteen years, English may be used at the Centre and for inter-Provincial affairs provided that the state language will be progressively utilised until it replaces English.

RAJAJI ARRIVING IN CITY ON SUNDAY

BOMBAY, Aug. 5 (PTI)—India's Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari will arrive here on Sunday morning by the Frontier Mail to declare open the next day the new five-storeyed massive building of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, the biggest centre of art, culture and learning in Western India.

The building has been described by the Bhavan's founder-president Mr. K. M. Munshi as "a symbol of beauty in stone and cement, a centre for the institution's growing life."

In a foreword to an artistically printed souvenir, to be published on the occasion, Mr. Munshi states: "The Bhavan has now a place in which, if its members so choose, there can be reared a shrine of Saraswati—of learning and art—built on the sure foundation of ancient learning, but suited to the needs of new India, free and strong, which stabilises Asia today and aspires to build with other nations the happy world of tomorrow."

BIGGEST PUBLIC HALL IN CITY.

Except for the arts and science colleges, which will continue to remain at the Bhavan's premises at Andheri, the new building will house ten other institutions conducted by the Bhavan, including an Oriental College, a Music College, a post-graduate department for research, a public library, a museum and a Gita Academy. The building also has on the ground floor a public hall—the biggest in Bombay—to be named as the "Kanji Khetsey Sabha Griha."

SARDAR TO ARRIVE IN CITY TODAY

BOMBAY, Friday.

The arrival of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in the city tomorrow (Saturday) will be private. In view of his poor health and in order to avoid all strain, the time of his arrival is being kept secret.

Apart from his close relatives and medical attendants, only Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Home Minister will receive him at the air port.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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MATRIMONIAL

Suitable Hindu match for 18 years old, educated, most beautiful girl of respectable family from Multan. Persons highly placed in life only correspond to Box No 1012. Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a local High School, Teachers to teach English, Science, Maths., and Gujarati to topmost classes. Only experienced and trained or qualified persons need apply. Decent start with all the allowances. Those who can join immediately or, after a month or two should apply to Box No 1001 "Bombay Chronicle".

M. T. B. College, Surat:—Applications with testimonials stating age, experience, qualifications and minimum salary are invited for the post of a Lecturer or Professor of Mathematics, depending on qualifications, so as to reach the Principal by 20th August, 1949. 5348

Applications are invited for the post of (1) A House-Mother (Matron) in "Shreyas" Co-educational Progressive Boarding School), Shahibag, Ahmedabad. Qualified nurse without encumberances given preference Salary Rs. 100-10-130. E.B 10-200, with all found. (2) Applications are invited from men or women teachers to teach Gujerati and Hindi. Grade offered Rs 200-5-250. E B 10-300, E.B. 10-350. Graduates and Montessori Diplomists given preference. (3) Mechanical Instructor O M E. L E E. given preference. Grade Rs 150-10-200, E B 10-300 Accommodation and other conveniences given to all staff members Apply to the Secretary enclosing four annas stamps, with latest photograph, stating age qualifications experience, references, certificates and testimonials 5334

Large Cotton Mill in Up-country has the following vacancies for Senior men. Graduates, fully trained in their respective lines are invited to apply Long experience of working and of machine maintenance in all its aspects essential. Good remunerations offered (1) Carding and Spinning Master to take complete charges of the Spinning Mill from Blowing to Ring Frames including Doubling 2. Weaving Master to take complete charge of weaving Shed, including Winding Warping, Sizing, Weaving light and heavy sorts and calendering. Apply Box No 5332 "Bombay Chronicle". (5332)

Wanted:— Experienced and Energetic Canvassers to push on sales of our high quality Teas. Remuneration attractive. Loose also packets available at competitive rates For terms apply to The Bluehills Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam (Nilgris). (950)

SITUATION WANTED

A highly qualified gentleman having alround 18 years' business and administrative experience seeks responsible post in a big Firm. Industry or Estate. Offers to Box No. 1016 "Bombay Chronicle"

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management Charges Moderate. Phone No 12. Apply Manager 547

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Homoeopathy by post and subscribe for "Homoeopathy and Comparative Medicine" the most popular Homoeopathic monthly in India. For details apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. Also see our display advertisement on page 3 of this issue. 107A

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Potato Wafers Brand New, American make, latest model, automatic, A.C. Type, low consumption and high capacity Machine for slicing Potatoes and other Vegetables, Fruits, Meats and other Miscellaneous things for Commercial purposes together with another stainless steel adjustable potato slicer for frying purposes. No brokers only genuine buyers, who wish to start business on modern lines Apply Price Rs 6,250. No offers. Capt Shenoy, Nairvadi, opposite "Gandhigram" Juhu, Bombay 1010

(1) For Sale—Two 99/100 H. P Diesel Oil Engines by General Motor, 6 cylinder, two stroke, fitted with a Roots type blower, complete with steel frame fuel tank, radiator batteries, also fitted with Marine type clutch and generator to charge the batteries for starting purposes (2) One 47/52 H. P. Diesel Oil Engine by Blackstone, horizontal, single cylinder, 4-stroke cycle cold starting speed 315 R. P M. twin flywheel shaft extension and all other accessories. Unused in original packing. (3) One 42 H.P. Ruston & Hornsby Diesel Oil Engine horizontal, single cylinder, cold starting No. 243973, single flywheel 270 R P.M. Reconditioned and rebuilt in England. For further particulars and price apply to Messrs. D Kaght & Co., Ltd., 15 Clive Row, Calcutta 1. 5368

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS in prescribed forms will be received upto 31-8-49 from science Graduates for admission to 6 months' course of training in industrial uses of lac commencing on 1-10-49. Fees for the entire course: Rs. 25 for nominees in shellac trade and Rs. 150/- for others. For prospectus and application form write to the Director, Indian Lac Research Institute, Namkum, Ranchi, Bihar. (5375)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for Non-Gazetted posts of Technical Instructors (Civilian) in the Corps of Indian Signals from the nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by Domicile. Citizens of the Indian States or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to Indian Dominion are also eligible provided a declaration of eligibility is made in their favour by the Government of India.

Applications stating the following particulars should reach the Director of Signals, General Staff Branch, Army Headquarters, New Delhi before 15th August, 1949

1. Name and Address
2. Father's name
3. Date of birth
4. Domicile
5. Qualifications
6. Previous experience
7. Present appointment and salary drawn
8. Names (and addresses) of three persons holding responsible positions but NOT relations for references.

TENURE—On contract for 3 years, likely to be extended to 5 years at the discretion of the Government of India.

AGE LIMIT—NOT exceeding 45 years—relaxable by 5 years in the case of Scheduled Caste candidates.

PAY—Rs. 100-8-140-10-200-E B.-10-300 and in addition normal dearness allowance and compensatory allowance Higher pay may be given to the candidates with outstanding qualifications.

QUALIFICATIONS—B.Sc. degree in physics or equivalent, and with teaching experience. Preference will be given to candidates with experience in telecommunication engineering.

PROBATION —The candidates will be on probation for six months and they may be required to undergo a Short Course at JUBBULPORE or MHOW.

Candidates may be called upon to appear for a written test and interview before final selection at their own expense at JUBBULPORE or MHOW The selected candidates will be required to serve at JUBBULPORE or MHOW. 5378

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of policies numbered 590718- 19- 20- 21- 22, 735451- 52, 834771-72, 832803-4 on the life of Mr. Hatimbhai Nazarally Nasir Duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) L. S. VAIDYANATHAM
Manager.

Bombay, Dated this 6th day of August 1949. (1011)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH.
PURCHASE OF BERYL

The Government of India have decided to purchase all stocks of beryl now available with dealers or mine owners who should contact the undersigned regarding conditions of purchase immediately.

Under Section 3 of the Atomic Energy Act No. XXIX of 1948 Beryl is a 'prescribed substance' its export is not permitted and the stocks can be acquired compulsorily by the Government, if necessary.

S. S. BHATNAGAR,
Secretary.
Department of Scientific Research, New Delhi. 5280

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms Apply sharp to Mr G. S. Monga Post Box No. 119, Baroda 959

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted in unoccupied areas, Selling Agents for "Sarathi" buckets. Apply with details of experiences to—Shree Krishna Ltd.—Sales Office 20, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta—1. (1015)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Kill Lice With Lisoff Costing Rupee one Prepaid, Post Free From Post Bag 6644, Bombay 19, (Agents Wanted). (1017)

Epilepsy & Hysteria by smelling this wonderful herb when attacked by Fits, a black worm 1-1/4" long will come out with the sneeze of the patient. The patient will get a miraculous cure of the diseases for ever. Apply in English: Shri 103 Mahatma Sidh Baba, P. O. Nagod (Jubbulpore). (1013)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Cotton seed delinting machines, new or good secondhand. Sellers to please immediately write full details care Box No. 5382 "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING
PUBLIC NOTICE.
NEW "B" ROUTE LIMITED STOP SERVICE.

We take pleasure in announcing the opening of a new "B" Route Limited Stop Service which will commence from the 15th of August, 1949. The particulars of the Service are shown below:—

ROUTE:—From Ballard Estate to Hornby Vellard (Haji Ali) along the present "B" Route.

STOPPING STATIONS:—Ballard Estate, Flora Fountain, Churchgate Station, 1st Marine Street, Opera House, Nana's Chowk, Kemp's Corner, Warden Road Junction, Hornby Vellard (Haji Ali).

HEADWAY:—10 Minutes.

FIRST & LAST BUS.—

	A. M.		P. M.	
	First	Last.	First	Last.
Ex-Ballard Estate.	9-00	11-50	16-50	18-20
Ex-Hornby Vellard.	8-30	11-20	16-20	20-14
Colaba Bus Station.	——	——	19-10	20-47

NOTE:—Will run only on Week Days. NO SERVICE ON SUNDAYS. Evening Service on Saturdays from Colaba Bus Station.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager. 5356

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING.
PUBLIC NOTICE.
NEW "F" ROUTE LIMITED STOP SERVICE.

WE take pleasure in announcing the opening of a new "F" Route Limited Stop Service which will commence from the 15th of August, 1949. The particulars of the Service are shown below:—

ROUTE:—From Flora Fountain to Shivaji Park along the present "F" Route.

STOPPING STATIONS:—Flora Fountain, Metro, Opera House, Grant Road, Central Station, Byculla Bridge, Arthur Road, Lower Parel Railway Station, Sayani Road, Portuguese Church, Shivaji Park.

HEADWAY:— 13 Minutes.

FIRST & LAST BUS:—

	A. M.		P. M.	
	First	Last	First	Last
Ex-Flora Fountain	8.59	11.22	17.9	19.32
Ex-Shivaji Park	8.20	11.22	16.30	18.53

NOTE:—Will run only on week Days. NO SERVICE ON SUNDAYS.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN.
Traffic Manager. (5357)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING.
PUBLIC NOTICE.
ROUTE "G".

WE TAKE PLEASURE in announcing the opening of a New Service the Route "G" which will commence on Monday, the 15th of August, 1949 and operate between Sewree Factories and Worli D. D. Chawls as under:—

ROUTE:—From Sewree Factories, via Signal Hill Avenue, Reay Road Railway Station, Victoria Road, Byculla Station, Victoria Garden Road, Byculla Bridge, Haines Road, Jacob Circle, Haines Road, Worli Naka, Worli Chawls Road to Worli D. D. Chawls and return via the same route.

HEADWAY:—Every 10 minutes.

FIRST & LAST BUS:—

	First.	Last.
Sewree	6-00	19-52
Worli D. D. Chawls	6-00	19-20
Byculla Bridge	20-14	21-31

To run throughout the Week.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager. 5355

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING.
PUBLIC NOTICE
NEW "J" ROUTE LIMITED STOP SERVICE

WE TAKE PLEASURE in announcing the opening of a new "J" Route Limited Stop Service which will commence from the 15th of August. 1949. The particulars of the Service are shown below:—

ROUTE:—From Opera House to Sion along the following routes:—
From Opera House to Jacob Circle along the present "D" Route, from Jacob Circle to Worli Naka along the present "J" Route, from Worli Naka to Parbhadevi via Annie Besant Road, Parbhadevi to Sion along the present "J" Route.

STOPPING STATIONS:—Opera House, Grant Road, Bombay Central, Jacob Circle, Worli Naka, Fosters, Parbhadevi, Portuguese Church, Dadar T.T., King's Circle, Sion.

HEADWAY:—15 Minutes.

FIRST & LAST BUS:—

	A. M.		P.M.	
	First	Last	First	Last
Ex-Opera House	9.15	11.15	16.30	19.15
Ex-Sion.	8.30	12.00	16.30	20.00

NOTE:—Will run only on Week Days.

NO SERVICE ON SUNDAYS.
J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager. (5358)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING
PUBLIC NOTICE
EXTENSION OF "L" ROUTE

WE TAKE PLEASURE in announcing the Extension of our present "L" Route to Dhobi Talao on the West and to Carnac Bunder on the East. This extension will commence from the 15th of August, 1949. The particulars of the Service are shown below:—

ROUTE:—From Dhobi Talao to Carnac Bunder along the following Routes:—
From Dhobi Talao via Kalbadevi Road to Mumbadevi Temple via Mumbadevi Road and Musjid Bunder Road to Musjid Bunder Station, via Frere Road to Carnac Bunder.

STOPPING STATIONS:— All stops on the present "E" Route from Dhobi Talao to Mumbadevi, all Stops on the present "L" Route from Mumbadevi to Musjid Bunder Station. Two additional stops, one at the Junction of Musjid Bunder Road and Frere Road and the other at Carnac Bunder

HEADWAY: On Week Days 3 Minutes. On Sundays 10 Minutes.

FIRST & LAST BUS:—

	WEEK DAYS.		SUNDAYS.	
	First	Last.	First	Last.
Ex-Dhobi Talao.	7-00	21-00	8-00	20-15
Ex-Carnac Bunder.	7-24	21-20	8-25	20-35

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager. 5359

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division. II) Jamnagar House, Man Singh Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for fabrication of following sizes of tins on Government Tin Plant installed at Ghee Centre, Bangalore. Requisite quantities of tinplate will be made available to fabricators by Government, free of cost, from Ghee Centre, Bangalore. All other raw materials required for running the tinplant and also for fabrication of tins will be arranged by the tenderers at their own cost.

Quantity and size of tins to be fabricated.	Tender No.	Price per set of Tender Forms.
2,00,000 (Two lakhs) 2 gallon size tins.	E/28/2.	Rs. 7/- (Rupees seven only).
1,00,000 (One lakh) 4 gallon K.O. Type tins.	E/31/1.	Rs. 5/- (Rupees five only).

Tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 30th August '49 on tender forms (Not transferable) obtainable from his office up to 18th August, 1949 at above quoted prices (Not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender number and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers. (5361)

TRAINING SHIP "DUFFERIN"

APPLICATIONS for admission to the Executive Course commencing from February 1950 are invited from candidates between the ages of 15 years and 17 years on the 1st July 1949 who have passed the Matriculation Examination or an examination of a recognised University of a standard not lower than Matriculation with Mathematics.

NOTE:—Dufferin entry is confined to candidates for the Executive Course.

A Qualifying Examination in English, Mathematics including Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry & Elementary Trignometry, Geography and General Knowledge will be held in English in the last week of October 1949 at various centres in India. The successful candidates will be interviewed by the Governing Body in Bombay in THE FIRST WEEK OF FEBRUARY 1950. Applications on the prescribed form will be accepted upto the 15th September, 1949.

The Prospectus containing the OFFICIAL APPLICATION FORM and specimen examination papers can be obtained from the undersigned on prepayment of Re. 1/- by MONEY ORDER ONLY.

Secretary, Governing Body,
Training Ship "Dufferin",
Mazagaon Pier, Bombay 10.

(5120)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DIST. CONTROLLER 'Grainshops', G. I. P. Railway Bombay V T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form up to 3 p.m. on 12-8-49 for the supply of Ground Nut Oil to the Railway Grainshops in the Bombay Province. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office or from the Asst. Controller 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway at Poona.

QUANTITY REQUIRED IN BENGAL MDS.

1. Wadi Bandar	400
2. Thana	200
3. Kalyan	200
4. Karjat	50
5. Bhusaval	650
6. Manmad	250
7. Igatpuri	200
8. Lonavla	100
9. Dhond	200
10. Sholapur	200
11. Shahabad	100

(5346)

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites sealed tenders up to 15 hours (S.T.) on 5th September, 1949, for Earthwork in formation, masonry in bridges etc., for the construction of the new Down Main Line between Budni and Bsrkhera in Section No. 1 between Chaingages O (Budni Station) and 24,000.

The work involves considerable quantities of Earthwork in high embankments with material from burrow pits for which the use of earth-moving machinery is essential, and large quantities of excavation in rock requiring blasting. It may also be necessary to drive a single line tunnel about 1450 feet long in sand stone rock.

Form of Tender, Schedules of quantities and Conditions of contract can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 5/- per set. These sums will not be refunded. 5321

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Part-time Assistant Lecturer in German at the Karnatak College, Dharwar, on a fixed pay of Rs. 90/- per month plus dearness allowance admissible.

Qualifications: B.A. -I or M.A. -II. with German as the principal subject of a Statutory Indian or Foreign University. A person with experience of teaching the subject will be preferred.

Application form, etc., can be obtained from the Principal, Elphinstone College by sending a self-addressed envelope bearing two annas postage stamps. Applications must reach the Principal, Elphinstone College, Bombay 1, not later than 20th August, 1949. (5370)

THE SVADESHI MILLS CO. LTD.
NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Svadeshi Mills Co. Ltd., will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 29th August to SATURDAY, the 10th September, 1949 both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors.
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.,
Managing Agents.
T. V. BADDELEY,
Director.

Bombay, 1st August, 1949. (5373)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an INTERPRETER in the Legation of India in Portugal, Lisbon. This post has been sanctioned upto the 28th February, 1950, for the present but is likely to be extended. The candidates must possess thorough knowledge of Portuguese and English languages and should be able to interpret freely in both languages and translate from one to the other. Knowledge of French and other European languages will be considered as an additional qualification. Preference will be given to Indians. A candidate should be between 25 and 45 years of age. These limits can be relaxed in special cases. The post carries the following emoluments:—

(i) PAY Rs. 250-10-300-15-450-25/2/500 p.m. (initial pay upto Rs. 300/- according to qualifications and experience).

(ii) FOREIGN ALLOWANCE Rs. 450/- p.m. if married and Rs. 350/- p.m. if unmarried. (Provisional subject to revision).

(iii) INITIAL OUTFIT ALLOWANCE Rs. 1200/- if married and accompanied by family, and Rs. 600/- if otherwise, subject to proportionate refund if service is relinquished within two years.

(iv) FREE ACCOMMODATION plainly furnished and until such accommodations is provided, free lodging (exclusive of board)) in a hotel suitable to status.

(v) FREE RAIL-CUM-SEA PASSAGE from India to Lisbon of the appropriate class.

(vi) MEDICAL ATTENDANCE and treatment under the rules in force for the Embassy staff.

The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. His appointment will be terminable on a month's notice on either side. Applications stating age, nationality, experience and qualification with copies of testimonials should addressed to the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs, New Delhi. Candidates already in Government service should send their applications through proper channel. The last date for the receipt of applications is the 20th August, 1949. 5364

PUBLIC NOTICES

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Chief Officer in the Agricultural Credit Department of the Bank in Bombay in the scale of Rs. 1,200-75-1,500. A higher starting salary or a higher scale of pay may be given to a candidate possessing special qualifications and experience.

2. The selected candidate will be eligible for the following allowances:—
(a) HOUSE ALLOWANCE:— 15 p.c. of pay with a maximum of Rs. 300/- per mensem.
(b) DEARNESS ALLOWANCE:— 12½ p.c. of pay with a minimum of Rs. 175/- per mensem. (The rate of Dearness Allowance is subject to revision from time to time)
(c) LOCAL ALLOWANCE:— 10 p.c. of pay.

3. QUALIFICATIONS: — Candidate should possess high academic qualifications of Indian or Foreign Universities and should have made special study of Agricultural Economics and Co-operation. He should also possess considerable practical experience of the working of the co-operative movement and rural, conditions and should be holding or should have held a position of responsibility in the Co-operative Department.

4. The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of six months.

5. Applications must give full particulars of age, academic record and practical experience including research or other work done and must be accompanied by testimonials and the names of 3 persons to whom references regarding the candidate's character and integrity may be made. Applications should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Recruitment Board, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, Post Box 406, Bombay No. 1 and must reach him not later than 26th August 1949. A remittance of Rs. 5/- by money order, postal order or Bank draft on a scheduled Bank in Bombay should be sent with the application. Bona fide refugee candidates applying through any of the Regional Directorates of Resettlement and Employment or Employment Exchanges set up by the Ministry of Labour in various parts of India or through the Special Employment Bureau, New Delhi are exempted from payment of application fee. Applications from candidates already in service must be forwarded through the Head of the Institution in which the candidate is serving.

6. The successful candidate will be required to accept the Bank's Staff Regulations, copies of which will be supplied to him on selection, and to subscribe to the Bank's Provident and Guarantee Funds.

7. The appointment of the candidate will be subject to his being found medically fit for service in the Bank and he will, therefore, be required to undergo a medical examination before appointment in the Bank.

8. If any candidate desires to have his application acknowledged he should send it by "Registered Post Acknowledgment Due". Apart from those who may be specially called, interviews will not be granted to candidates nor will the Bank enter into correspondence with them and CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WLL BE REGARDED AS A DISQUALIFICATION.

9. Selected candidates from outstations will be required to present themselves for interview in Bombay and will be paid railway fare at single Class I rates from and to their place of residence. No other allowance will be paid by the Bank. (5268)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of various used articles from The India United Mills Ltd., No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, which will be received up to 18-8-1949 at the registered office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender Forms can be obtained from this office. 5351

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
PUBLIC NOTICE

Subject:— INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATIONS.

THE PUBLIC are hereby warned that no arcades or arches should be erected in any street in connection with the "Independence Day Celebrations" without written permission of the undersigned (as provided in Section 322 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act).

Permission for erecting arcades, arches or posts, etc. on roads will be granted free of charge for the 15th inst. on application to the Special Engineer on receipt of an undertaking that the arcades or arches erected will be removed immediately after the festival, and the roads reinstated to their original condition to the satisfaction of the Special Engineer.

The work of erecting arches etc. should be done in consultation with the Municipal Engineer (Road Department) of the Ward concerned.

N. V. MODAK
Special Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay 19th July, 1949. 5352

CUMMINS DIESEL ENGINES

BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD. are the Exclusive Distributors for the whole of India for the complete range of CUMMINS DIESEL ENGINES and genuine CUMMINS SPARE PARTS. Please send your enquiries and orders to BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD., P. O. Box 8954, Calcutta.

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COM MISSION.
Advertisement No. 47

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No 186, New Delhi When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs 7 8- (Rs 1 14 for Scheduled Caste candidates) 3RD SEPTEMBER, 1949. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at New Delhi Post Office The Commission may, at their discretion remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee Cheques or Money Orders not accepted SEPARATE APPLICATION WITH SEPARATE FEE REQUIRED FOR EACH POST Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. ONE TEMPORARY SENIOR RESEARCH OFFICER, (CHEMIST), CHEMISTRY AND MINOR FOREST PRODUCTS BRANCH, FOREST RESEARCH INSTITUTE, DEHRA DUN, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. AGE: Below 40 years PAY:— Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150 QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Ph D. or D. Sc. in Organic Chemistry (ii) Ten years' research experience with established reputation in research backed by several publications of high order on the chemistry of plant products, preferably drugs, carbo-hydrates or essential oils. (iii) Knowledge of German and or French.

2. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT SOIL SCIENTIST, MADRAS FOREST COLLEGE, COIMBATORE, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AGE — Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants upto 45 years. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500- E B. -30- 650- 30- 800 Higher initial pay up to Rs. 400/- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL— Degree in Agricultural Chemistry or M.Sc degree in Chemistry, preferably Physical Chemistry, with at least 5 years' research experience in Soil Science DESIRABLE —Research in Forest Soils.

3 ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT ENTOMOLOGIST AT THE MADRAS FOREST COLLEGE, COIMBATORE, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AGE:— Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants up to 45 years. PAY:— Rs. 275- 25- 500-E.B.-30-650- 30- 800. Higher initial pay up to Rs 400/- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL: Degree in Natural Science with Zoology as a major subject at a recognised University with a degree or diploma in Forestry, OR Degree in Natural Science with Zoology as a major subject with at least 3 years' post-graduate research of high merit in Entomology. DESIRABLE— (i) At least three years' experience in the control of forest and timber insect pests. (ii) Ability to read French and German.

4. ONE TEMPORARY APPRENTICE (JUNIOR RESEARCH OFFICER), WOOD WORKING AND TIMBER MECHANICS BRANCH, FOREST RESEARCH INSTITUTE, DEHRA DUN, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. AGE: Below 35 years. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E B. -30-650- 30- 800. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Degree in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University or equivalent. (ii) Three years' experience after graduation in a mechanical workshop, preferably a sawmill or woodworking factory.

5. ONE PERMANENT CONTROLLER OF RADIO CONSTRUCTION, CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT, MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. AGE: No age limits PAY: Rs. 1000-50-1400. QUALIFICATIONS: (i) A degree in Electrical Engineering of a recognised University or its equivalent (ii) Thorough knowledge of radio and ancillary equipment including power supplies in Aeronautical Communications and experience in installation, maintenance, overhaul, and testing of Radio and Radar transmitting/receiving equipments. (iii) Experience in planning and administering a workshop. (iv) Thorough knowledge of Workshop practice including machine tools and lathes

6. THREE TEMPORARY AERONAUTICAL INSPECTION SERVICE (ARMAMENT) OFFICERS IN THE R.I.A.F., MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. Posts temporary for a period of 2 years unless extended by mutual agreement. AGE: Below 28 years Age limits will be strictly adhered to. PAY: Rs 350 - p.m. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL Intermediate Science who has successfully completed the recognised Apprenticeship Course of Training in Armaments, or Explosives, in a Government Ordnance Factory in India or abroad. OR Should be at least a second class graduate in Science in any two of the following three subjects:— (i) Physics. (ii) Chemistry and (iii) Mathematics with experience in Chemical Engineering or Explosives, or Armaments DESIRABLE: Experience in Mechanical, Aeronautical or Electrical Engineering.

7 ONE PRINCIPAL, LAWRENCE SCHOOL, LOVEDALE, NILGIRIS, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. Post permanent but appointment will be made for five years on contract in the first instance AGE:— Below 45 years Relaxable for Government servants PAY:— Rs. 800- 40- 1000-50-1250 Higher initial pay up to Rs 1000 - p.m may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. The officer selected will be provided with a free house in the estate attached to the school. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) At least a Second Class Master's Degree of an Indian University or at least a second Class Honours Degree of a foreign University. (ii) Teaching experience in a Public School for at least five years of which at least three years must have been in an administrative capacity either as Head of the School or as a House Master. DESIRABLE: (i) Degree or Diploma in teaching of a recognised University. (ii) Proficiency in games. (iii) Interest in Fine Arts, like Music Dramatics or Painting.

8. 6 ASSISTANT INFORMATION OFFICERS, MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS. (EXTERNAL PUBLICITY DIVISION) Posts temporary but some are likely to be made permanent. AGE: Between 25 and 35 years. PAY: Rs. 350- 25- 500- 30-620. NOTE I. In the case of the London post the initial pay will be Rs. 500 - in the scale.

If posted abroad, foreign allowances sanctioned for the post in the foreign station concerned will also be granted. NOTE II:— If posted abroad the officer will be provided with free furnished accommodation or house rent in lieu thereof as sanctioned by the Government. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) Degree of a recognised University with good academic record and wide general knowledge of current affairs, Indian and international. (ii) Experience (preferably for two consecutive years) in an English Newspaper or News agency office as a sub-editor or assistant editor or reporter or as a correspondent of a newspaper or journal, or experience in an official publicity organisation. NOTE: FOR ONE POST:— Experience in the compilation and production of weekly magazines (preferably illustrated) and in photographic layout and photofeatures is essential. DESIRABLE: (i) Experience of writing feature articles and/or production of pamphlets. (ii) Experience of public relations work or work in an executive capacity in an official publicity organisation. (iii) Knowledge of foreign languages and travel abroad. NOTE: Candidates should submit cuttings from Newspapers or magazines, or their published articles preferably signed.

9. ONE TRANSLATOR-INTERPRETER (GERMAN), UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS. Post temporary but likely to continue for a considerable period. AGE: Below 40 years. PAY:— Rs. 250- 10- 300- 15-450-25 2-500. QUALIFICATIONS: Essential— (i) Degree of a recognised University. (ii) Thorough knowledge of German language, as spoken and written. DESIRABLE— Experience of interpretation of conversations and translation of documents from English into German and vice-versa.

10. ONE TEMPORARY DEPUTY DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING) UNDER THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. AGE: Between 35 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 600- 40- 1000- 1000- 1050- 1050-1100- 1100- 1150. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) Must have a first class Engineering Degree or Diploma which entitles exemption from sections 'A' & 'B' of A. M. I. Mech. Examination, London or the Institute of Engineers (India). This may be relaxed if the candidate is otherwise highly suitable. (ii) At least 7 years' engineering experience inclusive of (a) 2 years experience in a junior administrative technical post and (b) 3 years' contact with engineering industry.

11. RECRUITMENT OF ONE ASSISTANT DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (GRADE II) (GENERAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING), UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. Post temporary and likely to continue for a considerable period. AGE:— Between 28 and 35 years. PAY:— Rs. 325- 25- 500- 30-590. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) Science or Engineering degree in Electrical subjects with working knowledge of Mechanical Engineering or of workshop practice. (ii) At least three years' practical experience in industry. DESIRABLE:— Experience of the production of electrical goods. Relaxable for Government servants.

12. ONE FOREMAN (DRAWING OFFICE AND TECHNICAL RECORDS) IN THE FERTILIZER PROJECT, SINDRI, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. POST TEMPORARY ON AGREEMENT BASIS FOR 3 TO 5 YEARS mutually extendable. AGE:— Not below 30 years. PAY:— Rs. 400- 15- 475-E. B. -25/5-500. Higher initial pay may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. Rent-free unfurnished quarters will be provided. QUALIFICATIONS: (i) Degree in Engineering of a recognised University or equivalent qualification which may be relaxed in the case of candidates with wide experience. (ii) Regular training as a draftsman. (iii) at least ten years' experience in the drawing office of a large industrial installation, ordnance factory, or railway workshop; of this period not less than three years must have been in the grade of a senior draftsman. (iv) Ability to prepare designs for plant and modifications to plant from rough sketches, calculating the stresses and working loads where such factors are involved. (v) Ability to maintain the technical records and plans of a large industrial plant.

CORRIGENDUM

ONE ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER IN THE MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENT OFFICE, CALCUTTA, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. In partial modification of item 3 of the Commission's Advertisement No. 40 which appeared on the 25th June, 1949, it is notified for general information that the age limits for the post have been amended to read as follows:— Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. Closing date extended from 23RD JULY, 1949 to 20TH AUGUST, 1949. 5342

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.
WANTED.

WANTED fully qualified and experienced ASSISTANT BUS DRIVING INSTRUCTOR. Must be a first class driver with engineering knowledge and capable of teaching and training drivers. Height not less than 5 feet 6 inches. Must be able to speak Hindustani, Marathi and English fluently. Age between 30-40. Salary Rs. 135-5-150 plus Dearness Allowance according to Textile Scale. Provident Fund and other benefits. Apply stating full qualifications in writing only to:—

J. R. TALEYARKHAN.
Traffic Manager

(5376)

NOTICE
BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING TENDERS are invited for the supply, fabrication and erection of the steel framework for two buildings at Bellasis and Club Roads. Copy of specifications & drawings can be obtained from the office of the Planning Engineer at Electric House on payment of Rs. 10/- per set. 5377

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1191 of 1944

SHAH BEGUM daughter of Ismail Hoosein Nensey and another ..Plaintiffs.

Versus

KHATIZABAI, widow of Ismail Hoosein Nensey and others .. .... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Preliminary Administration Decree of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit and bearing date the Fifth day of January, 1949, Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Ismail Hoosein Nensey deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the Second Day of September, 1944, are hereby required to file Affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my Office within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Affidavit of each claim must be accompanied by a Court-fee Stamp of Rupees Two for filing the same. I hereby request all persons concerned to attend me at my Office on the Twentieth day of September, 1949, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) for adjudicating upon the said claims. In default of appearance the claims will be dealt with ex-parte.

Dated this 29th day of July, 1949
(Sd|.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner.

5353

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 885 of 1949

(1) Narayandas Lachhiminarayan, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Thakurdwar Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, (2) Sitaram Mahadeo Choudhuri, of Poona Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 227, Ravivar Peth in Poona City, outside Bombay, on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Hindu community excepting the Defendants and all beneficiaries of the Trust declared and made by one Parwatibai, wife of Khemraj Shrikisondas on or about 1st October 1918... ....
Plaintiffs.

versus

(1) Thakoredevi, widow of Shrinivas Khemraj, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Khetwadi Back Road outside the Fort of Bombay. (2) Kamlabai, wife of Keshavdeo Ramgopal of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sagar Villas, Chowpatti, outside the Fort of Bombay. (3) Rao Saheb Rangnath Khemraj, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Khetwadi Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. (4) Jainarayan Sagarmal, of Sahebganj Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sahebganj in Santhal Pargana in the Province of Bihar. (5) Dwarkadas Gordhandas, (6) Dwarkadas Velji (7) Ramdas Vithaldas, (8) Manji Vithaldas, (9) Gokuldas Vassanji, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, Trustees of Jhaverbai Purshottam Charity Trust, having their office at Sheikh Memon Street, outside the Fort of Bombay. (10) Narandas Devraj, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at outside the Fort of Bombay. (11) Kamlabai Ramnarayan, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at 19 and 21 Vithalwadi, outside the Fort of Bombay and (12) Murlidhar Shrinivas, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Khetwadi Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ... ... Defendants.

To,

The Members of the Hindu Community.

Notice under O.I. Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Covajee on the 1st day of July, 1949, Notice is hereby given that the Plaintiffs abovenamed have been given leave under O. I. Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure to institute the above suit in this Honourable Court on behalf of themselves and all other members of Hindu Community excepting the Defendants and also the beneficiaries of a Trust declared and made by one Parwatibai, wife of Seth Khemraj Shrikishandas, referred to in the Plaint herein for the following declaration:—

(a) That it may be declared that the property described in Ex. B to the Plaint belongs to the said Parwatibai Charitable Trust;

(b) That it may be declared that the Indenture of Mortgage dated 2nd November 1943 executed by the 1st Defendant in favour of the 10th Defendant and the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage dated 9th November 1945 executed in favour of Defendants 5, 6 7, 8 and 9 and all other alienations and dealings including the said alienation in favour of the said Shri Khemraj Shrikissondas Charity Trust are void, inoperative and not binding on the said Parwatibai Charitable Trust;

(c) That it may be declared that the said Parwatibai Charitable Trust is entitled to follow the said property at Khetwadi Back Road in the hands of all the alieness including the said Shri Khemraj Shrikissondas Charity Trust and the Trustees thereof;

(d) That the Defendants or such of them as are in possession of the said Khetwadi Back Road property may be ordered to hand over possession thereof to an officer of this Hon'ble Court pending appointment of Trustees of the said Parwatibai Charitable Trust;

(e) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the Court Receiver may be appointed Receiver to take charge of the said property at Khetwadi Back Road with all Powers under Order 40 Rule 1 of the Code of Civil Procedure and with other necessary powers as to this Hon'ble Court may seem proper;

(f) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit, the Defendants, their servants and agents be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Honourable Court from in any way dealing with or disposing of or from completing the sale referred to in paragraph 22 hereof;

(g) That the Defendants or any one or more of them be ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs the costs of the suit;

(h) That the Plaintiffs may have such further and other relief as the nature of the case may require.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 12th day of September, 1949.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1949.

(Sd/-)
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd) A. R. NARAYAN AYYER,

The 25th day of July, 1949.
Messrs. BENJAMIN & CO.
Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
Advertisement No. 48.

APPLICATIONS invited for selection of (1) ONE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER (2) THREE DIVISIONAL AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERS (3) FIVE ASSISTANT MECHANICAL ENGINEERS AND (4) TWO ASSISTANT ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS FOR THE CENTRAL TRACTOR ORGANIZATION, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Candidates applying from outside India should deposit the fees with the High Commissioner for India or the Indian Ambassador or the Government of India's Agent as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. The Commission may at their discretion remit the application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so. Upper age limit relaxable by three years for Scheduled Castes candidates. For others, age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Applications on plain paper accompanied by a Treasury Receipt or a Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7-8|- (Rs. 1-14|- for Scheduled Caste candidates) and giving the undermentioned particulars should reach the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi, before the 20th August, 1949. The Postal Order should be marked payable to the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at the New Delhi Post Office. 1. Name of the post for which applying. 2. Name and Address. 3. Fother's Name. 4. Date and place of birth. 5. Domicile. 6. Qualifications. 7. Previous Experience. 8. Full details (with dates and salary drawn) of the previous employment if any. 9. Names (with addresses) of 3 persons as references. They should be holders of responsible positions but must not be relations. Separate application with separate fee required for each post. Posts temporary for five years and not likely to be retained on a permanent basis. Appointments are terminable at any time during the probationary period and with one month's notice on either side thereafter. Selected candidates to join duty immediately after selection and will be required to serve anywhere in India. Probationary period six months. Posts non-pensionable but a government servant entitled to pensionary benefits will retain them if selected for appointment. One post of Divisional Agricultural Engineer and one post of Assistant Mechanical Engineer reserved for Scheduled Caste candidates but will be treated as unreserved if no such suitable candidates are forthcoming. AGE:—FOR (1) AND (2):—Below 45 years. FOR (3) & 4:—Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY:—FOR (1):—Rs. 1000-50-1300-60-1600. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 1300|- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. FOR (2):—Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150. Higher initial pay upto Rs. 1000|- p.m. may be granted to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. FOR (3) & (4):—Rs. 275-25-500-30-650-E. B.-30-800. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 500|- P.M. may be granted to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. Note:—The pay of persons already in permanent Government service, if selected, will be regulated under the Fundamental Rules. QUALIFICATIONS:—FOR (1):—ESSENTIAL (i) A highly qualified Mechanical Engineer who has specialised in diesel engines. (ii) Practical experience for at least 5 years in the repairs and maintenance of diesel-engined crawler tractors or tank and heavy mobile equipment such as prime movers, trucks, etc. DESIRABLE:— (i) Experience of using and maintaining earth moving equipment such as dozers, rippers, root cutters, etc. (ii) Practical experience of operating agricultural machinery particularly heavy ploughs. FOR (2):—ESSENTIAL—(i) A degree in Mechanical or Agricultural Engineering or its equivalent. (ii) Good working knowledge of tractors and tractor operated agricultural machinery such as ploughs, dozers, etc. DESIRABLE:—Practical field experience of operating heavy diesel crawler tractors. FOR (3):—ESSENTIAL—(i) A degree or diploma in Mechanical Engineering or its equivalent. (ii) General Mechanical Workshop training in machine tools, forging and foundry work extending over a period of one year. DESIRABLE—Special knowledge of forging or foundry work or operation of machine tools. FOR (4):—ESSENTIAL—(i) A degree or diploma in Electrical Engineering or its equivalent. (ii) Practical experience in the operation and maintenance of generators and motors for at least one year. DESIRABLE:—Practical experience in the repair of motors, generators, magnetos and automobile electric equipment.

(5381)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.
Estate of JAMSHED KHODADAD IRANI (Major V. D.) deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Jamshed Khodadad Irani (Major V. D.), late of Poona and Bombay Irani Inhabitant who died at Poona on 20th June, 1948 and Probate of whose Will having effect throughout the Province of Bombay was granted by the High Court of Bombay on 29th July, 1949, to Mr. Dinshaw Jamshed Irani and Mr. Khodadad Gustad Irani are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the office of their attorneys Messrs. Romer Dadachanji Sethna & Co. at 14K, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within one Calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognised.

And all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and/or to deliver up the said securities or property as the case may be to the said Executors at their Attorneys address as aforesaid.

Dated this 3rd day of August, 1949.

ROMER DADACHANJI SETHNA & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors,
14K, Hamam Street, Fort,
Bombay.

5372

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
I. C. No. 36 of 1949.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913
And
In the matter of AMBICA AIR LINES LTD.
(In Liquidation)

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are hereby required on or before 3rd September, 1949 to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts and claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys, if any, to the undersigned, or if so required, by Notice in writing from the Official Liquidator or any person or by their attorneys to come and prove the said debts and claims and at such time as shall be specified in such Notice or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts and claims are proved.

Dated this 3rd day of August, 1949.

R. MATHALONE,
Official Liquidator.
High Court Annexe.
Bombay.

N.B.—Claims should be made on an affidavit affirmed before an Officer of the Court duly empowered to administer Oaths and affirmed with proper Court fee stamps

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AUCTION SALES

BONA FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE tomorrow (Sunday) at 10-30 A.M. Property of S. Miller, Esqr., and others at Seth Babulal Mansion Chowpatty sea face of complete household and office furniture, steel almirah, safe, typewriter, sewing machine, Elec. fan, wall clock, partition, dining, roll top writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, travelling fol. Chesterfield, almirah bed, H.M.V. port. Gramophone. (S. Tax) T. 40213.
EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE of 6 Norton, 2 B. S. A., 3 Norman and 1 Scott MOTOR CYCLES on THURSDAY, 18-8-49 at 11 A.M. (S. T.) at Motor Transport Section compound. Shepherd Road, Byculla, by order of the Commissioner of Police Bombay. Terms Cash.
BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD MODERN highclass furniture including glassdoor cupboards, 1 steel Godrej 40" Safe with glassdoor Cupboard, and stand, glass-top dining table, revolving chair, H.M.V. gramophone with 100 Records, modern bedsteads Refrigerator, Table Fan, etc. on TUESDAY, 9th Inst. at 12-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our Rooms property of a private gentleman.
Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT DADY SETH AGIARY, LANE, GIRGAUM.

M|s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M|s Wadia Ghandy & Co. Attorneys for M|s Savalal Jamnadas and Ors. 2nd Mortgagees and on a|c and at risk of Mukundrai Purshottamdas Hurji, mortgagor, pursuant to power of sale reserved to mortgagees under Mortgage of 20-12-48 but subject to First Mortgage of 1-9-48, sell by Public Auction on Monday 22nd Inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) undermentioned property on premises.

All that piece of Pension and Tax land with dwelling house on southern side of Dady Seth Agiary lane, admeasuring 471 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts bearing New No. 346, New Survey No. 241, C.S. No. 1948 of Bhuleshwar Division, Municipal C Ward No. 3954 and 57(2) street No. 137 141.

For particulars apply to M|s Wadia Ghandi & Co., Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BHULESHWAR NEAR KABUTAR KHANA.

M|s GANDHI & CO will under instructions from M|s Minocheher Hiralal & Co. Attorneys for M|s Dayalji Ranchhoddas and Anr 2nd Mortgagees, and on A|c and at risk of Chaturbhai Mangalbhai Patel, Shantilal Nagindas Marfatia, Goswami Shri Ratnaprabha Vahuji Maharaj and Shri Haripriya Bettiji the mortgagors, (The Trustees of the Idol and Deity of Shri Thakurji) and Goswami Shri Vallabhlalji Shri Ranchhodlalji Maharaj, pursuant to power of sale reserved to mortgagees under Mortgage dated 25-7-47, but subject to First Mortgage, sell by Public Auction undermentioned property on Friday 19th Inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on premises.

All that piece of Pension and tax land cess whereon has been redeemed at Bhuleshwar admeasuring 3355.47 sq. yds. or thereabouts, exclusive of area of temple bearing New Nos. 1234, 2880, New Survey No. 509.609, C.S. No. 2844 of Bhuleshwar Division, C Ward Nos. 5117, 18, 19(2), 20, 21, 22(1) 22(2), 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 29, 30, 31 to 33(1) 5133(2), 34, 35 38 39, Street Nos. 142N, 142M, 142K, 142J, 13, 142F, 9 142 D 142 H, 7-8-142 E, 142G 412A, 142B, 142A, 142B, 166 to 174, 182, 184 with dwelling house and with right of way along the passage over the piece of land at Panjrapole Road, admeasuring 155 sq. yds., bearing C.S. No. 2846 of Bhuleshwar Division, New Survey No. 609 C Ward Nos. 5117, 5131 Street Nos. 211-217 which premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the mortgagor.

For particulars apply to M|s Minocheher Hiralal & Co., Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

THE HAVAN CEREMONY

of the RUDRA YAG started since 25th June, 1949 and conducted by Pandit VISWANATH SUKUL, TANTRIK, will take place today, 6th August 1949 at

RAM BAUG LAXMINARAYAN LANE, MATUNGA (G.I.P.)
at 3-00 p. m. (S.T.)

Mukadam Ranchhoddas Pragji, the sponsor, cordially invites you all to attend the function and make it a success.

USE
MADRAS SNUFF
AND
PARIMAL OF HIGH QUALITY
Manufactured by:—
T. GOVINDASAWMY NAIDU & CO.,
Choolai, MADRAS, 7.

STUDY HOMOEOPATHY

(i) Study and practise the harmless system of Homoeopathy and subscribe for "HOMOEOPATHY & COMPARATIVE MEDICINE", the most popular Homoeopathic Monthly in India. Homoeopathy is easily learnt and practised unlike Allopathy and Ayurveda. It is the only system suited for SOCIAL MEDICAL EDUCATION.

(ii) Dr. Hahnemann, the founder of Homoeopathy said, "A six months' course will be sufficient to enable any intelligent mind to grasp the principles of the Homoeopathic law of cure". Our correspondence course demonstrates the truth of these words. Scholarships and free Medicine Chests are offered to the deserving.

A Member of the Mission

For prospectus apply to:—
THE GRACE MEDICAL MISSION, Mavelikara (P.O.), Travancore.

AUCTION SALES

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES. AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT CHINCHPOKLI, ARTHUR ROAD AND KALACHOWKIE ROAD.

Messrs GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas & Madgavkar Attorneys for Bai Janbai widow of Sheth Hansraj Visanji the Transferees of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of Allihussein Abdulhussein the Mortgagor, in pursuance of power of sale reserved to the Transferees of Mortgage under an Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage dated 16th January 1947 sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY 11-8-49 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned very valuable immovable properties on the premises.

SCHEDULES

FIRSTLY—All that piece of Foras land now redeemed together with dwelling houses at Chinchpokli Arthur Road, admeasuring 13972 square yards or thereabouts (found according to the Cadastral Survey to contain 14096 square yds bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 1A 782, 20783, 784 785 and 786 of Mazagaon Division 13 (E) Ward No. 8361, Street No. 352A part of 13 (E) Ward No. 8362 (2) Street Nos. 293 and 309 A part of 13 (E) Ward No. 7360 (2) Street 307 a part of 13 (E) Ward No. 7358 (1) Street No. 57E Ward No. 7362 (1) Street No. 41, B E Ward No. 7362 (1) Street No. 45 A C E Ward No. 7362 (2) Street No. 45 D E Ward No. 7360 (1a) Street No. 43 E Ward No. 7360 (1aa) Street No. 43 A. E Ward No. 7360 (1G) Street No. 45 E Ward No. 7358 (2) Street No. 307B E Ward No. 7360 (1AAB) Street 39A part of E Ward No. 7362 (4) Street No. 41 A. E Ward No. 7362 (4A) Street No. 41AA. E Ward No. 7362 (4B) Street No. 41 A F E Ward No. 7362 (5) Street No. 43 A. E Ward No. 7359 (1) Street No. 45 E E Ward No. 7359 (1A) Street No. 45EF E Ward No. 7359 (2) Street No. 45 F. E Ward No. 7360 (4) and 7361 (1--2) Street No. 7362 (1) Street No. 4AA.

SECONDLY—All that piece of Redeemed Foras land with buildings at Kalachowkey Road fronting the South side of the said Road Containing by admeasurement 1459 2 9th square yards or thereabouts and forming part of little more or less (found according to the Cadastral Survey No. containing 1462 New Survey Nos. 2 2520 2 2521, 1 3437 1 2704, 1 2699, 2 2522 3 2521 and Cadastral Survey No. 787 of Mazagaon Division and bearing 13(E) Ward No. 8362 (1) Street Nos. 311 and 333 E Ward No. 8361 Street No. 325A (part of E Ward No. 7360 (2) Street No. 307A (part of).

THIRDLY—All that piece of Foras land Redeemed with dwelling house at Chinchpokly Arthur Road, admeasuring 1500 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of a larger piece of land registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under New Nos. 12000, 12001 and 12731 and New Survey No. 1 7612 and Cadastral Survey No. 783 of Mazagaon Division and are now assessed by the Assesser and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under (13E) Ward No. 7360(1) Street No. 41E Ward No. 7360 (1B) Street No. 39 and E Ward No. 7360 (1AB) Street No. 39A (part of).

For further particulars apply to Messrs Thakordas & Madgavkar, Solicitors at Fort Chambers, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO

UNDOUBTEDLY

THE BEST

PICTURE IN TOWN
NEW THEATRES
&
India's Finest
Cultural Film!

Chhota Bhai

MOLINA, SHAKOOR,
PALMABENDRA

11th Big Week at MINERVA

3-30, 6-30, 9-30, Sun. Mon. at 12-30
(Adv. Bkg.: 10 to 12)

THE PICTURE WHICH MADE THE
SILVER JUBILEE
ALL OVER INDIA.

GEMINI'S
CHANDRALEKHA

Now showing in its
27th WEEK at:—
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 3 SHOWS:
2-30, 6-00 & 9-30 p.m.

Also at:
CITY LIGHT
(MATUNGA)
DAILY 4 SHOWS:
11-45 a.m., 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

Commencing 11th August, 1949
TALK OF THE TOWN
SURAIYA'S
ONE MORE JEWEL
'LEKH'
EXCELSIOR
PALACE—RIVOLI

Close on the heels of other Suraiya Hits which have swept and stormed Bombay into a rage of anticipation comes this new picture LEKH A superb drama written in passionate blood through which a delicate romance is woven like a rare thread in Persian tapestry of ancient days. Co-starring are Motilal and Sitara whose glamour and dances produce heart throbs to millions of Picture-goers.

"LEKH" comes to you packed with great suspense and music is rare.

Advance Booking —

EXCELSIOR 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7 p.m.
PALACE & RIVOLI 10 to 2 & 4 to 6-30 p.m.

The KING OF TRUTH
Arrives Today
at DADAR
"SATYAVADI RAJA
HARISCHANDRA"
VISHNU'S Stupendous
MYTHOLOGICAL Hit with
RANI PREMLATA
Directed by DHIRU DESAI
PLAZA
DADAR
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Sun Holidays 12-30 Matinee
It's of course 'PRATIBHA' Release in Gujarati

"The Northern Lights Of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily 3-30 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
CHARLES DICKENS' Best-Loved Novel is brought to life in all its tender emotions!
"OLIVER TWIST"
Starring
Robert Newton, Francis L. Sullivan, John Howard Davies as "Oliver Twist".

Tomorrow Morning At 10-30 A.M.
LAUREL & HARDY in
"THE BIG NOISE"

PALACE
DAILY AT: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 P.M.

The screen's most Breath-Taking Spectacle of a Milestone in the World of International Sport!
"OLYMPIAD XIV"
Filmed In Technicolor!
Never before such an awe-inspiring vivid spectacle!

Tomorrow Morning At 10-30 A.M.
LAUREL & HARDY in
"THE BOHEMIAN GIRL"

NEPTUNE
opp Bandra Station Phone: 89419
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 & 9-30
Matinee: Sun, Mon. 1 P.M.
New Showing! Prakash Picture
GUNGHAT
NIRMALA, ARUN

HIND-MATA
— — — PAREL — — —
Daily: 3, 6-15, & 9-30 P.M.
Matinee Sat., Sun., Holi. 12 P.M.
10th Week! AINA PICTURE
GRAHASTI
Sulochana Chatterji, Kuldip, Yakoob
Sunday Morn. 9-30 A.M.
CISKO KID RETURNS
Monday Morn, 9-30 A.M.
ADVENTURE ISLAND

10TH Combined WEEK VISHNU'S
EVEN GODS were envious of his FAME born of Sons of Service

भक्त पुंडलिक विष्णु चित्र

Direction: DHIRUBHAI DESAI
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
MAJESTIC Mat. Sun., Mon. 12-30.
Also at KURLA
EDWARD Bharat Chitra Mandir.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Shud 13, 2006.
Muslim: Savval 10, 1368.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 8, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-17 a.m. Sunset: 7-12 p.m.
Hightide: 11-04, 23-34.
Lowtide: 03-56, 17-20.

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY: Meeting to protest against Government policy regarding art at 5-30, at 6 Rampart Row, Fort.

BOMBAY KANNADA SANGH: Reception to Rajakaryaprasakta N. S. Gubbi R. A. Poddar College, 5-30 p.m.

INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. P. Mukherji will speak on "Pharmacy in India" at Dept. of Chemical Technology, Matunga, 5 p.m.

P. E. N.: World Peace Day at Durbar Hall of the Town Hall, at 6 p.m. Sir R. P. Masani to preside. Speakers: Mr. F. R. Moraes, Dr. Mulk Raj Anand, etc.

B. P. C. C.: Reception to Mr. Hariharnath Shashtri, (Gen. Sec., I. N. T. U. C., at Peoples' Hall, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. K. A. Laikaka on "Impressions of the International Conference on Mental Health". Wilson College, at 6-30 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: Voluntary Social Workers Class at League's Head Office. Two lectures on "Pound, Dollar and Rupee" and Co-operative Housing, at 5 and 6 p.m.

VEDANTA: Lecture on Vedanta by Swami Sambuddhananda, at 2-45 p.m., at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute.

B. P. N. T. U. C., Free Film show of "Raj Agnya" at Peoples' Hall, at 8-30 p.m.

LECTURES FOR TEACHERS AND PARENTS: Mr. R. P. Kar, retired professor of Education will deliver a series of lectures on education and psychology beginning from Aug. 9 in the Ram Mohan English School, Prarthana Samaj, Girgaum, at 6 p.m.

The following is the schedule: Sixteen lectures on Principles of Education and Psychology on Thursdays. Twenty-six lectures on general and special methods, 8 lectures on School—Administration—Hygiene on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

RIG—YAJUR UPAKARMA: Brahmasri T. N. Subramania Sastrigal, popularly known as Kunniyur Vadhyar will conduct Rig-Yajur Upakarama on Monday, August 8, at 10 a.m., at the South Indian Welfare Society School premises "Park View" (near Napoo Gardens) Ground floor, Matunga, (G. I. P.).

The Late Mr. Chandrakant Sutaria

BOMBAY, Friday.

With the passing away of Sjt. Chandrakant Sutaria, under tragic circumstances, Gujarati journalism has suffered a grievous loss. For more than twenty five years he had been in the profession, and his was a noteworthy contribution towards its upliftment.

Beginning his career at the early age of 20, he joined Mr. Ranchhoddas Lotwala's "Hindustan Prajamitra" as a Sub-Editor and soon rose to be its News-Editor. He had an innate and discriminating news-sense, and an ever-vigilant eye on the get-up and display of news. Those were the qualities sadly lacking in the Gujarati newspapers of those days, and if they today look bright and carry weight and influence in the Gujarati-reading public, it is, to a great extent, due to these qualities which Chandrakant had been inculcating in his colleagues and co-workers, wherever he worked.

Leaving the 'Hindustan-Prajamitra' he had joined the 'Janmabhoomi', when it was started in 1934, by Mr. Amritlal Sheth. The rise of this paper was in no small measure due to his able News-Editorship. When Mr. Samaldas Gandhi left the editorship of the 'Janmahoomi' and started the 'Vandematram' in 1941, Chandrakant joined him. He reverted to 'Janmabhoomi' later as an Assistant Editor and worked there till his last days.

21 ST WEEK
And strong as ever!
MEHBOOB'S
Marvellous
Production
ANDAZ
Starring: *NARGIS, *DILIPKUMAR, *V. H. DESAI, *CUCKOO & *RAJ KAPOOR.
with NAUSHAD'S Music
LIBERTY
"Showplace of the Nation"
(Fully Air-Conditioned)
Daily: 3-0, 6-15, & 9-30.
Plans 10 to 8-30.
Also in
POONA NEW APOLLO—21st Week.

MONEY-LENDER KILLED IN FIGHT WITH ROBBERS

Attempt To Loot Pawn Shop

BOMBAY, Friday.

One Marwari money-lender and keeper of a pawn shop who rushed to the rescue of his assailed brother was killed and two other seriously injured by a group of armed desperadoes who attempted to loot the valuables in a pawn shop, late last night.

The robbers, however, could not secure any valuables, although they succeeded in making their escape in the face of a huge crowd of people who collected on the spot, drawn there by the agonised cries of the stabbed merchants.

The two injured men are lying in the J. J. Hospital, still unconscious.

Two brothers, Lalchand Chimanlal and Pratapchand Chimanlal have two shops adjoining each other at Fanaswala Building, Sunkli Street. Both do money-lending business. They are also shroffs dealing in gold and silver ornaments.

At about 9-45 p.m. when both the shops were closed for business, though the brothers were still there casting up their day's accounts, four fiery-looking men, armed with broad knives, rudely pushed themselves into the shop of Pratapchand. One of them held, it is alleged, Pratapchand by force, a second posted himself at the half open entrance of the shop while the other two began to pick up and collect valuable ornaments.

Despite his terror Pratapchand started shouting whereupon he was stabbed by the miscreant who was trying to hold him. Pratapchand's brother Lalchand sitting in his shop next door, however, heard the shouts of his brother. With him at the time was a friend, Chimanlal Behraji. Lalchand and Behraji both rushed out at once and tried to get into Pratapchand's shop.

But the armed man who kept watch at the door thrust his knife into the chest of Lalchand, who fell down, bleeding profusely at the door of his brother's shop. Meanwhile his friend Behraji who was rushing close behind Lalchand managed to crash his way into the shop despite the armed man at the door. But as soon as he entered the three other men who were inside set upon him and began to stab him indiscriminately.

All the noise and shouting, however, attracted a few people passing along the road as well as some of the residents in the building. Finding the entire locality awake the miscreants beat a hasty retreat and flourishing their knives in the face of the crowd, managed to get clean away.

Somebody from among the crowd of people collected intimated the Nagpada police, who rushed to the scene and removed the injured men to hospital.

Lalchand Chimanlal, who had rushed to his brother's rescue was dead even before they reached the hospital. The other two are detained.

The Nagpada police kept a watch in the locality for the accused throughout the night and before the dawn they were successful in arresting all the suspected dacoits.

Suspect Anwar Hussain Nazarat Hussain, Jaminali Ebrahim, Syed Judhauddin Kamruddin, Syed Hussain Syed Papamiya and Jani Babu Jaminali were later on produced before Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court and remanded to custody pending investigation.

RADIO

BOMBAY A
SATURDAY, AUGUST 6.

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee (Been 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 C S Gore (Vocal) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 A R Oza (Guj Geet) 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Zahur Khan (Gazalen): 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Your 5-6 Yeshwant B Joshi (Gaud Sarang) 5-30 As In Bombay B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Instrumental Music 6-30 Sulochana Hapsekar (Vocal) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 C S Gore (Vocal) 7-30 Yeshwant B Joshi (Marathi Pad) 7-45 Chitrapat Sangeet 8-0 A R Oza (Geeto) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay B

BOMBAY B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Sulochana Hapsekar (Vocal) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Zahur Khan (Ghazalen) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 C S Gore (Vocal) 1-10 Aawadati Ganee 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Nabhowanichya Parisarat (Variety in Marathi) 5-0 As in Bombay A, 5-30 Children's Half-Hour 6-0 A R Oza (Geeto) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Zahur Khan (Geet) 8-30 Replies to Listeners' Letters 8-40 Musical Interlude 8-45 Rupak in Marathi by P L Deshpande 9-0 Yeshwant B Joshi (Miya Malhar) 9-30 Swar Mudrika records selected and produced by Adi Marzi-ban 9-45 Around Local Cinemas 9-55 Mohammad Khan Lesai Faridi (Been).

BARODA: AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. "Bhajnavali" 8-0 News (E) 8-15 D H Vimadalal (Desi) 8-45 News (G).

6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Mehboob Bakah Rahim (Sarangi) 6-25 Hindustani Songs in Chorus 6-30 Gramjano Mate 6-35 Majur Bhaiyo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Film Songs 7-15 Review of films (G) 7-30 Bhajan Aur Geet 7-45 Sitaram Athavale (Shyam Kalyan) 8-0 Music Lesson 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Mehboob Baksh Rahim (Sarangi) 8-45 Sitaram Athavale (Pad) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Film Fare 9-30 "Mulu Manek" (Play in Gujarati: by Suresh Gandhi:) 10-0 D H Vimadalal (Behag.)

Miss Kishori Committed To Sessions

BOMBAY, Friday.

Miss Kishori Alladatta of the Kishori Court, Worli and three of the co-accused in the sensational Nadkarni murder case were today committed to the sessions to stand their trial on charges of alleged murder and abetment.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate before whom Kishori and the other accused were prosecuted at the Mazagaon Police Court observed that he was satisfied that a prima facie case was made out by the Prosecution against all the accused.

It may be recalled that Mr. D.S. Nadkarni, former Sub-Inspector of Bombay was found in an unconscious condition on February 10 in the compound of Kishori Court at Worli. It was alleged that on the previous night, Nadkarni was assaulted by the accused, when he visited her place. Nadkarni was removed to the hospital where he died on February 15. Kishori and her three servants were arrested subsequently by the Police.

The Magistrate cancelled the bail bond of Kishori. The names of the three accused are:- Jagdish Kumar Hiranand Sheety, Secretary of Kihori, Rampal Singh Narendra Singh and Mohan Alvares, servants.

THE WEATHER

The following is the weather summary for Friday August 5, 1949:—

Observations from Western Pakistan and north-west India are rather scanty. Yesterday's low over Sind has moved north-east and lies this morning over the South-West Punjab.

Rainfall has been fairly widespread in north-east India outside Orissa, in the United Provinces, Vindhya Pradesh, the North Central Provinces and along the West Coast of the peninsula with heavy rain in the East United Provinces. With local rain in East Rajputana, Saurashtra, Madhya Bharat, Mysore and South-East Madras.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF AUGUST 6:—There will be a general decrease in raifall over the country except over the region extending from Assam to the East Punjab where there will be widespread rain. Rainfall will also be fairly widespread in the Central parts of the country. East Rajputana and along the west coast and occur locally in Gangetic West Bengal, West Rajputana, the West Deccan, Mysore and South-East Madras.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely over the region from Assam to the East Punjab and along north Malabar-South Kanara coast during the next 48 hours.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1 1949 and departure from 'normal' recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on August 5 1949:—

Ahmedabad 90 77 0.1 15.1 minus 2.1, Allahabad 81 77 0.9 14.2 minus 5.0, Baroda 90 79 0.1 14.3 minus 6.1, Bhuj 83 75 0.1 16.2 plus 8.1, BOMBAY 87 77 0.1 47.5 plus 1.7, Calcutta 83 79 T 26.2 minus 0.2, Darjiling 63 58 2.0 64.1 plus 2.2, Dehra-Dun 99 73 1.1 26.9 minus 13.6, Delhi 92 79 0.1 18.8 plus 7.2, Hyderabad (Dn.) 90 73 0 10.6 minus 0.5, Lahore — 81 0 5.5 minus 2.5, Madras 96 76 0.9 8.7 plus 2.5, Nagpur 89 76 0 32.9 plus 7.4, Patna 88 79 0.2 30.8 plus 10.2, Peshawar 98 81 0 0.3 minus 1.7, Poona 83 71 0.2 6.2 minus 5.6, Rajkot 77 75 0.2 18.7 plus 2.9, Sholapur 91 72 0 11.7 plus 2.5, Simla 68 59 0.1 26.2 plus 0.4, Surat 87 79 0.2 21.9 minus 5.3.

Constable Shoots Himself Dead

BOMBAY, Friday.

Another police constable killed himself at Nagdevi within 18 hours of of a similar tragedy that took place at Two Tanks.

Harisingh Tulsiram, 25-year-old Police constable attached to the Pydhoni Police Station, who was on duty a Barbai Mohalla, it is stated shot himself with a service rifle. He sustained a deep wound in the chest and was rushed to the hospital, where he expired at 11-15 p.m.

It is not yet ascertained by the Police whether the constable shot himself or whether the rifle went off accidently.

Socialist Party Council Meeting Postponed

BOMBAY, Friday: The General Council meeting of the Socialist Party, which was to be held at Calcutta on August 18 and 19 has now been postponed, the Party's Central Office in Bombay announced today. The National Executive of the Party will however meet at Calcutta from August 17 to 20.

The proposed general elections in West Bengal, left unity, the food situation and the industrial situation in the country and a proposal to launch "a struggle for civil liberties will be among the subjects to be discussed by the National Executive.

COURT-FEES ACT AMENDMENT

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay proposes to amend the Court-Fees Act, 1870, in its application to the Province of Bombay. By an amending Bill, which has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of August 3, 1949, a new section has been inserted in the Act defining the term "Collector" for the purposes of the Act.

The term Collector has not been defined in the Court-Fees Act. It, therefore, has the meaning given to it in the General Clauses Act, viz the Collector of a Presidency Town or the Chief Officer in charge of the Revenue Administration of a district. The Revenue Collector has multifarious duties and he cannot attend to every matter enjoined by the Court-fees Act. To overcome this difficulty the term "Collector" is being defined for purposes of this Act, with a view to enabling the Chief Controlling Revenue authority to appoint any suitable person as Collector.

No Swearing In Of Ministers Today

BOMBAY, Friday.

There will be no swearing in of new Ministers of the Bombay Cabinet on Saturday as reported in a local English daily.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister Government of Bombay, who was approached by reporters said that the matter will have to await the arrival of the Premier.

Mr. B. G. Kher, is arriving by the Frontier Mail on Saturday and the implementation of the expansion of the Cabinet, will only be carried out thereafter.

The degrees and diplomas of the University of Sind obtained before August 15, 1947 are recognised for the purpose of recruitment to service under the Government of Bombay.

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Special head shaped to clean the hidden places where decay starts.
Tough, springy bristles to get teeth really clean!
Handle scientifically curved to give best toothbrush control!
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TALYARKHAN EXTENDS GEORGE LEWIS

Betty Farias To Meet Mumtaz Chinoy In Final

BOMBAY, Friday.

GEORGE Lewis, the father of the Indian Badminton, earned the right to meet his Thomas Cup Colleague, Henry Ferreira in the final of the men's singles, as a result of his victory over Homi Talyarkhan in the semi-final this evening at the Bandra Gymkhana. Henry Ferreira entered the final by beating P. S. Nilkanth in straight games.

Contrary to expectation, Miss Betty Farias will meet Miss Mumtaz Chinoy in the final of women's singles. In the semi-finals played today, Miss Chinoy beat Miss V. M. Oak without conceding a single point, while Miss Betty Farias surprisingly beat Mrs. Lewis in straight sets.

The match which caught the eyes of the spectators, was the one in which young Homi Talyarkhan went down fighting to veteran George Lewis after three well contested games.

This was the match in which experience prevailed over the youth, as Lewis after winning the first game at 5—11, wisely dropped the second set, came back refreshed to win the decider at 15—7.

Lewis' three points game proved too much for Homi Talyarkhan who has not the stamina to last a three set match. Lewis's three points game consists of an offensive lob on the opponent's backhand, a chopped drop to the forehand and a flick. Though Talyarkhan was hardly beaten by Lewis's flicks, as he anticipated all of them, realising that Lewis flicks nine times out of ten, it was a drop in the same action, which Lewis used with discretion, that got him the most vital points in the match.

In the first set Lewis scored 11th, 13th and 14th points by a drop instead of a flick, and in the decider he scored 8th, 10th and 13th point in a similar manner.

Due credit must be given to Homi Talyarkhan, who not only forced Lewis to give up the second set, but so many times he caught Lewis by repeating a toss on the backhand when Lewis was expecting a drop. Homi, however, has not the stamina to last a three set match and so it was not surprising to see him giving up in the end of the third game. In the third set, when Lewis was leading 8—4 he scored two points by smashing down the line. Lewis won the set and match 15—11, 5—15, 15—7.

In the second singles match Henry Ferreira accounted for P. S. Nilkanth, in which Badminton was at its simplest, as both relied on the speed of the legs. Nilkanth lost rather tamely at 6—15, 2—15.

In the women's singles match Betty Farias surprisingly beat Mrs. Lewis in straight sets. Miss Farias better stamina, was the deciding factor as Mrs. Lewis appeared very tired in the end of the second set.

Miss Farias won the first set at 11—8 by tossing on her opponent's backhand and then anticipating a smash on the backhand, she placed it down the line.

In the second set Miss Farias took a flying start and led 7—0, but Mrs. Lewis by beautiful smashes, on her opponent's forehand, opened the whole backhand court and finished with a fine deep push, came up 5—7 but Miss Farias scored another three points and led 10—5, Mrs. Lewis then struck a brilliant patch and reduced her opponent's lead to one point. Miss Farias scored the last point by serving low, which to the surprise of onlookers, Mrs. Lewis netted.

In the men's doubles Bala Ullal and D. G. Mugwe beat B. D. Shroff and G. P. Shirke at 15—9, 15—4. They will now meet the winners of Patil Bhopardikar vs. Ferreira Talyarkhan in the finals.

The following were the results:

Men's Singles

SEMI-FINALS: George Lewis beat Homi Talyarkhan, 15—11, 5—15, 15—7; Henry Ferreira beat P. S. Nilkanth, 15—6, 15—2.

Women's Singles

SEMI-FINALS: Miss Mumtaz Chinoy beat Miss Vasumati Oak, 11—0, 11—10; Miss Betty Farias beat Mrs. Nobhina Lewis, 11—8, 11—9.

Men's Doubles

QUARTER-FINAL: M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhopardikar beat J. G. Kirawant and P. D. Raut, 15—4, 15—7.

SEMI-FINAL: Bala Ullal and Dattatraya G. Mugwe beat G. P. Shirke and B. D. Shroff, 15—9, 15—4.

Women's Doubles.

SEMI-FINAL: Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and Mrs. Nobhina Lewis beat Miss Vasumati Oak and Miss Pilloo Shroff, 15—6, 15—6.

Today's Fixtures

6 p.m. A. Parekh vs. S. P. Desai; 6-30 p.m. H. Ferreira and Mrs. B. Castellino vs. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis; 7 p.m. Miss Chinoy vs. Miss B. Farias; 7-30 p.m. H. Ferreira and H. Talyarkhan vs. winner of Patil and Bopardikar.

BHATKAL BEATS JOOSAB

St. Xavier's Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Friday.

The weeding out process continued this evening in the St. Xavier's College Open Table Tennis Tournament and the first and second rounds of the third quarter of the men's singles and the first and second rounds of the women's doubles were also decided this evening.

In the most interesting match of the evening, D. N. Bhatkal the left-handed player beat the P. V. M. Junior title holder in three keen games.

The following are the results:

Women's Doubles

FIRST ROUND: Banoo Cama and Mani Bharucha beat R. Mirza and L. Kapadia, 21-12, 21-15; Manjula Bhatia and Usha Munshi beat Rose D'Souza and Winnie Monteiro, 18-21, 21-16, 21-12; Dhun Mistry and Dhun Munshi w.o. Piroja Irani and Gool Irani; Prabha Thoser and Shalini Varadkar w.o. T. Pay and S. Wagh.

SECOND ROUND: B. D'Mello and R. Fernandes w.o. A. Sethna and Urmila Zaveri; Jaya Walawalkar and Suhasini Dharap beat Sheroo Cooper and Pilloo Billimoria, 22-20, 21-12; Gool Nasikwalla and Meera Gajendrasinh beat N. Merchant and Anjini Dewan, 21-10, 21-9; Amina Joosab and Silloo Motiwala w.o. "D" pair; Indu Desai and Kusum Lotwalla w.o. "E" pair; R. Katrak and L. Sethna w.o. "A" pair; Banoo Cama and Mani Bharucha beat Manjula Bhatia and Usha Munshi, 21-14, 21-11; Dhun Mistry and Dhun Munshi beat Prabha Thoser and Shalini Varadkar, 21-10, 21-10.

Men's Singles—Third Quarter

FIRST ROUND: A. Jadhav beat G. Haldipur, 21-14, 21-14; D. N. Bhatkal beat M. O. Soans, 21-14, 21-16; L. L. Bajaj beat M. R. Kulkarni, 21-19, 21-16; E. Coelho beat L. Saldanha, 22-24, 21-15, 21-12; R. N. Singh beat C. N. Shah 21-12, 21-13; D. M. Kamat beat C. C. Metha, 21-12, 21-15; S. V. Gaoker beat S. A. Damle, 21-14, 21-14; K. R. Chandorker beat S. R. Sethna, 21-16, 16-21, 21-12; J. Khambatta beat K. Mehta, 21-17, 21-18; A. Y. Gupte beat R. H. Desai, 21-15, 21-12; J. Kapadia beat A. Ratnagar, 21-16, 8-21, 21-18; B. M. Vakil beat M. T. Parande, 21-14, 22-20; B. H. Mody beat S. Ghadially, 23-21, 21-15; I. R. Joosab beat V. N. Vaidya, 21-8, 21-17; N. J. Nenscy beat E. P. Mody, 21-15, 21-14; J. Sequeira beat M. Edekar, 21-14, 12-21, 21-19; B. S. Mahajan beat C. C. Merchant, 21-12, 25-23; N. V. Kapadia beat P. V. Jariwala, 21-14, 22-24, 24-22; R. Aderi beat J. Captain, 21-15, 19-21, 22-20; E. Desai beat M. M. Shinde, 21-16, 21-17; B. Abraham beat K. R. Daver, 21-15, 21-11; S. Dhondy beat E. Lala, 21-12, 21-16; D. Surti beat R. T. Dalal, 21-11, 18-21, 21-15; B. K. Mistry w.o. S. Lakdawalla; P. Kumar beat M. M. Desai, 21-13, 21-7; H. J. H. Talyarkhan beat N. L. Bajaj, 21-3, 21-12; B. J. David beat R. Mehta, 15-21, 21-13, 21-17; R. D. Halady beat V. K. Mehta, 21-7, 21-5; S. C. Mudhnaney beat R. Vania, 19-21, 21-17, 21-14; J. N. Galwankar w.o. R. B. Mistry; J. Parekh beat R. Todywalla, 21-7, 21-11; M. M. Dalvi beat R. P. Dhebri, 21-17, 19-21, 21-9.

SECOND ROUND: S. Engineer beat T. Sarathy 21-9, 21-16; P. Kumar beat D. Surti, 21-13, 21-7; R. Zaveri beat A. Benjamin, 21-18, 21-16; P. S. Sandawalla beat R. Balkrishna, 21-9, 21-11; P. K. Joshi beat P. S. Devitri 21-17, 12-21, 21-15; B. S. Santoke w.o. K. D. Metha; S. Dhondy beat E. Desai 21-17, 21-17; B. S. Mahajan beat R. Aderi, 21-16, 21-12; D. N. Bhatkal beat I. R. Joosab, 21-13, 22-24, 21-16; J. Sequeira beat N. V. Kapadia, 21-8, 21-14; B. H. Mody beat J. Kapadia, 20-22, 21-19; 21-11; B. Abraham beat N. J. Nensey, 21-8, 21-8, D. M. Kamat beat B. M. Vakil, 21-16, 21-18, S. V. Gaokar beat R. N. Singh, 21-16, 21-10; L. L. Bajaj beat J. Khambatta, 21-18, 21-13; A. Jadhav beat A. Y. Gupte, 21-15, 21-14; K. Chandorkar beat E. Coelho, 21-12, 21-13; M. G. Prabhu beat P. N. Naikar, 21-14, 21-10; J. N. Galvankar beat J. Parekh 21-18, 21-16; R. D. Halady beat S. C. Mudnany, 21-11, 21-9; S. Narayan beat P. S. Gopalkrishnan, 21-12, 21-17; A. I. Jacob beat T. B. Kundani, 21-12, 25-23; B. J. David beat E. K. Mistry, 21-15, 22-20; B. C. Ranadive beat V. Chandrasekhar, 21-12 12-21, 21-19; H. Amrolliwalla beat N. A. Yengool, 21-15, 21-12; A. Pereira beat Y. Z. Dhruv 21-15, 21-16; N. N. Mulla beat S. L. Bajaj, 21-12 24-22; M. M. Dalvi beat Homi Talyarkhan, 21-16, 21-17; M. Shinde beat R. S. Thakkar, 21-16, 21-16; C. G. Velkar beat V. V. Madgaokar, 21-12, 21-14; R. S. Gentle beat J. Lopez, 21-12, 21-19; J. G. Kulkarni beat K. R. Laxman, 21-15, 11-21, 21-10.

PRESIDENCY TABLE TENNIS

B.P.T.T.A. To Hold It From Aug. 24-31

BOMBAY, Friday.

The official championships of the Bombay Presidency Table Tennis Association will this year be held in the Central Hall of the Elphinstone Technical High School at Dhobi Talao from 24th August to 31st August.

Entries will be accepted by the Honorary Secretary at the Sports Secretariat (Brabourne Stadium) upto 6 p.m. on 20th August, and the draw will be held the same evening.

The new time limit rule shall be strictly enforced in this year's Provincial Championships, and for the benefit of those who might not know it we give below the substance of the same rule.

"If at the end of the twenty minutes play, the scores of the two contesting teams or players are equal, the umpire shall announce a further grace of five points. And if still at end of this extra time the scores are still equal, both the contesting parties shall be scratched from the event."

If, by any strange coincidence this happens to occur in a semi-final round, the contestants shall be scratched and the winner of the other semi-final round shall be declared as having won the title without playing the final.

BHOPAL STAR FANCIED TO WIN CHIEF EVENT

By Our Racing Correspondent

BOMBAY, Friday.— Good-sized fields have accepted for the second day of Poona Summer Meeting scheduled for decision tomorrow.

The treble event pool wherein a sum of Rs. 24,110 has accumulated will be the main attraction. The Nasik Plate with 19 acceptors, the Ajanda Plate with sixteen and the Kashmir Plate with thirteen probable runners have been selected for this item. In the first leg Queen of Gwalior, who has been heavily penalised after her fluent win in the opening day's meeting, is likely to repeat. The second leg of the pool is a problem for punters. Several smart sprinters are left in here. Maharaja of Kashmir's Raj Doot, Talib-trained, Rim Jhim, Buckley's Ramal, Parting Summer and Diniar are likely to have adequate support, while New Moon and Bhopal Star will also not lack in following. The last-named, winner of three good races at Bangalore, appears to be at his best at the moment and he may make a triumphant trip. Georgie appeals to me in the third leg, the first division of the Kashmir Plate. Resistance is likely to come from My Pet and Abbess.

The following are my selections:—

1st RACE:
LILY — Win
TRUE LOVE — Next Best

2nd RACE:
SINHGARH — Win
LALAJI — Next Best

3rd RACE:
QUEEN OF GWALIOR — Win
BLUE LOTUS — Next Best

4th RACE:
NEW LOOK — Win
GWEN — Next Best

5th RACE:
RASHTRAPATI — Win
CHURCHILL — Next Best

6th RACE:
BHOPAL STAR — Win
RAJ DOOT — Next Best

7th RACE:
WHIRLPOOL — Win
CHERRY BLOSSOM — Next Best

8th RACE:
GEORGIE — Win
MY PET — Next Best
If ab. ABBESS

9th RACE:
CROWN OF KOLHAPUR — Win
RIVIERA — Next Best

CHOICE TREBLE
QUEEN OF GWALIOR
RASHTRAPATI
BHOPAL STAR

FLUKES
AAFRIN
SWEET MARYLA
Referee: Panton.

EAST BENGAL BEATEN BY MOHAN BAGAN

Calcutta Football League

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5. (PTI): In their return and concluding engagement in the First Division of the Calcutta Football League, Mohun Bagan today beat East Bengal Club, this year's declared champions, by two goals to one.

The match was played in aid of the R. G. Kar, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta.

MUSRY CUP FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Semi finals of the Musry Cup Football Tournament were played this evening at St. Xaviers College Ground. B. B. and C. I. Railway 'B' beat Kohinoor Mills by two goals to one. And in the second semifinal Globe S. C. and Young Mahomedans shared two goals.

KHALSA AND GRANT MEDICAL TIE FOR INTER-COLLEGE TABLE TENNIS TITLE

Mistry Wins Singles For Third Successive Year

BOMBAY, Friday.

St. Xavier's College Hall—the Mecca of table tennis was filled with over 1500 spectators—the biggest ever to witness a table tennis match in Bombay—to see the finals of the Inter Collegiate Table Tennis Tournament. Khalsa and Grant Medical Colleges tied for the Championship honours with 13 points each. They share this trophy for six months each.

Rev. Fr. Balaguer, Principal of St. Xaviers College distributed the individual prizes to the winners and the Khan Bahadur H. K. Bhabha Trophy to G.M.C. and Khalsa Colleges. Sydenham College were next with ten points and St. Xaviers with six points.

N. B. Mistry the holder of the Inter Collegiate title retained his singles title disposing of his own College representative, V. M. Nadkarni after a hectic struggle which was decided over a point on a time limit basis.

Mistry steady as a rock usually went out occasionally to capture the first game with his half hearted drives and lost over the extra points. He then steadied down causing Nadkarna to attack and this was Nadkarni's mistake for he lost the two succeeding games.

Nadkarni kept the erstwhile Mistry at 5 in the fourth game as Mistry proved erratic and was smashing his way through. The final and deciding game was a marathon struggle for supremacy. Nadkarni took the lead and but they drew level at 11 points and then Mistry took the lead three valuable points separating Mistry and Nadkarni at 17—14 but Nadkarni smashed and covered lost ground to bring the score to 17—18.

It was at this juncture when he would have drawn level that the Umpire fouled him. Apparently he touched the table with his elbow on and besides pushed against it, Mistry was awarded the point. He, however, drew level at 19 and then at 20, and now the time limit was applied and Mistry in a frantic effort went all out and smashed to gain the coming point.

Jeroo Wadia of Sydenham retained the women's singles title by beating Piroja Irani of G.M.C. in the space of five long games. After having lost the first two games Piroja recovered, but gave way in the final set.

Piroja Irani has herself to blame for she played into her opponents hand. Had she kept up her steady hard hitting aggressiveness, rather than merely return chop for chop, Jeroo Wadia would not have been able to counteract as she has a very lame defence. This match lost by Piroja cost G.M.C. the championshop.

The Men's Doubles final between Khalsa College represented by V. M. Nadkarni and N. B. Mistry and St. Xavier's represented by Shirai Mechlai and Jimmy Umrigar was a foregone result and the former pair won in three straight games.

The women's doubles between G.M.C. and St. Xaviers was another three game match in which Piroja Irani and Aloo Metha gave Dinoo Billimoria and Sheroo Cooper the fireworks and won easily.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLE (FINAL)

N. B. Mistry (Khalsa) beat V. M. Nadkarni (Khalsa) 21—23, 21—17, 21—16, 5—21, 21—20, (the deciding point was played on a time limit).

WOMEN'S SINGLES (FINAL).

Jeroo Wadia (Sydenham) beat Piroja Irani (G.M.C.) 21—18,—21—14, 15—21, 13—21, 21—14.

MEN'S DOUBLES (FINAL).

N. B. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni (Khalsa "A") beat J. Umrigar and S. Mecklai (St. Xaviers "A"), 21—13, 21—12, 21—10.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES (FINAL).

Piroja Irani and Aloo Metha (G.M.C. "A") beat Dinoo Billimoria and Sheroo Cooper (St. Xavier's "A") 21—12, 21—16, 21—15.

The following were the points scored by various colleges:—Khalsa 13; G.M.C. 13, Sydenham 10; St. Xavier's 6; Ruia 3; Elphinstone 3, Podar, National, V.J.T.I. 1 each.

Plenty Of Soccer Talent In Brazil

LONDON (UPA): Arsenal goalkeeper, George Swindin, may not agree that there is an "awful lot of coffee in Brazil," but he is unanimous in his opinion that soccer talent in that country is more than abundant.

Swindin, whose place between the goalposts enabled him to sum up the opposition more than any other player on his team, was deeply impressed by the technique of the Brazilian stars during the Arsenal's recent tour of South America.

"I must say that, individually, the players played against in Brazil were superior to our own at home," the Arsenal defender declared.

"Their coaches have made them adepts at bringing down the ball from breast high and in the same movement getting it under control and passing it along the ground with accuracy."

Swindin considered this a reflection on the English soccer authorities who let the best coaches take up overseas appointments to the detriment of the promising talent in England. "We let our best coaches go abroad instead of making it worthwhile to stay in this country where they are so badly needed."

The only weakness in South American teams, in the opinion of this famous goalkeeper, is lack of teamwork. Most of the outstanding players the Arsenal faced during their tour tended to be individualistic. But Swindin admits that the coaches are not overlooking this vital part of the game and it will not be long before the coaches will be demonstrating their achievements in this phase of the game.

'Varsity Champion For Three Years Running

N. B. Mistry, one of Bombay's front-rank players, who won the University Table Tennis Championship for the third successive year.

WOODCOCK-SAVOLD FIGHT POSTPONED

DONCASTER, Aug. 5.

The heavyweight contest between Brue Woodcock, The British Champion, and Lee Savold, of the United States, for the British version of the World Heavyweight Title Arranged for the White city London on September 6, has been postponed. A new date is to be announced on Monday August 8.

The decision was made by promoter Jack Solomons after discussions today with Tom Hurst, Woodcock's Manager. It was stated that Woodcock would be discharged from hospital on Monday. He is cheerful and his condition is said to be satisfactory. It was hoped that Woodcock, who has a severely bruised left shoulder, may be able to start roadwork in a few days, but he may have to wait a little longer before beginning sparring practice and gymnasium work.

Solomons added that the postponement may be only for two weeks. He is having a new contract drawn up with Hurst and Woodcock, insisting on the British champion doing no more motoring or undertaking any activities like horseback riding. He too must be indoors by 10-30 p.m. (B.S.T.) each day.

ALL OUT FOR NO RUNS

Police Match In England

LONDON, August 5, (PTI-Reuter) When Stratford-on-Avon Police cricket team played Warwick Police here yesterday, Stratford won the toss and decided to bat. Within a few minutes all ten wickets had fallen for no runs with no extras.

Inspector Percy Morgan opened the bowling for Warwick and the Stratford team did not worry when the first wicket fell for no runs as they thought they had men capable of dealing with the Inspector's pace bowling.

Then the blow fell and the batsmen in the pavilion could not get their pads on fast enough. Some batsmen did hit the ball but always into the waiting hands of a fielder.

Morgan finished with an analysis of two overs two maidens no runs eight wickets and the only other bowler, Ronsford 2/2/0/2. Warwick made 52 runs.

Clayton-Miller Fight Cancelled

LONDON, August 5. (PTI-Reuter): The British Empire featherweight championship match between Ronnie Clayton of England and Eddie Miller of Australia, due for Liverpool Stadium next Thursday, has been cancelled.

The promoters refused Clayton's demand for a purse increase and Miller will now meet Allan Tanner of British Guiana, a brother of Kid Tanner, well known in boxing rings.

Johnny Best, the Liverpool promoter, came to London today for a meeting with the British Boxing Board of Control. Clayton claims that he signed to fight at Anfield and he asked for another £ 250 to fight at the stadium. The contest was not held at Anfield last month, Clayton having asked for a postponement because of his visit to South Africa.

TRADES BEAT RAILWAY

Two Fine Goals By Laloo

BOMBAY, Friday.

Trades maintained their Harwood League unbeaten record this evening when they easily accounted for G.I.P. Railway by two goals to nil. Though Trades were able to score a single goal in each half, they lost a great deal of easy opportunities.

Laloo proved to be the sharpshooter of the day by his two grand goals registered in each half for Trades Thomas was unable to put the ball in between the posts though he tried hard Puthoo, the Railway custodian gave a display that was full of enthusiasm.

For the first ten minutes the exchanges were even and it was only in the twelfth minute that Thomas had two good scoring chances. On the first occasion Puthoo brought of a half hearted save from a beautiful ground shot by Thomas. Then Thomas missed the upright by inches.

It was in the last but one minute that Laloo put the finishing touch to a beautiful goal mouth centre by Bhimrao to put Trades in the lead for the first session.

Early on resumption. Tully should have scored with a low kick but Sanjiva rarely to be caught unawares affected a smart save. On the other side Thomas shot straight into Puthoo's hand. The Railway were now put in a tight corner and Puthoo was having an anxious time. Bhimrao, Laloo and Kuppuswamy combining between themselves tried in turns but failed to get the better of Puthoo.

Laloo was again responsible for scoring Trades second goal when he accepted a short pass from Kuppuswamy and slammed the ball to the top-most corner of the net. The Railway earned a free kick just outside the Trades penalty area by Tully taking the kick failed to beat Sanjiva off a rebound.

On the other hand Trades earned an indirect kick inside the Railway box and Thomas tried but Puthoo saved well.

Trades prevailed by two goals to nil which proved a triumph for Laloo who scored both the goals.

The teams:—

TRADES:—Sanjiva; Manuel, Woodcock; Govind, Middlecoat, Narayan; M. Fernandes, Thomas, Laloo, Kuppuswamy, Bhimrao.

G.I.P. RAILWAY: Puthoo; Pavey, Almeida; Jones, B. Duncan, A. Duncan; M. D'Souza, Tambe, Tully, Shiva, Bhickoo.

KANGA LEAGUE CRICKET

Tomorrow's Programme

BOMBAY, Friday.

The following fixtures have been arranged to be played on Sunday in the Kanga Cricket League:

SENIOR DIVISION

Young Zoroastrian vs Maharashtra Young Cricketers at the Young Zoroastrian ground.

Islam Gymkhana vs P. J. Hindu Gymkhana at the Hindu Gymkhana ground.

Sunder Cricket Club vs Fort Vijaya C. C. at the Sunder Club ground.

Baronet Cricket Club vs Jolley Cricketers at the Baronet ground.

Bombay Gymkhana vs C. C. I. at the C. C. I.

Dadar Union Sports Club vs Dadar Hindu Gymkhana at the Dadar Hindu Gymkhana ground.

JUNIOR DIVISION

Hindu Gymkhana (North) vs Gowd Saraswat at the Hindu Gymkhana (North) Ground.

Khar Gymkhana vs Parsee Cyclists at the Parsee Cyclists ground.

Bohra Cricketers vs Brothers' Club at the Islam Gymkhana ground.

Parsee Gymkhana vs National C. C. at the Parsee Gymkhana ground.

New Hind S. C. vs Dadar Parsee Colony at the Dadar Parsee Colony ground.

New Zealand In Drawn Match

REID'S BRILLIANT CENTURY

BIRMINGGHAM, Aug. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—The match between New Zealand ended in a draw. Warwickshire declared their innings closed at 394 for nine declared and the New Zealanders put up a magnificent opening wicket batting performance and at the close of play registered 230 for the loss of two wickets. Reid was unbeaten with 151.

With Cowie nursing a strain and Rabone off the field suffering from a slightly pulled muscle the New Zealanders were handicapped in attack when Warwiskshire resumed their innings before about 7,000 spectators.

Cresswell and Burtt came in for punishment against Warwickshires forcing methods and in 45 minutes 61 runs were added for the loss of four wickets. Then with the County 91 runs on Dollery declared.

During the innings Burtt, the New Zealand left armed spin bowler, took his 100th wicket of the tour.

Sutcliffe and Rabone opened the New Zealanders second innings against the bowling off Pritchard and Grove and batted briskly until at 20 Sutcliffe was bowled when playing inside a ball from Grove which swung late.

Reid joined Rabone and the 50 came in as many minutes. At 54, after his own total had stood at 25 for 20 minutes Rabone might have been stumped off Hollies.

With two successive pulls for four off Hollies, Reid passed Rabone's score and by lunch was one short of his half century when the score stood at 95 for one.

Rabone, who spent fifty minutes before lunch over the addition of only ten runs, shared 54 with Reid in the first 50 minutes after the interval and at this point the game was petering out into a draw.

Warwickshire's attack was limited with Kardar off the field suffering from a strained shoulder, but Rabone eventually fell to a catch at deep mid-on after the second wicket had produced 135 runs.

The only real interest remaining was the progress of Reid towards his century.

This he eventually completed and a further item of personal gratification was the fact that it contained his thousandth run of the tour.

Altogether Reid batted just over three and a half hours for his 151 not out, which included a six and 22 fours.

The following were the scores:—

NEW ZEALAND (1st innings) 303
WARWICKSHIRE (1st innings (for 9 declared) 394
NEW ZEALAND (2nd innings)

Sutcliffe b Grove 7; Rabone c Gardner b Townsend 58; Reid not out 151, Smith not out 45; ..Extras ..19. Total (for 2 wickets) 280.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Pritchard 14|1|53|0; Hollies 24|5|62|0; Townsend 20|4|42|1; Kardar 4|1|6|0; Don Taylor 6|0|34|0, Wolton 5|0|21|0.

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

The following are the results of county cricket matches which concluded today:—

AT CHESTERFIELD.

Gloucestershire beat Derbyshire by 184 runs.

Gloucestershire 198 and 302.

Derbyshire 149 and 167 (Rhodes 65, J. Graveney, 10 for 66).

AT WORCESTER.

Worcestershire beat Hampshire by one wicket.

Hampshire 238 and 245 (Jenkins 6 for 92).

Worcestershire 318 and 167 for nine (Kenyon 72, Wyatt 53, Shackleton 3 for 36.

AT HASTINGS.

Nottinghamshire beat Sussex by nine wickets.

Sussex 273 and 243 (Griffith 111, James Langridge not out 56; Harvey 3 for 34.

Nottinghamshire 419 and 99 for one.

He was a healthy, cheery baby...
now constipation makes him fretful
A laxative is what he needs, but it must be safe. Today doctors recommend Cremaffin. Made of cream of magnesia and liquid paraffin, it is mild but effective and soon brings baby round to easy, healthy functioning. It is non-habit forming and nice in taste.
Cremaffin
THE SAFE LAXATIVE FOR YOUNG AND OLD
You can rely on it—it's made by Boots

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Trees XI vs Mascarenhas XI (Friendly).

5-45 p.m. Tatas vs Goans (First Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

5-40 p.m. Young Mahomedans vs Globe 'B' (Semi finals Musry Cup).

BADMINTON

Bandra Gymkhana

6 p.m. Suburban Open Tournament (Semi finals and Finals).

TABLE-TENNIS

St. Xaviers College Hall

3.00 p.m. First and second rounds of Women's singles of Upper half.

4.00 p.m. First and second rounds of Women's singles of Lower half.

5.00 p.m. First and second rounds of Junior's singles of Upper half.

6.00 p.m. First and second rounds of Men's singles of Fourth quarter.

7.30 p.m. First and second rounds of Men's singles of First quarter.

The Bombay Chronicle

A project fairly launched becomes a reality in the brain—a thing once spoken of attracts like a living creature, and does not die voluntarily.

—GEORGE MEREDITH.

POLITICS AND TRADE UNIONISM

Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, General Secretary of the INTUC, called attention to the close links between politics and trade unionism. There could be no unity he added, between the INTUC and the Socialist Hind Mazdoor Sabha unless they refused to allow politics to vitiate the trade union movement. If two must ride a horse, one must ride behind. The elaborate manoeuvres of the trade union rival leaders are so many efforts to secure the first place Mr. Asoka Mehta in his statement on the negotiations made it clear that he was not giving up politics. In fact, he rather gave the impression that he regarded the agreement reached as a fresh occasion for pressing forward his political views and his feeling that the Congress was making a mess of the administration. Mr. Shastri, we can be sure, has not said the last word on the subject. In essence, we are faced with a situation which perilously threatens to take the trade union movement back to the status quo before the agreement. If politics cannot be divorced from trade unionism, then the struggle of political parties for power must go into the field of labour and it cannot be checked. The Socialists are in no mood for compromise. Rightly or wrongly, they feel that the Congress is losing ground and that they are gaining. The question naturally arises: Why the two groups attempt to reach an agreement? The efforts of the INTUC leaders to strike a compromise are apt to be interpreted and misrepresented as so many efforts by the Congress-minded to bring the Socialists under control. And the impression is intensified by appeals from the one side to the other to join the one party and reciprocal appeals from the other side. Thus attempts at securing peace only end in creating greater confusion and bad feeling.

To the public which was led to expect great things from the agreement, these post-mortems must be a great disappointment. Both sides admit the necessity for unity but unity eludes their efforts and will continue to do so as long as the political differences remain. The consequences of these developments would be in a movement which was fully developed, a dropping of both parties and the healthy growth of a non-party union movement. Such a state of affairs is devoutly to be wished for if the two sections of the Labour group cannot show better leadership. But in the existing conditions it is a piece of optimism to expect anything of this sort. What is more likely to happen is that a third party will profit by the dissensions of the Socialists and the INTUC men and reduce the Trade Union movement to chaos. Experience in other countries has shown that the Communist Unionists seek to destroy all chances of peaceful progress. They are less concerned with the workers' interests than with advancing their political ends which are to create disorder and anarchy in capitalist systems. Mr. Shastri observes that the agreement aims at prohibiting violence, stopping recriminations and rejecting black flag demonstrations against one another. This in itself is a fair achievement but how long can it stand against political agitation and fierce denunciations? The Trade Unions which believe in advancing the interests of the working class, should decide to concentrate solely on trade union work, eschewing politics completely. Until that happens, there cannot be healthy growth. And for that there must be more workers coming forward to assume the leadership.

The tendency, unfortunately, is rather the other way. The extension of the field of "experts" and professional men is one of the most deplorable things in the Labour sphere. In this connection, the institution of an appellate industrial tribunal must necessarily involve the greater employment of outstanding legal talent to argue both sides. Nothing has been done to guard against this state of affairs which cannot be unknown to the men in authority. The entire approach to the trade union movement suffers from too much obsession with politics and with the surface quarrels of political parties. It is important that this should be abandoned and a more realistic attitude adopted. If the leaders of the INTUC and the Socialist Union are unable to rise above their own political feelings and insist on indulging in useless and wasteful controversy, the State should intervene to clear the field of these intruders and to restore Labour to workers' leadership.

Next To Godliness

A visitor to Karachi expressed himself on his return astonished at the credulity of Pakistan citizens. A report was circulated that one of the criminal tribes who had been caught was to be thrown to the lion at the Zoo. Next morning a huge crowd collected at the zoological gardens to witness the spectacle, not a few sympathising with the lion for the tough diet he was in for. In dejection, they moved off as they found that nothing was happening. The visitor was only showing his ignorance of psychology and his surprise was thoroughly misplaced. That the people believe is an obvious fact. We have evidences of it on all hands. That again truth has a habit of being stranger than fiction is driven home day after day as our own scepticism is disproved by "events" —mainly secretarial "events". Driven to desperation by this constant proving that our unfaith is misplaced, we have adopted an attitude of cautious belief. Like the man who said he believed in God because, if he disbelieved and was wrong, he would assuredly be punished for his folly in the here and hereafter; whilst if he believed and was wrong nobody could be hurt, certainly not he. "Lord I believe' help thou my unbelief" is a cautious attitude and in this perilous world it is better to be careful than to be sorry.

Yet it is difficult to give credence to the story in a local contemporary that Poona tongawallas are bothered by the difficulties of implementing a Government ukase asking them to keep horse excreta off Poona roads. Of the necessity of achieving this end, there is no doubt. We are aware of the part horse dung on the street played in bringing out the peculiar perversion of a young man in one of Havelock Ellis' tomes and saving his fiancee in the nick of time. But as Aristotle has said that dirt is only matter in the wrong place, we accept that all roads should be dung-free. The point conceded, there arises the question — How? and this is the crux of the tongawallas' problem. As they are a little educated class, their thoughts run to remedial measures not preventive. The report tells us that they are considering what kind of sack to use. Being more integrated and exceedingly conscious of the food and substitute food problems of the country, we are more interested in calling attention to the diet of the horse. There must be something radically wrong with the food these poor dumb brutes eat if they are not able to exercise even that restraint which is expected even of the rummy fiend in public places. It is a case definitely calling for hard work at the Institute of Fundamental Research and it should be attended to forthwith. Whether such an order exists or not is immaterial—who are we poor mortals that we should question the loud accents of Rumour?—what is important is that the streets be kept clean, and the tongawalla put out of his misery.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

LONDON: "I am a happy man," observed the Aga Khan in a telephone interview on Thursday with the Cannes correspondent of the London paper, the 'Star', "I have no more valuables left to steal."

He stated that after a further check, the value of the Begum's jewellery stolen by the bandits who ambushed his car was put at 300,000 sterling.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

* * *

The peasants of the U.P. and Bihar might launch a satyagraha campaign if the Government of India failed to take steps by November next towards land reforms.....

That's the sort of thing that the country needs today, doesn't it?

We need hardly add that it was Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Socialist leader, addressing a public meeting at Ambala.

* * *

Dr. Lohia, by the way, insisted that it was wrong to claim that the Congress was responsible for keeping the people united and the weakening of the Congress would mean the weakening of the country.

And to prove his thesis he would proceed to weaken the country by launching agrarian satyagraha in November.

* * *

The Afghan Ambassador in London says, apropos of Mr. Philip Noel-Baker's last statement on behalf of the British Government—that Britain regards Pakistan as having inherited the tribal area—"we do not agree with Mr. Noel Baker.....in speaking of an 'inheritor.' Under international law there is no such thing."

There is. There most certainly is. Otherwise how will white South Africa, with the full support of the "democracies" of the world, be able to inherit South-West Africa?

* * *

"We shall", declares the Afghan Ambassador, "employ all means of a peaceful settlement..... But whatever happens, we shall never allow seven million of our own flesh and blood to be absorbed into Pakistan."

Does he suggest that Pakistan should recognise a Pathan nation?

* * *

At the end of a "fiery" 90-minute speech to the U.N. Economic and Social Council at Geneva, Soviet delegate, A. Artiunian is reported to have proposed a comprehensive commission of trade unionists to investigate forced labour on a world-wide scale.

Too bad. Too bad of the Soviet Union to answer with a mischievous counter proposal, involving colonies, trust territories, South Africa etc. a perfectly innocent British proposal for light on forced labour in the Soviet Union.

* * *

According to a "well-informed Chinese source" in Canton the present comparative lull on China's war fronts is not surprising, being in line with Communist tactics during the Shanghai and Hankow campaign.

The only surprising thing is that it is a sensible view taken by the Canton source.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

By "Citizen"

AN ATTEMPT to get the Corporation to agree to set up special machinery including the formation of a Labour Committee of the Corporation, to secure speedy and proper settlement of labour disputes between the Bombay Municipality and its employees and minimise the number of strikes failed this week.

Mr. Dinkar Desai the solitary trade union representative now in the House, raised this important question by moving a resolution to that effect but after his own speech lasting for full twenty minutes and two more speeches from the Opposition side taking between them another twenty minutes, the Mayor held that the motion was out of order as it went beyond the scope of the Municipal Act. The task of the Committee that the mover envisaged would have been "to advise the Commissioner from time to time on all important labour questions."

NEED FOR A COMMITTEE

Apart from the ruling of the Mayor, which was technically correct, the need of such a Committee for a Corporation which with its 30,000 employees is now the biggest single employer in the whole city cannot be denied. As the mover pointed out one of the main reasons for the frequent labour trouble that the Corporation had been experiencing during the last few years is the absence of direct contact with labour, and too much, almost entire, dependence of the House on its Executive who is busy with the amount of work entrusted to him. Reference was made to the twelve weeks old sweepers' strike also which it was said might have been altogether avoided if such machinery existed and matters had come to the knowledge of the House earlier and were handled in a manner different than the way in which they were being handled.

It is a pity that for technical reasons the suggestion could not be adopted and it was found out that for doing such a simple and obvious thing the present Act will either have to be amended or the Corporation will have to satisfy itself with an ad hoc committee which cannot have the same sanction as a properly constituted committee of the House with sanctions behind it usually has.

STRIKE DRAGS ON

The Sweepers' strike has dragged on for another week, the twelfth one, and both sides are still equally adamant. The sweepers threaten to hold on indefinitely and the Municipal Commissioner has secured permission from the Standing Committee to proceed legally for the ejectment of the strikers from the rooms they occupy. As I observed once before if this was done it would add to the already acute problem of housing shortage and it remains to be seen in the present circumstances what attitude a court would take in the matter. The sweepers although Municipal employees and even though "dismissed" happen to be tenants of the Municipality and the hundreds of cases that would be instituted would create opportunities to test the sections of the Rent Act which governs the relations between landlords and tenants in the city.

WILL RAJAJI TAKE INTEREST?

Next week the Governor-General of the country is going to be in the city for a few days and probably soon after that Sardar Patel the Deputy Prime Minister is also coming here for reasons of health. Sardar Patel has been ordered complete rest and there may not be occasions for him to move about, but looking to programme of Rajaji one can see that he is sure to pass through many parts of the city to fulfil his various engagements. However carefully the authorities may arrange the routes through which his car may pass it will not be possible to keep the dirty and unclean streets and lanes out of his sight. And with the meticulous care that Rajaji takes for keeping every thing clean it will not be a surprise if he were to tell the citizens what he feels about the present state of their city. His interest for the welfare of the Harijans is well-known and when he comes to know that thousands of them have been on a prolonged strike for nearly three months he is bound to feel distressed. I heard murmurs in the lobbies of the House from members of the Congress Party to the effect that it would have been better if the matter were settled before Rajaji and the Sardar came to the city.

NEEDLESS ANNOYANCE.

Poliomyelitis attracted the attention of the House once again when a motion to the effect that the work carried on by official and non-official agencies for fighting this fell disease should be co-ordinated, came up for consideration and was adopted unanimously after the reference to the good work done by the Society for the Rehabilitation of Disabled and Crippled children, made in the original motion was dropped. The Congress party seems to have been needlessly annoyed over an innocent reference to the good work of that institution which has secured praise from Prime Minister Nehru and others, and which has been actively helped by the present Mayor in securing the spacious car for carrying crippled children to the clinic for treatment. The unfortunate references made by the mover of the amendment led the Mayor to take the unusual course of telling the House that it would be better to spare the useful institution from being dragged into an unseemly debate. He also said that the attitude of authorities to that institution was really sympathetic.

A PIQUANT SITUATION

A rather unusual thing happened in the Medical Relief Committee of the Corporation this week. The suggestion of the Municipal Commissioner that the term of Dr. Variava the present Dean of the Nair Hospital should be extended was unanimously rejected

(Continued on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Belated Sensation

"Sensational disclosures" have been made in a series of articles by the unofficial "United Nations World" magazine of New York which are claimed to be based on reported conversations between M. Gromyko and American businessmen. They may be sensational but they are quite stale and out of date. The latest of these sensations is that M. Gromyko made—last summer!—to a "topranking American business man" a peace proposal on behalf of M. Stalin. The striking features of this proposal are a treaty based on the commitments of the Yalta and Potsdam agreements strictly between the United States and the Soviet Union, dismissal of Britain and other Western European countries as "negligible quantities", acceptance of the principle of unanimity in a four-Power control of Germany and a U. S. loan to the Soviet Union of two thousand million dollars. The authenticity of the disclosure is not beyond doubt. If anything by way of an offer from the Soviet leader had been suggested by M. Gromyko last summer it would have created a sensation long ago.

Tragic Determination

In any case, a great deal has happened since last summer, which makes it clear that, even if any such offer was made it was not entertained with any seriousness. The Atlantic Pact, its ratification by signatory countries and the processes of its implementation are events of the post-"offer" period. Nor has the Soviet Union been idle in the meantime. All these indicate not even a willingness to come nearer but an actual and significant widening of the gulf between the U.S.-led West and Soviet-led East. Nor is it surprising. It is difficult to imagine that the U.S. will consent to go back to Yalta and Potsdam. And it is even more difficult to imagine that it will consent to ignore its Western allies. And of course, the question of a loan does not, in the present circumstances, arise at all. The need for an enduring peace was never so grimly obvious and urgent. For, with the weapons that the leading rivals have produced and improved during the last several years, a war—and it will be a total and global war—will practically destroy humanity. The termined not to compromise for the inevitable doom both sides are yet determinated not to compromise for the sake of peace.

"Greater Jaipur"

The ambition to plan 'greater' towns has begun to exert its influence on the newly constituted State Unions also. The Government of Rajasthan has appointed a committee to draw up a scheme for the development of 'Greater Jaipur'. Before visualising a 'Greater Jaipur', it should have fully realised the greatness of the existing town. Jaipur is an exception to other towns inasmuch as it is a typical example of town-planning and architecture which were a living tradition in India a century ago. The civic design and architecture, to which it owes its eminence, have drawn tourists from all over the world; and they must retain their distinctive character even if the town is replanned and expanded. The formulation of any scheme for its development demands imagination and insight into the tradition of which it is a symbol. The Government of Rajasthan should realise the implications of the planning of Jaipur as a greater town before embarking upon any project. If a town of the eminence of Jaipur cannot be replanned after the model of its own, it should be better left alone for the present.

Against Racialism

Re-affirmation of the international policy of the Government of India towards racialism was the leading note of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's speech at a function arranged at New Delhi in honour of Mr. Peter Koinange—the East African educationist and political leader. The Government's policy, said Pandit Nehru, was directed against racial inequality existing in some parts of the world and was clearly stated in the Constitution. He then declared that determination of the Government to practise its policy to the full. Having attained independence, India is now in a position to fight the evil of racialism with increased vigour and to help the countries which have suffered through it. Only last month the Government had to enter a strong protest against South Africa's latest anti-Asian legislation—the Asiatic Land Tenure Amendment Act. East Africa has remained an under-developed country in consequence of its exploitation by foreigners. Consistently with the international policy of this country Pandit Nehru assured help to East Africa in her efforts to develop herself. East Africa and other oppressed and under-developed countries should lend active support to India in her stand against racialism and exploitation. Time has now come for all such countries to create a strong front to defeat the forces which are hampering the march of true democracy.

Common Obligation

The Afghan Ambassador in London, Sardar Faiz Mohammed Zegria Khan, who is shortly leaving for Kabul for urgent discussions, declares that Afghanistan is not prepared to accept the thesis as propounded by Mr. Philip Noel-Baker that Britain regarded Pakistan as the inheritor of tribal areas under International Law. The problem unfortunately cannot be settled just on the basis of what the position is strictly under International Law. No court of international justice can solve it. The United Nations may by using its good offices in favour of a freindly settlement between Pakistan, Afghanistan and the Pathans of the areas concerned. That implies the existence among the parties of a desire for friendly settlement. It is thus ultimately a question of mutual good will. And in the interests of all concerned and of general peace the serious obligation devolves both on Kabul and Karachi to strive together for a common understanding.

Bonus Muddle

The ordinance which made it obligatory on the part of the workers to accept a part of their bonus in National Savings Certificates seemed to threaten at one time the industrial peace of the city. The Communists out to take advantage of any situation which promised trouble, called for a general strike and failed dismally. The Socialists who had the mortification of seeing their call to a token one day strike misfire last year, were wiser this time; they advised the workers to desist from receiving the bonus, and when the Government of India, especially Dr. Matthai seemed to show scant attention to their demands, they were piqued and tentatively called for a general strike of textile workers. They have now decided to withdraw the strike call. The Government of India, for its part watered down the ordinance to such an extent that it very nearly nullified the laudable purpose which the ordinance had in view. And now it is revealed that over a lakh and fifty thousand textile workers had taken their bonus till Friday afternoon, but ninety per cent of the workers who had accepted a part of the bonus in National Savings Certificates have cashed them. It is a moot point whether the results would have been better—from the Government's point of view—if propaganda and not indirect coercion was the method used. The Socialist Party's reputation as responsible leaders of labour has suffered a setback in this sorry deal. The leaders of the party no doubt felt that the objective of the Government was in the national interest: but they sensed the unwillingness of the conservative workers to make a forced investment. They tried to play upon this grievance, but they counted without the robust common sense of the Indian worker. When he found that after all there was nothing more than the waiting of—may be—some hours that was involved in all this business, he naturally preferred waiting to the doubtful benefits of an indefinite strike. It will be a lesson for the Socialist Party and their decision in the General Strike shows that they have taken it to heart.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

National Flag

We have 'not' learnt to respect our national flag though we have been an independent nation for about two years now. This is disgraceful.

A national flag is not one more scrap of rag which flutters in the air. It is the emblem of national individuality, national pride and national good-will. It would be no exaggeration to say that a country's civilization can be measured by the way its people respect their national flag.

Dragging the national flag in commercial advertisements is yet another shameful innovation indulged in by unthinking business men. We would do well if we take it upon ourselves to respect our flag properly.

Children in schools should be told in classes what the flag stands for and the way to respect it.

—P. R. DESAI.

Tram Fares Change

I have closely followed the controversy in the Press regarding the proposed abolition of transfer tickets over the tramway system. I cannot but help feeling that the issue has been clouded by extraneous considerations. Although the proposed abolition of the transfer tickets would cause a certain amount of hardship to a certain section of the travelling public, the benefits accruing from the introduction of standard fares of one anna for long distance and 1/2 anna for short distance, coupled with through and direct services on all routes should outweigh any drawbacks in the proposed change.

The continuance of transfer tickets leads to unnecessary wastage of conductors' time through their having to punch a number of holes in each transfer ticket; and heated arguments at times with passengers, resulting in considerable delay. If the transfer tickets are abolished and fares standardised the service will be speeded up. Any savings as a result of the scheme can be used to provide additional amenities to tram passengers in the form of upholstered seats, better internal lighting and the like.

—D. B. MEHTA.

Inflation

The greatest deterrent to inflation and all the miseries caused thereby is a healthy export trade for any country.

India unfortunately, has little to export but one of the largest of her exports is groundnuts. Every year thousands upon thousands of tons find their way to overseas markets. This year, however, these exports of groundnuts are practically nil.

The sole reason for this is that a few rich speculators have joined together and cornered the market forcing the price up to such a height that merchants in other countries just refuse to deal with India.

Up to a few weeks ago Britain was negotiating to buy from India the enormous quantity of about 10 lacs of tons of groundnuts at a price around Rs. 32 to 33 per hundredweight which is a very fair and profitable rate.

Suddenly the small click of bulls stepped in and forced the price up to the almost incredible level of over Rs. 40. The result is that Britain has called the deal off and has actually purchased her requirements from Nigeria. These are known facts and are beyond dispute.

Is it right that one man, that is really what the bull ring consists of plus a few hangars on, should have the power or be allowed to bring such ruination to India and not a finger raised by the Government against him. Everyone knows who he is, certainly the Bombay Government does. It is no exaggeration to say that thousands of workers in the fields will be ruined, poverty and unemployment will be rampant and the next evil is inflation.

One hears that the Grain Merchants' Association are doing what they can to curb these unpatriotic millionaires but surely it is a matter for the Bombay or Central Governments to take up. If Government are prepared to stop gambling such as is done at Rummy, why do they not step in now and smash these millionaires by fixing the price for groundnuts at its correct price of Rs. 33 the equivalent of the price paid by Britain to Nigeria.

—M. P. VELJI.

Judicial Clerks

Mr. Bhalerao, in his letter has rightly invited Government's attention to the step-motherly treatment accorded to the members of the non-gazetted ministerial services in the Judicial Department. While a Clerk in the Judicial Department, however bright his academic career may be and whatever his qualifications as a capable and efficient worker may be, may never get a chance of promotion to the rank of a Gazetted Officer, even an undergraduate clerk in the Revenue Department may, on passing the Qualifying Test Examination, some day find himself elevated to the rank and position of a District Deputy Collector. Some with the least University qualifications are actually District Collectors today. Are such prospects open before a Clerk in the Judicial Department. Can he ever aspire to be a Civil Judge or a Resident Magistrate?

For effective and impartial administration of justice, not only the Judges but the entire machinery of the Judicial Department ought to be above suspicion. To attain this, better prospects of career must be offered to the non-gazetted ministerial servants in the Judicial Department also. This can be done in two ways. Either by revising the scales of pay so as to enable the members of the said service to keep their independence and dignity with self-respect and to hold themselves above suspicion; or by allowing them to appear for the Qualifying Test Examination or such similar Test which may be regarded as one of the qualifications for appointment as Resident Magistrates etc.

At one time it was the policy of Bombay Government, to select Sheristedars of District Courts for appointment as Civil Judges (then styled as Subordinate Judges). Quite a number of them proved to be good Judges. Although Government has now given up that policy, for reasons best known to it, there is every justification for demanding a better scale of pay in the case of non-gazetted ministerial services in the Judicial Department than what is today "inspite of recent" revision in the scales of pay as a fitting recompense for the permanent closing of the gates to prospective career.

—M. R. DALVI.

National Anthem

The question of India adopting a National Anthem of her own has become a vital issue. There are at present two candidates in the field, 'Jana-Gana-Mana' and 'Vande Mataram'. Neither of them is strictly in the National Language of India.

Really a National Anthem must reflect the Nation's ideal. The Gayatri was adopted as India's National Anthem in ancient times. That may not suit present day needs. We can select another. Harmony and concord have been the most noteworthy feature of Indian genius and this is the most glorious gift which India can offer to the present day world. The concluding hymn in the Rigveda is a prayer for "Harmony and Concord in National Life". Can this not be adopted as India's National Anthem?

It contains four verses. The first three contain references to certain Divinities and religious practices and, as such, may not fit in with the needs of a National Anthem in modern times. But the last verse, which is also the last verse in the Rigveda, is free form all such limitations. It will serve the purpose very well.

There is no objection to adopting the entire hymn of four verses as the National Anthem. On ceremonial occasions, only the last verse need be sung. It can be either recited or sung, set to tune by experts. Even Rigveda passages were either recited with proper accent and intonation or sung in tunes of the Samveda.

The passage reads:

May these be concord in your understanding; may there be concord in your hearts;
May there be concord in your minds; may you whereby remain united together.

Similar appropriate passages are available in the Ramayana, Mahabharata and other ancient works. But the Rigveda is the rock foundation of our ancient civilization, and following an Upanishadic passage as the National Motto, the most appropriate thing will be to select a Rigvedic passage as India's National Anthem.

—C. KUNHAN RAJA.

OPEN AIR

It is well known that flying foxes make use of the same tree year after year for their roosting place, and we have all seen them hanging during the day from the branches of some tamarind, pipul or banyan tree, often in a very crowded and noisy locality, and flying off at dusk on silent wings just as the crows, kites and paddy birds are returning to roost. Many of the smaller fruit bats also have favoured trees, or, in some cases, caves where they roost in company,—in fact bats and flying foxes generally seem to favour community life and we usually see hundreds and hundreds together. Over a fortnight ago, however, we discovered a solitary Short-nosed Fruit Bat on our mango tree, and it has not changed its resting place since we first saw it. It hangs there, upside down, clinging tightly to its twig, with its wings drawn closely around it like a cloak, so that all we can see is the rat-like, little velvety grey head, with its rounded ears, and a pair of beady, bright eyes that peep down at us directly it realises that we are watching it.

—D. R.

BAT

NEHRU REVIEWS STATE OF NATION

(Continued from page 1)

sert in Rajputana ten to twelve feet below the ground as "dramatic" and said that within the next six months Government hoped to turn 12,000 acres of desert into farmland.

Pandit Nehru reported a "progressive decline" in labour trouble in the last two years.

KASHMIR

On Kashmir, Pandit Nehru said that no progress had been made in drawing up a truce line. "I just cannot say when it will be made."

When his attention was drawn to the Idd message of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, wherein a reference was made to the thirty million brethren who are not yet free", Pandit Nehru said: "It is a very unjustifiable remark for anyone to make, much more so when it came from the Prime Minister of Pakistan who is holding a responsible position". Asked whether a protest has been lodged, Pandit Nehru nodded his head in the affirmative.

HYDERABAD

In reply to a question about the future of Hyderabad and Kashmir, Pandit Nehru said that it was completely wrong to call the present Government in Hyderabad a military Government. There was no doubt a Military Governor. Apart from that it was not a military government. It was certainly a nominated Government. "It is proposed to have some kind of election on the basis of adult suffrage", said the Prime Minister, "by the end of this year in Hyderabad. Electoral rolls are getting ready. The people will elect a Constituent Assembly and I have no doubt the Constituent Assembly will proceed with its business. Much depends upon their decision. I cannot say whether there will be a change in the administration in the meantime or not."

CEASE-FIRE LINE

As regards Kashmir, the Prime Minister said that a cease-fire line had been definitely established. It was quite different from a truce line. The cease-fire line was a military problem, and no political consideration was involved in the determination of a cease-fire line. It was purely a factual matter to decide where the respective forces were on the first of January.

The agreement on cease-fire line was good in so far as it put an end to all kinds of incursions and infiltrations. The determination of truce line was a big step. It need not be the same and in fact it could not be the same because in regard to truce, all kinds of political and other considerations also applied. No progress had been made in regard to a truce line

FRENCH COLONIES IN INDIA

No Desire To Hurry

Pandit Nehru said that the position with regard to French foreign possessions in India remained where it was. Chandernagore had decided by a referendum in favour of joining the Indian Union and some time or other it would do so. It might take two or three months.

"We do not wish to hurry this process", said Pandit Nehru. "The thing has been decided, but certain legal formulae have to be gone through not by us but by the French Parliament. So as soon as they go through them the transfer will take place. What we are anxious about Chandernagore was not so much the question of legal transfer, but rather that there should be no interregnum between these two Governments because Chandernagore has often been in the past rather a nest of undesirable people going from Calcutta and hiding from there and we did not want that to continue.

"I hope some steps will be taken to prevent that kind of thing happening. Otherwise it does not really matter if it takes two or three months more for the transfer".

FRENCH CULTURE

"So far as other places like Pondicherry, etc., are concerned, there is going to be a referendum round about December. A delegation from these French possessions, which had previously been to Paris, came here and we had talks with them. We told them exactly what our policy has been all this time. If you refer to the resolution that the Jaipur Congress passed last December, you will find that policy clearly stated.

"Our policy, first of all, is that these foreign possessions must necessarily revert to India because we cannot tolerate the idea of this Indian sub-continent having footholds occupied by foreign powers. But apart from that, we have said that as far as possible, autonomy should be given, their distinctive character should be recognised and a period of transition with their consent and co-operation should be fixed".

Pandit Nehru pointed out that in a place like Pondicherry the last 250 or 300 years of French domination had developed many French habits, French cultural ways and traditions which "we rather welcome". He added: "We do not wish to remove them. We should rather like indeed, Pondicherry to remain a centre of French culture in India. We should like to encourage it to remain there. It is for them to decide.

"So we told the delegation that we should like to keep them as distinctive and autonomous units and then gradually in the Course of the next two or three years decide in consultation with them what exactly is the form of Government, etc. which they might have."

ONLY DELAY

Asked whether it would have been impossible for India to tell the French Government, "Your possessions in India were gifts from the British. Now that the British have honourably quitted, you better follow their path", Pandit Nehru said: "I know that it will be a completely logical position. In fact, the position we have taken up is not quite logical. We say, and we stand by it, that this matter should be decided by the vote of the people there.

"On the other hand, we also say that we cannot conceive of any foreign power remaining there, vote or no vote. What it really means is that if the vote went against joining India, we would submit to it now, but the question would remain unsolved till it is solved otherwise later. It simply means delaying a solution of the problem. Fortunately, that contingency is not likely to arise, so it does not matter."

PORTUGAL TOO

As regards Portugal, Pandit Nehru said "We have not told Portugal directly anything. As a matter of fact our Minister to Portugal will be going there within the course of the next week or so."

Question: "Do we take it that our stand with regard to Portuguese possessions will be the same as that with regard to the French?"

Pandit Nehru: "Exactly the same

NATIONALISATION OF INDUSTRIES

Accent On Production

Asked whether Government's policy on nationalisation of key industries was not standing in the way of foreign investment in India Pandit Nehru, said: "What the Government of India has said is not that we will do this or do that after ten years. What we said was that we would not nationalise certain industries for ten years. It was a negative attitude and not a positive one."

He said that nationalisation was no. the solvent of various ills. Much more important than nationalisation was greater production. "If nationalisation would increase our production, we will have it. If it does not, we shall not have it", he said, and added that the deciding factor was whether it would increase our production or not.

The Prime Minister explained that nationalisation of certain industries meant the state buying up private industries and plants and paying compensation for it. He said that it was not wise to lock up the money in those industries unless it meant greater production.

Pandit Nehru said, "We feel it is far wiser to employ our money in new ventures. We feel it is far better to leave the present plants as they are and use all the available sources in new ventures—state-owned or partially state-owned.

"Suppose the Government nationalised the present industries, not only the state had to tie up a large amount of money, but the production would be exactly the same. Due to rapid changes in technology before the construction of a pant was complete, it became obsolete.

"Why should a Government go out of its way to acquire out-of date plant and put their money in it? If they had money, they should build new plants. Nevertheless, each case had to be dealt with on merit, on the consideration whether the taking up of the plant would mean an increase in production or not. The policy should not be automatic nationalisation, whether it was good or not."

NOT COMMITMENT

"With regard to key industries which the Government feel should be state-owned" Pandit Nehru said "We are committed not to nationalise them for ten years." He added: "Frankly speaking, we have not got the resources to do it and we are too busy with other things also. Even after ten years, we may not nationalise them. But at any moment if an industry fails due to incompetence or other reasons, we shall intervene." So far as foreign industries were concerned, he said that they would be governed by special arrangements with them.

VICIOUS CIRCLE

Referring to economic policy, Pandit Nehru said that the country was involved in a vicious circle of higher prices and higher wages. It was obvious that unless the productive capacity was increased, India could not compete with other countries nor could it be possible to bring down the prices. It was also obvious that wages could not be lowered and must not be lowered. Greater production could be achieved only by increasing the productive capacity of labour and the plant along with the introduction of rationalised scheme.

Normally, labour had been opposed to rationalisation because it would lead to unemployment, but there was no way out, except rationalisation. The Government must look after the labour who would be then out of employment and the Government could do it. Everyone and the labour must recognise the fact that "we have to rationalise as we have to increase the output and reduce the cost of commodities."

REDS' ACTIVITIES IN THE COUNTRY

Poorly Publicized

Questioned about Communist activities in India, Pandit Nehru said that the Home Ministry had been very remiss about publicising this matter. "I hope they will tell you more about these activities than they have done thus far and perhaps placed before you various circulars, leaflets and other pamphlets issued by the Communist Party or on its behalf here, which contain open incitement to murder, violence, sabotage, etc.

"There is no doubt that the policy of the Communist Party in India is a policy which is completely allied with violence and which has nothing to do with any economic betterment of labour in the case of strikes, etc. it is just meant to create trouble and chaos."

Pandit Nehru said that the Communists had been trying this in Hyderabad and the Andhra border and in parts of Bengal. They could bring off an outrage here and there sometimes, but it was dead clear that they were enraging the general public against them.

CALCUTTA EPISODE

Pandit Nehru said that before his visit to Calcutta some weeks ago, for about ten days a "raging, tearing campaign" was carried on there for the boycott of his visit, not only by the Communist Party but by a number of other splinter groups and other parties—he was sorry to say they included Socialists—and people saw an example of the Left unity that was so much talked about. All joined in boycotting his visit.

It did seem extraordinarily unwise to measure their strength with him on that issue, because the result showed that it was roughly a question of a million to a thousand (attenance at Pandit Nehru's meeting and at the rival meeting respectively). Thus far a handful of armed people had succeeded in creating such a lot of apprehension in Calcutta.

A dozen armed men could hold up a tram car, turn the people out and burn it. The people used to watch the tram car burning because there were half a dozen armed men standing by. Since his Calcutta visit, there had hardly been any trouble in Calcutta or round about there barring minor cases.

The change that had taken place was extraordinary and was worth noting. The change was due not to Government doing something mighty —of course, Government functioned; it had to function—but due to the people of Calcutta taking charge of the situation.

ORDER TO POLICE

"I told the police to interfere as little as possible," the Prime Minister said. "I said, 'You are interfering much too much. When the police interfere, unfortunately they do not easily distinguish between the guilty and the innocent and they get excited. Of course the police had to interfere when they see something happening. Otherwise, let the people take charge.

"The result was that this popular feeling in Calcutta rose against this kind of thing. Two or three incidents happened, but immediately another tram car was burnt. In spite of the mischief-makers being armed, they got a bad beating from the public and not from the police. After that they found that it was not a comfortable proceeding to burn a tram car."

Pandit Nehru paid a tribute to the people of Calcutta and the police for their "amazing discipline at the mammoth meeting in spite of the homo outrage." It showed that the mischief-making elements succeeded only when people lost their discipline or got frightened by them. As soon as the people held together, the mischief-makers could not do anything.

FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA

No Bloc Alignment

Outlining the foreign policy of India, Pandit Nehru reiterated, "India does not align herself with any particular power bloc." He said that though it was a negative point of statement, it was not based on negative policy. He pointed out that India was the biggest and the oldest and a classical example of an imperially governed country. For over 200 years, a certain relationship had developed between the East and West. Now that relationship was changing very much.

"The United Nations did not realise that change. They were thinking much more in terms of European problems. Not that they were not important, but it was a question of perspective. They had not adapted themselves to the actual changes that had taken place. All those who talked of power politics—which was realistic enough—did not seem to take into consideration the changed conditions in Asia.

"When she staged her own career and even during her struggle for freedom, India had always been talking about three ideals, namely, in terms of other subject nations being free, in terms of no racial discrimination, and in terms of world peace. Free India's foreign policy flowed from those three things.

INDIA'S PERSONALITY

Pandit Nehru said: "I think it may be definitely said that India is one of those countries with a 'powerful personality' which has survived through the ages and is no doubt going ahead with full vigour in future. It may stumble or fall and it may commit mistakes or not.

"Nevertheless, the vital personality, influenced by many things—Socialist ideas, Communist ideas to some extent—had been powerfully influenced above everything by Mahatma Gandhi's personality and teachings."

Pandit Nehru also referred to the "bloodbath" through which the subcontinent passed following the partition and the problems that were created by it and said that many schemes were simply set aside in order to deal with the day-to-day situation that overwhelmed the administration.

DISTINCT APPROACH.

India's approach to the foreign as well as domestic problems, he said, was a distinct approach, coloured by Western thought and political theory powerfully influenced by her own capacity to look at things and Mahatma Gandhi's personality. Pandit Nehru said: "It is a part of the mission of India now and it is the business of India, to help in the reorientation of the relation between East and West and gradually make it normal, because it has been abnormal in the past".

He added: "Until there is a proper balance between East and West there will be troubles and difficulties. There has been a lack of understanding of the true situation. India is consciously trying to bring the relationship between East and West on a sounder footing and understanding of each other."

The centre of gravity was not in London, Washington or Moscow, but the world must be taken as one unit. Certainly Asia with all her weaknesses was waking up and there was a great deal of vitality in Asia. She could not tolerate the idea of foreign domination, political or economic or interference. She wishes to cooperate on equal terms.

QUESTION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES

A Difficult Business

As regards civil liberties, Pandit Nehru said. "We have been feeling, not in regard to the Communist Party but generally speaking, that we can afford to relax some of the measures, repressive, etc., that Government had to take, and we have done that. Large numbers of people who were detained have been released. Other steps of this kind have also been taken. It is always a very difficult business.

"We are accused by various people and groups of crushing civil liberty. Sometimes people outside India make wild statements about 25,000 peasants and workers being put in prison by us and something like that. I saw a statement coming from London the other day.

"There is often a conflict between the state's duty to maintain security and the state's duty to maintain liberty. Both should be maintained, but in moments of crisis for a state, security becomes the more basic thing, after which only liberty can come. Some conception of civil liberty of some people seems to be to interfere as much as possible with other people's liberty."

It was presumably in accordance with some conception of civil liberty that certain elements advised the people of Calcutta to boycott his visit, Pandit Nehru said. "I did not interfere with them. I had gone there to address a public meeting. Anybody could come to the meeting or he need not. This boycott business was an enlargement of their idea of civil liberty."

INTERFERENCE

Proceeding, Pandit Nehru said that the people who interfered with public meetings and tried to break them up with hooligianism were interfering with the liberties of the people while all the time shouting about civil liberties

It was essential where there was public disorder to put that down rigorously, if necessary by repressive legislation, in order that civil liberty, or in fact any kind of liberty, might flourish. All this talk of civil liberty, by the same people who sought to subvert it, was "all bunkum and nonsense".

A correspondent asked, "Will you seek the co-operation of the R. S. S. fighting what is generally known as the Communist menace"

The Prime Minister replied that personally he would say that although the R. S. S. and the Communists were in a sense poles apart. Nevertheless, in another sense they were very near to each other, both in their love of violence and their authoritarianism.

NO TRUSTING OF R.S.S.

In odd places, there was sometimes even some co-operation between the two just to oppose the Congress. "So far as we are concerned, we are glad at the removal of all kinds of barriers and bans which existed in the case of the R. S. S. and nearly all of them have been discharged from prison. But frankly, we do not trust the R. S. S. very much and we shall keep a very vigilant outlook in regard to it."

Question: "Between Communism and communalism, which is the lesser evil?"

Pandit Nehru: An extraordinary question to ask. Which do you prefer? Death by drowning or falling from a precipice?

NO TROUBLE IN TIBET

About Tibet, Pandit Nehru said that the news about revolt or rebellion in Tibet was baseless. There was no trouble at all in Tibet. The Tibetan Government for reasons of its own had decided to send away some Chinese residents there and India which lay on their route was asked to allow them passage.

Yesterday he saw in a Bombay weekly something on this subject. More fantastic nonsense or anything more removed from the truth he could not imagine. That weekly and other papers were the limit, and even that limit had been passed.

Pandit Nehru said: "Journalists should not indulge in these falsehoods", Judgingi by the kind of stuff that appeared in newspapers here in English, Hindi, Urdu and other languages and the kind of criticisms that appeared, nobody could say that the press of India was severely repressed.

Every journalist should know that even in regard to expression of the truth, sometimes one had to restrain himself lest that truth might produce a serious situation in foreign matters. But when it was not even truth, but falsehood, utter and absolute falsehood, it was an amazing thing that any man should do this.

ALAKNANDA BANK EROSION WAXES

Erection Of Crib Wall: Course Of River Being Diverted

(From Our Correspondent).

BADRINATH, Aug. 5.—Erosion of Alaknanda Bank caused recently below the temple of Shri Badrinathjee, is very serious and has much advanced. This is what Snri Y. N. Zutshi, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Karnaprayag, told me who rushed here on Tuesday last, to take protective measures.

Shri Zutshi has started the construction of a crib wall, and as a perfect measure the Alakananda river is being diverted towards the left side by constructing a channel on that side so that current would not cause more erosion of the right bank, on which the Temple stands. In 1933 also the River had caused similar erosion of the right bank, endangering the Temple. At the time the retaining wall had been constructed for protection of the temple at a cost of Rs. 25,000 donated by Her Highness Maharani Nepal who was fortunately here on a pilgrimage.

This wall has succumbed recently giving rise to the recrudescence of the danger to the temple. Mr. L. B. Gilbert, Executive Engineer, P.W.D., along with Mr. J. B. Auden of the Geological Survey of India had inspected the site in 1932 and strongly recommended a retaining wall along the whole length of the right bank from Taptakund to Hramakapul in the middle of which stands Gandhighat, where the ashes of revered Bapuji were immersed.

It is high time that Government took up the work of permanent embankment during this season, which closes in November. Sjt. Zutshi intends to stay here till the danger is fully averted.

WHEAT COMMITMENTS OF AUSTRALIA

India's Informal Talks Still Proceeding

CANBERRA, Aug. 5 (PTI-Reuter)—A Government spokesman said today that India had made no specific proposals for a long-term agreement under which Australia would supply her with wheat in place of that normally imported from dollar countries.

Informal talks on the possibility of such an agreement had been held but the exploratory stage had not been passed, he said.

Australia's capacity to meet such an agreement would depend on harvest variations and the needs of Britain, which had been taking the greater part of Australia's surplus either for her own use or for overseas territories.

Science Can Be Taught In Indian Languages

BOMBAY, Friday: The Council of the National Institute of Sciences of India has reached the conclusion that it is possible to teach science in any Indian language up to the undergraduate level and at the post-graduate stage the medium of instruction can be any, agreed upon by the teacher and the students.

International scientific terms should, however, be used except when there are in any particular Indian language well established words in common use with unambiguous meaning. No attempt should be made to invite new Indian equivalents for international or foreign scientific terms, since such procedure will have an adverse effect on the growth of Indian science.

This conclusion was reached after the Council had considered a report of the Committee appointed to study the question. Prof. S.N. Bose of the Calcuta University, President of the Institute, presided.

J. S. Anderson Felicitated

BOMBAY, Friday.

At a tea party held in honour of Mr. J. S. Anderson, the retiring President of the Bombay Overseas Freight Brokers' Association, at the Taj Mahal Hotel this evening, warm tributes were paid to the services rendered to the Association by Mr. Anderson.

The party was arranged by the Association, and the new President of the Association, Mr. Vithaldas Purshottam, presented an address to Mr. Anderson on behalf of the Association.

TAPPERS TO DEFY PROHIBITION LAW

Madura Movement

MADURA, August 5 (P.T.I.): An attempt by ex-toddy tappers to defy the prohibition law now in force in the Province is reported from Samayanallur, a village 10 miles from Madura. It is stated toddy tappers in the area who were thrown out of work following the introduction of prohibition are organising a movement to break the prohibition law.

The Madura Taluk Police yesterday raided several places is Samayanallur Village and arrested eight ex-toddy tappers for attempting to tap toddy from cocoanut trees.

WORLD EDUCATION ON GANDHIAN PRINCIPLES

Indian Plan Well Received

NEW DELHI, August 5 (P.T.I.).

DR. M. S. ADISESHIAH, Deputy Director, Department of Exchange of Persons of the United Nations Educational, Social and Cultural Organisation told the "P.T.I." today that the proposal of the National Commission for India of the U.N.E.S.C.O., for a Gandhian Plan of education for the world, had been received very favourably by the other countries.

The details of the plan would be worked out by the National Commission and submitted to the U.N.E.S.C.O.'s next conference to be held at Florence (Italy) in May 1950.

The plan would be based on Mahatma Gandhi's ideals of cultural, scientific and economic education, he added.

Dr. Adiseshiah who had been deputed by the U.N.E.S.C.O., to confer with the Government of India, on the implementation of U.N.E.S.C.O., projects in India, has had discussions with the officials of the Ministry of Education and members of the National Commission of the U.N.E.S.C.O., in India.

He met the members of the Universities Commission at Simla. He also visited Madras and Bombay, where he had discussions with leading educationists and officials on their plans of basic and adult education.

DATA COLLECTED

Dr. Adiseshiah said he had collected a large amount of data which would be of use in two ways. The experience of India, would be made available to the countries in Middle East, East and South East Asia, and Latin America who were faced with similar problems. Information and experience of more advanced countries in this field would also be made available to India for its future work.

Dr. Adiseshiah said one of the ways in which the UNESCO could assist India in its schemes of education was to help in training teachers and administrators in basic and adult education. The United Nations Economic and Social Council was at present discussing in parts United Nations programme of technical assistance to underdeveloped countries.

A total sum of thirty-six million dollars was being budgeted for and if it was sanctioned UNESCO'S share of it would be six million dollars. The Government of India and the National Commission were at present discussing how much help they would request the UNESCO to give.

SEMINAR IN MYSORE

A seminar to be known as the "India-UNESCO Seminar" would also be held this year in Mysore. Adult education experts from all over the world would be attending the seminar. Thirteen Asian countries had so far accepted the invitation to attend the seminar. The UNESCO had contributed 40,000 dollars for the expenses connected with the seminar.

The UNESCO had also given some fellowships to Indian scholars to study abroad. Two fellowships had been granted for study of mathematical computation machines in America and one for the study of "causes of tensions among linguistic, religious and racial minorities." UNESCO was also assisting the Government of India in the proper utilisation of its scheme of overseas scholarships for Indian students and also grant of fellowships to foreigners to study in India.

Dr. Adiseshiah said he was very much impressed with the work of the National Commission of the UNESCO in India and said it could compare "very favourably" with similar National Commissions in the United States and United Kingdom. He was sure that India's contribution to UNESCO would be "substantial".

HIGH-LEVEL TALKS IN PONDICHERRY

3-Man Delegation Meets Commissioner

PONDICHERRY, Aug. 5 (PTI)—M. Jean Georges Chambon, Commissioner for French Indian Settlements last evening received the three-man delegation—consisting of Mr. B. Balasubramaniam Pillai, President of the French India Representative Assembly, M. Edourt Goubert, Councillor of Labour and General Administration and Mr. Karuendra Mudaliar, Councillor for Finance and Education.

The discussions centred round the delegations activities and parleys with French and Indian Governments.

The delegation had recently returned after a visit to Paris and New Delhi to get a clearer picture of the status of French Indian Settlements in the post-referendum period.

Other members of the French India Government including Muthu Pillai, Mayor of Pondicherry also took part in the discussions.

French officials in charge of various departments were present.

No official announcement or communique has so far been issued on the result of the discussions.

LONDON, August 4 (P.T.I.): Mr. Chunilal, President of the Motion picture society of India, said in London today that the Indian film industry wanted a central censorship for the whole country, so that a film passed, for instance, in Bombay did not get banned in Bengal or Madras or vice versa

COAL

Consumers of coal and coke who have already been granted permits by the Provincial Coal Controller, Bombay, are entitled to draw the following percentage of quotas against these permits during the month of August, 1949:—

Steam Coal ..	100%
Soft Coke ..	100%
Deshi Bhatta (for Industrial Consumers only). ..	100%
Foundry Hard Coke for industrial use only).	75%

In addition 25% Deshi Bhatta coke will be issued on demand to those foundries who require this fuel.

Consumers desirous of having a permit for the purchase either of Deshi Bhatta, or soft coke or steam coal may apply to the Provincial Coal Controller, No. 10 Queen's Barracks, opposite Cooperage, Bombay for the same for consideration of their application.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the 32nd Rationing Week commencing from Sunday, August 7, 1949, to Saturday, August 13, 1949, has been fixed as follows:—

Total Cereal Ration Per Week	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units)	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of One Unit.
Total Cereal Ration Per Week ..	84 ozs.	42 ozs.	28 ozs.
Maximum available in—			
(a) Raw Rice Sort I-A or (b) Raw Rice Sort I or (c) Boiled Rice Sort II or (d) Raw Rice Sort II (IF AVAILABLE) or (e) Raw Rice Sort I-C (IF AVAILABLE)	28 ozs.	14 ozs.	8 ozs.
Maximum available in (a) Wheatgrain *	48 ozs.	24 ozs.	12 ozs.
(b) In addition in exchange for rice quantum	28 ozs.	14 ozs.	8 ozs.
Maximum available in Dehusked Barley	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	8 ozs.
Maximum available in Milo (IF AVAILABLE) ..	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	8 ozs.

(16 ozs. make one lb.)

*Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread Unit for 28 ozs. of wheat ration. One Bread Unit is equivalent to 28 ozs. of Bread.

Bread is only available on Bread Tickets during the week marked on the tickets and upto Saturday of the following week.

As a measure to reduce consumption of rice cardholders are allowed to draw their rice quota wholly or in part in wheatgrain. The combined Rice-Wheat quota should not exceed 76 ozs. of which only 28 ozs. will be available in rice.

Stop Press

BRITISH AND U. S. CHINA POLICY SAME

LONDON, Aug. 5. (UPA): The Foreign Office said today no official reaction would be available until the United States White Paper on China and Acheson's letter were thoughly studied. But it is understood the first impression was that U. S. policy is largely the same as British. A British official said "We must vigorously resist any suggestion that Communist successes involved permanent loss to free civilization of a people with whom we have in the past enjoyed ties of association and friendship."

U. S. WARNED

NEW YORK, Aug. 5 (UPA): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's personal representative in the United States admitted today that the "old regime had wasted some American aid." But Dr. C. H. Kan pleaded that the United States "gamble on the new regime" of Acting President Li Tsungjen and warned that a failure to halt the Asian Communism now will mean "your boys will have to fight in Burma, Indo-China and Siam".

RED DEMONSTRATORS

PARIS, Aug. 5. (UPA): Eight thousand heavily armed police and army troops tonight threw back Communist demonstrators trying to reach the United States Embassy and arrested at least 12 of them. The mammoth demonstration called by the French Communists to protest against the Atlantic Treaty defense talks fizzled out in the face of a show of strength by police and army.

On The Indian Screen

Kuldeep and Manorama in "Ma-ka-Pyar"

"Ma Ka Pyar" Due Next Friday

A mystery drama, "Ma Ka Pyar" coming to Lamington and Broadway next Friday, promises many creeping thrills to film fans. The story begins with a murder, which leads to many a complication. Till the murderer is spotted lot of innocent people fall under suspicion and are made miserable. The story leads to a powerful climax, when the murderer is trapped at last. Sulochana Chatterji and Prem Adib are in the leading role, ably supported by Manorama and Kumar. Gope and Ranjit Kumari relieve the tension by their humour. Jeevan plays the sinister villain. Cuckoo give a few delightful gypsy dances. With sweet songs and dances "Ma Ka Pyar" is a good entertainment. Producer K. S. Daryani has made a good job of this Krishna Movietone picture.

"Dada" Pays Full Value In Entertainment

A story of adventure and top rank stars has made Omar Khayam Films' 'Dada' a sure draw with the film audiences. Suspense thrills, chases dances, melas and fine photography are the ingredients which make 'Dada' a fine entertainment. It boasts of good stars like Begum Para, Munawar Sultana, Maya Bannerji, Shyam, and Sheikh Mukhtar to top them all. The picture continues at Excelsior, Kamal, Rivoli and Jai Hind.

'Krishna Rukmini' Due At Majestic Today

VISHNU Cinetone's mythological picture "Krishna-Rukmini" will be released today at the Majestic.

The Mahabharata story of Rukmini Swayamwar is one of the romances popular with the readers of the Puranas. It has been acted from the times immemorial on the stage, in the village folk dramas. It was also very popular on the Marathi stage. Now it comes to the screen. It is produced by the same company, which gave you "Satyavadi Harishchandra", which proved so popular. Nirupa Roy gives an exquisitive performance as Rukmini while Keshav Purohit is very good as Krishna Urmilla, Pande and Chimanlal Marwari are in the supporting cast.

"LEKH" TO BE SHOWN AT 3 THEATRES

Coming to Excelsior, Palace and Rivoli will be Liberty Art Productions "Lekh", a musical-dance extravaganza. Superb dances, including a 'Katha Kali', are the speciality of the film. The producers have spent a colossal amount to make these dances lavishly entertaining and a real pleasure to watch. Sitara dances the class classic Kathakali. The popular dancer Cucoo is also there to give many enchanting numbers. Suraiya, who sings some beautiful songs, plays the heroine to Motilal, the debonnaire young man of many film hits.

Qamar Jalalabadi has written the lyrics and is also responsible for the story and dialogues.

AN OUTSTANDING FILM

Morarji's Praise For "Swayam Siddha"

Any praise for a film from the Home Minister Shri Morarji Desai is indeed some thing to be proud of. This distinction was won by Indian National Art Pictures' "Swayam Siddha', which is running at Central for the last four weeks.

After seeing the picture Shri Morarji Desai wrote to the Producer Moni Guha, "I was indeed glad of an opportunity to see Swayam Siddha It depicts the splendid attempt of the woman who infuses, in a dignified manner, the ancient ideals of Indian womanhood in the life around her and revitalises it. I think, it is an outstanding Indian film, which is not only free from the usual profanities but is realistic in its details. The main feature of this picture is that it has powerful dialogues. I have no doubt that if the film industry makes an earnest effort on these lines, the diversity of the Indian life could be portrayed in a similar manner so as to enable the people to be influenced by the real glory of our way of life. I am sure that if men, women and children see this picture they would not only get their money's worth in clean entertainment but would also know which film to encourage."

'Meera' Figures In Overseas Exhibition

Chandraprabha Cinetone's Hindi version of "Meera", released by Western India Theatres Ltd. is the happy recipient of a triple honour in the International field.

'Meera' is being shown in the 4th International Film Festival in Czechoslovakia at Prague during August 1949. Similarly the film is being exhibited at Venice during the 10th International Exhibition of Cinematographic Art 1949. At the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto too, 'Meera' is one of the Indian Films to be exhibited. This worldwide recognition is a signal compliment for an Indian picture in its national language.

IMMORTAL MUSIC

Sun. Morn. at 10-30, Celebrated continental tenor Tino Rossi in "Fievres" French film with Sub-titles in English Repeated for the 7th consecutive Sunday at the Liberty Cinema. Of all the famed love stories told in melody the screen has never beheld such a masterpiece of immortal music.

KANEEZ SETTLES DOWN AT SUPER

Caravan Pictures' 'Kaneez' which has gone into the second week at Super, is reported to be breaking records in North India. It is running for the 15th week at Meerut and Delhi, for the 12th week at Lucknow & Aligarh and for the 11th week at Agra. On the Idd day at Lahore, it grossed Rs. 6,000, which is a record.

The story depicts the conflict between the new and the old. A wife, brought up in the tradition of the old, refuses to fall in the modern ways of her husband.

This drives her spouse into the arms of a gold digger. He takes his new sweetheart to his parent's house, keeping his earlier marriage a secret. His first wife comes there as a servant, which leads to the eventual exposure of the gold digger and in the end true love triumphs Munawar Sultana acts the devoted wife, Shyam is the wayward husband and Urmilla the temptress. Director Krishna Kumar has turned this out as polished social picture. Ghulam Haider provides the music and one hilarious Qawali.

Snapped on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee celebration of Gemini's "Chandralekha" at Royal Opera House, Bombay on July 28: Mr. Barjatya (Distributor), Mr. A. C. Patel (Manager. Royal Opera), Sri S. K. Patil (Mayor of Bombay), Mr. V. K. N. Chari (Publicity officer, Gemini Studios), Mr. Dhayabhai Patel (Leader of the Congress Municipal Party), Messrs. N. Srinivasan and Krishnajee (Gemini's Publicity Executives) Mr. Mudholkar (Sholapur Meena Talkies and Mr. Anaokar (Gemini's Outdoor Publicity Supervisor).

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

CAPITOL, NEW ROSHAN,
NEPTUNE:
"ANJUMAN" starring Nargis, Jairaj and Durga Khote

SUPER:
"KANEEZ" starring Munawar Sultana, Shyam, Kuldeep, Urmila, Khwaja Sabir, Ramesh Sinha, Jillo and Cuckoo.

EXCELSIOR, KAMAL, JAI HIND AND RIVOLI:
"DADA" starring Munawar Sultana, Begum Para, Shyam, Mukri, Sheikh Mukhtar and Maya Banerji.

NOVELTY:
"AEEYE" starring Masud, Yakub, Sulochana Chatterji, Shanta Rin, Ashraf Khan and Charlie

CHITRA:
"APRADHI" starring Madhoobala, Ram Singh and Pran.

CENTRAL:
"SWAYAM SIDDHA" starring Shanta Apte, Molina, Sama Roy, Bipin Gupta, Amarnath and Hiralal

KRISHNA:
"SAJAN KA GHAR" starring Ranjana, Jairaj, Kusum Deshpande.

ROXY, PARADISE, BANDRA TALKIES:
"SHABNAM" starring Kamini Kaushal, Dilip Kumar, Jeevan, Paro and Cuckoo.

EDWARD:
"BHAKTA PUNDALIK" starring Shakur and Palmahendra.

LIBERTY:
"ANDAZ" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Cuckoo, V. H. Desai, and Raj Kapur.

MINERVA:
"CHHOTA-BHAI" starring Molina, Shkaur and Palmahendra.

KOHINOOR:
"MEETH BHAKAR" starring Vithal Chandrakant, Sulochana Powar, Anjani, Jaishankar Bakre and Saroj.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, CITY LIGHT:
"CHANDRALEKHA" starring T. R Rajkumari, M. K. Radha, Ranjan, Sundari Bai and Yashodhara Katju.

IMPERIAL:
"BARI BEHEN" starring Suraiya Rehman, Ullhas, Pran and Geeta Bali.

NEW WEST END:
"APNA DESH" starring Pushpa Hans, Umesh Sharma, Manmohan and K. Date and Sudha Apte.

PLAZA, PRABHAT:
"SAKHARPUDA" starring Damuanna, Sumatee and Pendharkar.

SURYA:
"CHANDRAHAS" starring Vanmala, Prem Adib.

STRAND:
Sunday, August 7, 10-30 a.m.: "PYAR-KI-JEET" starring Suraiya and Rehman.

SWASTIK:
"SHILANGANCHE SONE" starring Baburao Pendharkar and Shanta Apte.

LAMINGTON:
"GRIHASTI" starring Yakub, Sulochana Chatterjea, Kuldeep, Mirza Mushraf and Lalita Powar.

MAJESTIC:
"KRISHNA RUKMINI" starring Urmilla, Pande, Chimanlal Marware, Nirupa Roy and Keshav Purohit.

MATINEE ON SUN. and MON. at 3 THEATRES.
* NARGIS * JAIRAJ * DURGA KHOTE at their BEST

4th COMBINED WEEK | NARGIS ART Concerns

Anjuman

CAPITOL
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. Mon. Mat. 1 p.m.
Booking 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7

New ROSHAN
2, 4-30, 7, 9-30
Sun. Mon. 12 noon
Central F. D. Release

FROM 6th Aug. POONA — Krishna SHOLAPUR — Purnima
also at AHMEDABAD — BARODA

Ingrid Bergman To Seek Divorce

ROME, August 4 (U.P.A.): Actres Ingrid Bergman announced today that she would seek a divorce from her doctor husband, Peter Lindstorm immediately and would retire from the screen as soon as her present film, "Stromboli" is finished.

Ingrid Bergman

Miss Bergman issued the statement through her personal press agent, Joseph Steele, at a press conference in the bar of the Hotel Excelsior here. The Statement said: "I have instructed my lawyer to start divorce proceedings immediately. Also at the conclusion of my present picture it is my intention to retire into private life."

The brief statement made no mention of reports that she would marry Italian film director Roberto Rossellini, who is directing "Stromboli", as soon as they are both free.

Steele refused to discuss the film star's romance. Miss Bergman's statement said she had planned to delay the divorce announcement until the film was finished but "malicious gossip" forced her to break her silence. Steele said the suit would be filed from Rome through the United States courts and would charge incompatibility. Steele indicated today that Lindstorm agreed at the time not to oppose the suit.

"It will take Miss Bergman about one year to obtain her divorce." Steele said, thus indicating that the divorce will be filed in California or some other state with a one year waiting period.

The press agent said: "Miss Bergman decided to retire from her profession because she is fed up with leading a life which is always in the public eye. She wants to lead a private life which is impossible as an actress. She wants to become just a private ordinary citizen."

Miss Bergman married Lindstorm in 1937 and they had a daughter, Pia, in 1939. Just after the war broke out, Miss Bergman and her daughter went to Hollywood. She gained fame in such pictures as "Casablanca" and "For Whom the Bell Tolls." Later she played a sultry Creole in "Saratoga Trunk" and a woman psychiatrist in "Spellbound."

AN IDEAL FOR PRODUCERS

Mr. Patil Commends "Chandralekha"

"THE aim of the film industry should be to provide healthy entertainment for the people in their leisure, which has been made possible by the time saving devices of the machine age" said Mr. S. K. Patil, the Mayor of Bombay, presiding over the silver jubilee of "Chandraleka", celeorated at the Opera House on July 28.

Mr. Patil congratulated the Gemini Studios and its artists for making "Chandralekha" a success, which he described as "a very entertainment picture indeed". Mr. Patil said, "While thinking of the success which the Indian films have achieved one has also to ponder over the future of the industry. India is the second biggest film producing country in the world. But its market is limited to this country alone, unlike the American films, which command the international market. The American Studios endeavour to improve the quality of their films. Indian producers should also aim at producing films that are equal to, if not superior than those produced in the United States of America.

The question of raising the standard of Indian Films was engaging the attention of the Government. He did not imply that the Indian films are bad but there was scope for much improvement. Films were not meant to be entertainment only but were to be also medium of instruction, he added. Concluding, Mr. Patil wished greater success to "Chandralekha" and its producers.

Trophy cups in silver were presented to the exhibitors of Bombay, Belgaum, Sholapur and Nagpur on behalf of the producers by Mr. S. K. Patil.

"LADAKH DIARY"

Story Of Pandit Nehru's Visit

"Ladakh Diary", Films Division's latest Documentary tells the fascinating story of Pandit Nehru's visit to Ladhakh, the roof of the world nestling in the far distant heights unapproachable save by the weary and hazardous pony tracks and now by the wings of our Air Force.

Released on August 5 this Documentary brings back the placid Lama now freed from the armed marauders who plundered and looted his ancient land.

Starting with a glimpse of Srinagar and its mellow fruitfulness the Documentary takes us to this unaccessible outpost, its people, their customs, their dances and even the slow erratic Yak, Ladakh's only beast of burden.

"Anjuman" Continues At 3 Theatres

A successful run for four weeks at Capitol, New Roshan and Neptune is the achievement of the Nargis Art Concerns 'Anjuman' and it seems to be set for more weeks, judging from the popularity of the picture at other centres in the province. A set of artists like Nargis, Durga Khote and Jairaj, a dramatic story by Jadanbai and scintillating dialogue make the film a real entertainment. Add to them polished direction, which does not let the story faulter anywhere and sweet songs and you have a film which calls for seeing.

CAIRO, August 4 (U.P.A.): The R. A. F. Headquarters here announced today that 12 Brritish Vampire jet fighter planes based in Cyprus will fly to Turkey on August 15 on a good will visit to return the visit to Cyprus last month by Turkish Spitfires.

The announcement said the flyers will stage flying displays in Ankara and Istanbul.

RAXAUL, August 3, (PTI): 130 suspected Communists were arrested by the Government of Nepal in the month of July in Eastern Nepal and arms and large sums of money were recovered from them, according to a statement issued by the Raxaul Branch of the Nepali National Congress here today.

The statement added that about 70 political prisoners (other than Communists) had been released so far in four instalments.

OPENING FRIDAY 12th

A TALE OF —A WOMAN'S SIGHS, SONGS & SUFFERING!

KRISHIN MOVIETONE'S SAGA OF SACRIFICE

Ma Ka Pyar

Starring: SULOCHANA CHATTERJI, PREM ADIB, MANORAMA, GOPE, JEEVAN, RANJIT KUMARI, CUCKOO, KULDIP & KUMAR.

Direction: RAM DARYANI

A MODEL PICTURES LTD. Release.

LAMINGTON

Plans open from Mon 10 to 11-30, 4-30 to 6 p.m.

HOW They WROUGHT FOR FREEDOM...

Is enthrallingly Depicted in

PRABHAKER Pictures

SHILANGANACHE SONE

SHANTA APTE (Cont. S. A. Concerns)
HANSA WADKER, SULOCHANA,
VITHAL BABURAO PENDHARKER
Produced & Directed by
BHAL G. PENDHARKER
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sat. Sun. Hol. 1p.m.
Booking 10 to 12, 3 to 6.
A Manecklal Chunilal & Sons. Ltd. Release.

3rd WEEK
SWASTIK

A GLOWING TRIBUTE FROM THE HOME MINISTER OF BOMBAY!

Secretariat, Bombay. 26th July 1949.

Dear Mr. Gulu,

I was indeed glad of an opportunity to see "Swayam Siddha" produced by the Indian National Art Pictures. It depicts, as the title of the film indicates, the splendid attempt of a woman who infuses, in a dignified manner, the ancient ideals of Indian womanhood in the life around her and revitalises it. I think, it is an outstanding Indian film which is not only free from the usual profanities but is realistic in its details. The main feature of this picture is that it has powerful dialogues. I have no doubt that if the film industry makes an earnest effort on these lines the diversity of the Indian life could be portrayed in a similar manner so as to enable the people to be influenced by the real glory of Our Way of Life. I am sure that if men, women and children see this picture they would not only get their money's worth in clean entertainment but would also know which films to encourage.

Yours sincerely,
Morarji Desai

Shri Moni Guha,
C/o The Screens,
BOMBAY.

—IT HAS WON PLAUDITS FROM ALL!

I.N.A. PICTURES' STIRRING SOCIAL

SWAYAM SIDDHA

(IN HINDI)

Starring: SHANTA APTE
(Courtesy S. A. Concerns)

4th Week of Popularity

CENTRAL

Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30.
Sun., Monday 11-45 a.m.

A 'Screens' Release.

WITH ONE BIG VOICE "HE IS GREAT"

Bombay Exclaims
A must-be-seen personality of our Times

दादा DADA

BEGUM PARA, SHEIKH MUKHTAR, Maya Bannerjea, Mukri, SHYAM, MUNAWAR SULTANA.

Omar Khayyam Film Ltd. | Director: HARISH | Producer: SHEIKH MUKHTAR

EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
Booking 10 to 1 & 2 to 7-30.
A Liberty Release.

KAMAL
3-15, 6-30 & 9-30.
Sun. Holi. 12-15.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.

JAI HIND—RIVOLI

BOMBAY ENDORSES the POPULARITY POLL of SIX TOWNS—

15TH WEEK Delhi, Meerut.
12TH WEEK Lucknow Aligarh
11TH WEEK at Agra.
5TH WEEK at Allahabad

Also at Lahore, Kanpur, Saharanpur, Shrinagar.

IT'S ON EVERY LIP!

Directed and Produced by KRISHNA KUMAR

Music GHULAM HYDER

Story: HASRAT LUCKNOW.

KANEEZ

The TALE of a WOMAN: BOMBAY LOVES to adore! They come in Numbers, to—

SUPER 3-15, 6-30 & 9-15. Sun. & Mon.

2ND WEEK

Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 1 to 6-30. Mat. 12-15.

A GRAND PICTURES Release.

Distribution Of Revenues

LIVELY DEBATE IN ASSEMBLY

No Decision On Ban On Salt Tax

NEW DELHI, August 5 (P.T.I.).

PROCEEDINGS of the Constituent Assembly today were marked by two lively debates, one of which remained inconclusive, the House being unable to make up its mind whether the banning of salt duty should be provided for in the constitution or not.

The progress of the House in regard to the disposal of the articles relating to the distribution of revenues between the Union and the States today was comparatively slow.

The Assembly passed two articles one relating to the duties such as stamp duties and excise duties to be levied by the Union but collected and appropriated by the States, and the other concerning the distribution of income-tax proceeds to the States.

The latter was passed after a two-hour debate in which speakers particularly from Orissa, urged that the basis of distribution should be the consideration of population and backwardness of the areas but not of collection alone. They asked for an increased quota to the Provinces.

The article leaves it to the President to prescribe the percentage of the proceeds to be returned to the Provinces till, on the basis of recommendations of a Finance Commission, he issues another order prescribing permanent arrangements. The article was claimed to be in accord with the decisions of the Premiers' Conference recently held in Delhi.

SALT DUTIES

The constitutional provision banning duties on salt which formed part of the article relating to taxes which are levied and collected by the Union and may be distributed between the Union and the States—was the subject matter of a 90-minute debate.

The Chairman of the Drafting Committee, Dr Ambedkar, accepted an amendment moved by Mr Mahavir Tyagi, suggesting deletion of the article. Mr. Tyagi who was opposed to the salt tax did not, however, want that the hands of the future generation should be tied up.

Assam Premier Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, whose analysis of the problems of Assam was a highlight of the later proceedings, spoke on the need for a share to Assam in the excise duty on tea and petroleum. The subject fell under Clause Two of the Article.

"Violent Communist activities in the Province, the strategic position it occupied as the "Eastern Gate of India", its problems of communication to link up various parts and above all "the financial crisis" through which it was passing through, were quoted by him in support of his demand to augment financial resources of the Province with a share in the excise duties of tea and petroleum—the main products of Assam.

Several speakers participated in the debate. As Dr. Ambedkar announced his intention to accept Mr. Tyagi's amendment, the President, Dr Rajendra Prasad, intervening, reminded the House of the part that abolition of the salt tax had played in the struggle for freedom of the country conducted by Mahatma Gandhi. Responding to the appeal, the House agreed to hold over the article before it adjourned for the day.

GOVT.'S AUTOCRATIC POLICY

Mr. Das's Criticism

The Constituent Assembly today resumed discussion on the articles relating to distribution of revenues between the Centre and the Units.

Mr. B. Das (Orissa) emphasised that the provinces, particularly the undeveloped ones, should be given their due share in order to enable them to do social and economic justice to the people.

Mr. Das asked why Government spokesmen had not explained their attitude towards the recommendations of the Experts Committee appointed by the President of the Assembly and presided over by Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker. The Sarker Committee had recommended immediate revision of the allocation of resources between the centre and the provinces. The provinces should no longer be treated as "charity boys of the north block of the secretariat" (headquarters of the Finance Department of the Government of India).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT CONDEMNED

Condemning the Finance Department as "bureaucratic", "heartless" and "autocratic", Mr. Das asked whether it had done anything to effect economies in the last two years so as to meet expenditure on nation-building activities.

The Government of India's staff, said Mr. Das, were inflated and at least 50 per cent of them could be retrenched. If he could guess from the present attitude of the Government of India, the Finance Department had become too powerful. Formerly the Government of India had six or seven departments. Now there were 19 Ministries, each one of them autonomous. As there was no co-ordination between them, the Finance Department was able to "carry on as merrily as ever".

President Rajendra Prasad, intervening, said that criticism of the policy of the Government of India did not arise out of the particular article before the House. The member had another platform (Parliament) where he could criticise the general policy of the Government of India.

Mr. Das said that he would bow to the President's ruling but felt that Government ought to have initiated a general debate as soon as the chapter relating to general distribution of finances between the centre and the provinces was taken up.

On a suggestion from Dr. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, the House held over Article 250. This article deals with the taxes to be levied and collected by the Union but assigned to the States. Duties and taxes include succession duties to property other than agricultural land, estate duty, terminal taxes and taxes on railway fares and freights. The distribution will be made among the States in accordance with principles which Parliament may formulate.

TAXES ON INCOME

The House next took up Article 251 which relates to taxes on income other than agricultural income, which are levied and collected by the Union and distributed between the Union and the States. The percentage of the net proceeds to be distributed will be prescribed by the President by order until a fresh basis is decided on the recommendation of a Finance Commission.

Mr. Upendranath Barman (West Bengal) moved an amendment stating that the percentage of the net proceeds to be distributed to the States should not be less than 60 and seeking deletion of the exception in the case of taxes payable in respect of the Union emoluments. He wanted a proviso to be added to Clause Two of the article. The proviso says: "Provided that for a period of five years from the commencement of this constitution, of the net proceeds assigned to the States, 33 1/3 per cent shall be distributed among the States on the basis of population, 58 1/3 per cent on the basis of collection and the remaining 8 1/3 per cent shall be distributed in such manner as may be prescribed."

POWER FOR PARLIAMENT

Prof. Shibanlal Saksena moved an amendment to the effect that the Parliament by law, and not the President by order, should prescribe the manner of distribution of income-tax proceeds to the States.

The power of distribution of income-tax revenue running to several crores, he argued, should not be vested in the President in his discretion but the Parliament could be trusted to do it equitably. He suggested that the Government should bring forward a bill stating how the income tax should be allocated before the proposed Financial Commission made its recommendations.

Mr. Biswanath Das, former Premier of Orissa pleaded for a more scientific distribution of the income-tax proceeds to the States. He did not agree with the recommendations of the Sarkar Committee which had suggested that 60 per cent should go to the Provinces and 40 to the Centre.

The Federal Finance Committee of 1933 had recommended the redistribution of the income-tax proceeds on the basis of population while Adarkar Committee had formulated a judicious cobination of the criteria, population, area and collection. That, he said, should be the only scientific and equitable method of distribution.

POOR PROVINCES

Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru, opposing Mr. Barman's amendment, said that acceptance of Mr. Barman's proposals would be undesirable not merely from the point of view of the Centre but also from that of the poor Provinces. "Provinces like Assam and Orissa and the Central Provinces which are starving for want of funds would be relegated for ever to the backward position that they occupy ow. Their only chance of getting more funds for their development and for raising their standard of social services is that the basis of collection should not be the basis of distribution of taxes."

Pandit Kunzru said that just as the very concept of social welfare implied that there should be a transfer of wealth from the richer people to the poorer people, so the very concept of a federation or national solidarity implied that the richer Provinces should part with a portion of what they in strict theory might be deemed to have, for the benefit of the poorer Provinces.

Pandit Kunzru described as "not a very fortunate one", Prof. Saksena's suggestion that the division of financial resources between the Centre and the Provinces should be made by Parliament. A statutory basis, said Pandit Kunzru, would introduce a very undesirable element of rigidity.

If the Financial Commission inspired general confidence, a convention would no doubt spring up in this country, as in Australia, that barring emergencies, its recommendations would broadly speaking be accepted by the Central Government.

SARKAR COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS

Unfair, Says Mr. Das

Mr. B. Das said that Bombay collected the largest amount of income-tax as most of the companies had their headquarters at Bombay. But, as Pandit Kunzru had explained, Bombay was not the consumer Province. Yet Bombay wanted to get something on the basis of collection.

"We do not accept the doctrine that some people should get something for nothing because the foreign rulers concentrated trade and commerce artificially at Calcutta and Bombay. I do not subscribe to the Sarkar Committee's allocations", he said.

AMBEDKAR'S REPLY

Dr. Ambedkar replying to the debate said that considerable thought was given to the question of percentage of allocation both by the Central Government and the Provincial Governments and at the conference which took place in Delhi recently. It was agreed to leave the matter to the President. It was also felt that the constitution should not prescribe the percentage.

In regard to the question raised by Prof. Shibbanlal that instead of the President, the Parliament should be asked to prescribe the percentage, Dr. Ambedkar said that the scheme of the Drafting Committee to allow the President to prescribe the proportions was based on sound reasons. If Parliament was brought in the picture, there would be a great deal of rancour between the representatives of the different Provinces and great injustice might be done to certain Provinces. He pointed out that certain Provinces together had a large proportion of members in the Parliament and small Provinces had practically no voice. Consequently to leave the matter to Parliament would mean cutting at the root of justice which the framers of the Constitution wanted to be done to some small Provinces.

Intervening Mr. B. Das said that the House was not aware of the discussions that took place at the Premiers' Conference and was, therefore, not in a position to appreciate the reasons for their approval of the article. He also urged that the Finance Minister Dr. John Matthai, who is also a member of the House, should be present during the discussions of the articles.

INTERIM ENQUIRY

Replying to a point raised by Pandit Lakshmi Kant Maitra seeking clarification about the procedure that the President might follow during the interim period till the Finance Commission was appointed, Dr. Ambedkar said that if the Drafting Committee wanted that there should be no interim enquiry before the President might order allocation to the States, they would have stated in the article that such allocation as it existed prior to the constitution would continue till the President issued a new order on the basis of the Finance Commission's recommendations.

He was therefore sure that an enquiry would be made and on the basis of that enquiry the President might prescribe interim percentage of allocation by an order.

Mr. U. N. Barman withdrew his amendment. After rejecting Prof. Shibbanlal's amendment, the House adopted the article. It also passed without discussion Article 252 relating to surcharge on certain duties and taxes for purposes of the Union.

NO TYING HANDS OF GOVT.

Tyagi On Salt Tax

Under the next article—Article 253 which the House then took up for consideration, the constitution provides that no duties on salt shall be levied by the Union.

Dr. Ambedkar who had given notice of an amendment for the delegation of this clause did not move the amendment, but Mr. Mahavir Tyagi moved a similar amendment. He said that personally he was totally opposed to salt tax and he had participated in the Salt Satyagraha.

He however, felt that to levy a duty or not was the business of the Parliament. He objected to the clause being in the constitution not because he was in favour of salt tax but he did not want to tie the hands of the future generation for ever.

How long India could lose over rupees nine crores every year. Instead of resorting to other taxation, the Government of India in future might think it convenient to impose salt duty or excise duty on imported salt. The future government, he said, should be free to take advantage of all avenues of income.

ASSAM'S CLAIMS

The second clause of the article provides that Union duties of excise other than such duties of excise on medicinal and toilet preparations, as are mentioned in the Union list, shall be levied and collected by the Government of India but if Parliament by law so provides, the proceeds of the duty shall be distributed amongst the States.

Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi (Assam Premier) in a vigorous speech pleaded the case of Assam dilating on the financial difficulties of the Province.

"Assam is facing a financial crisis", he said, "unless the Government of India and the Finance Ministry frame a short term measure, and the constitution a long term measure, and do something for pulling this Province up, the situation as it looks to me will be very dark in future".

He wanted to lay special stress on the difficulties of the Province,—"a border Province and the guardian of the Eastern Gates of India".

RED THREAT

"I want to lay a special stress on the mischief from which the Province is suffering and is likely to suffer from the Communist activities", remarked Mr. Bardoloi.

He said: "You know an attempt is being made by this party to contact themselves with the people of the same profession in Burma and China. Already a recrudescence of violent action has been taking place. The tactics they have adopted are the same sort of tactics pursued in Calcutta, namely, trying to occupy places of Government by violent means, acid throwing, bombs and handgrenade and pistol firing.

"A few would share the view that the police alone could put down the activities. If you want to root out the evils of communism, it will never be met by police force alone. We have to resort to ameliorative measures to raise the standard of living of the people and give them training in the art of self-government."

This could be achieved, he said, by increasing the expenditure on social services which the province was not able to do today from its own finances. He pointed out that these circumstances had made the financial position of the Province very difficult.

The amendment was about to be put to vote when Dr. Rajendra Prasad, intervening, advise the House to reject Mr. Tyagi's amendment.

The Article was ultimately held over.

The House adjourned till 2 p.m. on Monday.

MADRAS ENQUIRY INCOMPLETE

Talks To Continue

MADRAS, Aug. 5 (PTI)—The investigation into the charges against certain Ministers conducted by the Premier, Mr. P. S. Kumarswami Raja, will not be completed by this week-end as was anticiuated by him yesterday but will take another twelve days.

The Premier today again conferred with Mr. T. Prakasam and both were engaged in the scrutiny of official records relating to the charges for over five hours.

At the end of today's dscussions with Mr. Prakasam, Mr. Kumarswami Raja told pressmen that "not even half" of the charges had been examined. He stated that he was proceeding on a week's tour of Andhradesa on Monday and, therefore, there was no prospect of the enquiry being concluded this week-end or even the next. "At any rate", he said, "I will not be in a position to submit my report to the Working Committee on August 15 as desired by the Committee."

Mr. Raja left for Salem this evening and will return to Madras on Sunday. Mr. Prakasam will, however, continue the verification of files tomorrow with the assistance of the Private Secretary to the Premier.

Seven Die In House Collapse

LUCKNOW, Aug. 5 (PTI)—Seven persons were killed as a result of a house collapse in the Nazirabad locality of Lucknow today. Three others escaped with minor injuries.

Three women, one boy and one girl were found dead when the debris was cleared. The two men who were seriously injured later died in hospital.

The house collapse followed continuous and heavy rains here for about five hours this morning. Lowlying areas of the town were flooded and vehicular traffic was dislocated as result. Reports of damages to property in some other areas of Lucknow have also been received.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

(Continued from Page 6)

by the Committee. So complete was the agreement of the Committee members on this issue that the official proposal did not find a single supporter for it. The reason for this unanimity in the Committee appears to be the outcome of a feeling that administration of Municipal Hospitals and mainly of this one is not what it should be, and it is time that instead of extending the terms of superannuated members of the staff young and energetic administrators were put in charge of responsible institutions. But although members of the Medical Relief Committee may hold that unanimous view there are sections in the Congress Municipal Party who do not seem to share the same view, and it is learnt that they are taking the matter to a special urgent meeting of their party.

Brisk canvassing has already started and it remains to be seen what attitude the party as a whole takes. If it is to revise the decision of the Committee taken this week it might lead to a piquant situation. Although the Congress Party has a majority of its members on this Committee as on every other, if the matter is to be reopened it will require a three-fourths majority and it is doubtful if even a party whip will produce the required majority. The non-Congress element in the Committee may not be able to get decisions in its favour but it can certainly prevent the revision of this decision as it controls enough votes to stop the reopening of the matter.

ERRING CORPORATOR

A Congress city father Sardar Pratapsingh who was convicted by a city court for having secured a Municipal contract while he was a member of the House and, thus contravening the Municipal Act, lost his appeal against the conviction. Chief Justice Chagla and Justice Gajendragadkar saw no reason to change the judgment of the lower court and held that it was a clear breach of the Municipal Act committed by the erring Corporator. This verdict of the High Court will lead to the disqualification of the member and will later on lead to another by-election from the Love Grove Ward which the Sikh contractor represented.

BY-ELECTIONS NEXT MONTH

Four by-elections to the Corporation all from the labour wards of the city caused on account of the four Communist city fathers losing their seats for continuous absence for a whole year will take place some time next month. All these seats will be hotly contested by the various parties and groups in the city and thus they promise to be a lively affair. From the point of view of arousing civic consciousness and making the voters, especially those of the working classes use their franchise, by-elections should be welcome. But they would be really useful if the parties utilise such occasions for educating the electorate about the problems that the city faces and the need of a clear cut policy to solve them. It may be recalled that after the general elections of early 1948 there have been two bye-elections so far and both the seats have gone to the Opposition, the Congress party having suffered a defeat on each of these occasions.

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SELECTIVE BUYING IN NARROW TRADING SESSION

Steel Ordinary And Svadeshi Mill Shares Harden

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

In view of approaching holiday and being settlement day, there was very little fresh business today in the local Stock Exchange and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

The market opened quiet but under moderate buying there was a steady upward move under selective buying.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1227 8 again previous close at Rs. 1241/4 and steadily improved at Rs. 1240/-. Ordinary Shares were in good demand and after opening at Rs. 260/- firmed up at Rs. 265

Bombay Dyeings for the current settlement were quoted at Rs. 1060 but the next settlement was quoted at a discount of Rs. 15 at Rs. 1045 owing to oversold position. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 256 while Swadeshi Mill shares opened at Rs. 288 and improved at Rs. 293. Scindia Shares were placed at Rs. 12/9.

Indian Iron Shares were quoted at Rs 22 2 and Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 16 11 Central India Shares were placed at Rs. 201|- and Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 239|- Simplexes were done at Rs. 164|-.

Tata Powers were placed at Rs. 1450 Associated Cements changed hands at Rs. 143|- Belapurs came in business at Rs. 179 - while Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 255|- Central Bank Shares were placed at Rs. 78|- New India Insurance Shares were quoted at Rs. 52 12.

Towards the close there were minor changes. Tata Steel Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 264|- and Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1063|- closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1062 8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	257 0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	292 0
Central India Mills (4)	204 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	168 0
New Great Eastern (8)	141 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	110 0
Gokak Mills (12)	240 0
Century Spinning (15)	205 0
Colaba (12)	120 0
India Bleaching (6)	125 0
Swan Mills (20)	285 0
Finlay Mills (15)	241 0
Morarji Goculdas	445 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	192 8
Meyer (12)	119 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2-9-6
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	9-14-6
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1-9-9
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170 0
Podar (8)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	169 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	263 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1240 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	138 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	144 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	253 2
Belapur Sugar (9)	182 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	22 12
Scindia Steam (0-3)	13 9
Premier Construction	83 0
Tata Chemical	9 3
Tata Oil (2)	46 8
India Iron (0-12)	22 2
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	16 12
British India Corp. (0-9)	7 11
India Copper	1 15
Wimco	172 8
Alcock	238 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1460 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1363 8
Tata Hydro (3)	144 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (9)	51 0
Phoenix (50)	140 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kurla	117 0
New City (11)	151 4
Minerva (12)	115 0
Bradbury	325 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	25 8
Mysore Spg. Mills (4)	156 12
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	165 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	595 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	201 4
Western India (40)	4070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3140 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 4
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	47 0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (2)	250 0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	24 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 4
Madhusudan 8 (2-8)	35 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	183 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 0
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	121 4
Ahmedabad New	44 0
Surat Electric (2-8)	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	132 8
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (8)	146 14
Bombay Suburban New	41 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1735 0
Imperial Bank of India P.P. (8-12) XD	420 0
Central Bank (1-8)	78 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	78 0
Bank of India (4)	175 0
Union (0-5)	7 1
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	121 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	42 8
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Central (125)	4100 0
Empire (10)	525 0
was steady.	
New India (7) XD	52 8
Jupiter (1-4)	12 8
Vulcan (9-10)	11 9
Indian Mercantile (21)	34 8
Universal (9-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	15 12
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	1 0
New Great	20 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) X.D.	112 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	216 4
Bombay Burma New (5)	95 0
Burma Petrol	1 4 0
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	61 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	382 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	101 14
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	64 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	31 8
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	155 0
Supreme India X.R.	77 0
Jam Wire (6)	57 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	135 0
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	139 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	660 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	26 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Exterla Batteries	31 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1315 0
Hydro Electric (7)	123 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	230 0
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4

BUSINESS HOLIDAY

All city markets will remain entirely closed on Monday the 8th inst. being "Cocoanut Day."

Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	100 0
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 8
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 2
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 0
Paltan (8)	90 8
Gold Mohor	90 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mill (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi (10)	235 0
Azamshah	255 0
Air Services	5 4
Air India Tata	70 0
Hind Motor	4 2
India Steam	5 11

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Aug 5.

Tata Ordinary 262 Tata Deferred 1240 Indian Iron 22 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16/11 Bombay Dyeing 1062/8 Central India 201 Gokak 240 Kohinoor 256 Simplex 164 Swadeshi 286 Tata Power 1450 Associated Cement 143 Belapur 177 Bombay Burma (Old) 252 Scindia 12/9 Central Bank 77/8 New India 52/8 Tata 2nd Pref 138/4

SALES OF T. D. RECEIPTS

Government of India Treasury Deposit Receipts of the value of Rs. 62 00.000 were sold during the month of July as under:—

	Rs.
6 Months' Treasury Deposit Receipts	62,00,000
9 Months' Treasury Deposit Receipts	NIL
12 Months' Treasury Deposits Receipts	NIL
Total Rs.	62,00,000

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, August 5.

The Reserve Bank of India accepted today tenders for 200 bars of silver at Rs. 160-7-0. Tomorrow being Saturday and Monday being a holiday, the Bank has asked for tenders of 200 bars silver on Tuesday.

In the local market there was no forward business. But extensive business is being done in several upcountry markets with monthly settlements on Purnima. This day being now near the local ready market is well supported by upcountry Bull operators at local rates automatically are taken as settlement rates for upcountry forward contracts. Unless upcountry markets are based on local rates no useful purpose will be served by placing checkes on local dealings.

Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 162/- Ready Gold business was done at Rs. 114/- and sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/-. Some unofficial business for the next settlement was reported at Rs. 160/8.

Final quotations were as under:	
Ready Silver	162 0 0
Tuesday delivery	161 0 0
Ready Gold	114 0 0
Sovereigns	73 12 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, August 5.

There was no official trading today in the local cotton market.

The Board of Directors at today's meeting will consider the changes in the hedge contract by the general meeting and will ask for the necessary permission for forward business. It is generally expected that within a week will have normal trading market

In the meantime private business continues as usual. September delivery was quoted at Rs. 623/- and new crop business was done at Rs. 585/-.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September contract is 586 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANANDRIA, Aug. 4.

KARNAK	
November	56.15+61
January	53.75+40
March	53.50+60
ASHMOUNI	
August	44.52+15
October	44.55+20
December	44.40+13

HESSIAN MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 5

Per Yard	Pies
Ready	100
July/Sept.	100-1/2
Oct/Dec.	99
MAGS D. W.	
Ready	115 0 0
July/Sept.	116 0 0
Oct/Dec.	114 0 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 11 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 10 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 14 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 10 0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99 6 0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 7 0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95 12 0
3 per cent non-terminable	98 0 0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98 0 6
3 per cent 1949-52	100 2 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 12 0
3 per cent 1953-55	101 13 0
3 per cent 1957	101 13 0
3 per cent 1959/61	101 6 0
3 per cent 1963-65	100 7 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 5 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 1 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 10 0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114 4 0
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97 6 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 2 0
3 per cent Bombay 1956	100 12 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 10 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100 0 0
3 per cent Madras 19x2-53	100 6 0
3 per cent U.P. 19o2	100 6 0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100 6 0
2 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98 2 0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99 14 0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110 12 0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110 8 0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114 0 0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114 0 0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107 0 0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, August 5.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d st 1/6 3 16 7th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7 32 7th and 9th Month.
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100.
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156-1/4.
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52 57-53 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3 4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pea 8 09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1 4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15 16-2/4 1/16, London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mons 1-1/4 p.c., 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

The following is the statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 29th July:—

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities in India:	
(i) Borrowings from banks	26,06,18,000
(ii) Other demand liabilities	569,53,34,000
Time Liabilities in India:	
(i) Borrowing from banks	31,00,000
(ii) Other time liabilities	270,73,93,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	31,21,15,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,28,24,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	70,47,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	84,28,38,000
Advances in India	415,65,01,000
Bills discounted in India	14,09,18,000

SUGAR MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

Standard Quality	104	8	0
Medium	107	0	0
Buland	113	0	0
August	36	15	0
October	36	6	0
January	30	1	0
Arrivals Bags		5144	
Dispatched Bags		4000	

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

MILLS

Apollo 2-9 2-10 2-9-6
Bharat 25-12 25-8
B. Dyeing 1065 57-8 67-8 60 62-3
C. India 200 4
Century 205
Colaba 120
Finlay 241
Gokak 238 38-8 38 40
I. U. Defd. 1-9 1-10 1-9-6 1-9-9
I.U. Ord. 9-14 9-13-6 9-14-6
Indore 111-4 10 12-8 10
Kohinoor 251 55 54 57
Madhusudan 170 66-4 70
Minerva 115
Model 165
Morarji 440 45
New City 151-4
New Great 137 41
Podar 130
Sholapur 3140
Simplex 159 68-8 68
Svadeshi 285 95 92 93 91-8 92
Swan 285

STEAMER

B. Steam 212-8 16-4
B. Pref. 227-8 30
Scindia 12-5 12-10 12-8-6 12-9

BANKS

Baroda 121-8
Central 77 79-4 78-8
Central New 78
Imperial Old 1742-8 35
Imperial New 420
India 175
Union 7 7-1

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 124-6 21-4.
Andhravalley Pref. 1232-8.
Suburban 133-12 32-8.
Hydro 145-8 45 46 44.
Hydro Pref. 123-12.
Power 1460.

INSURANCE

Jupiter 12-8.
New India 53 52-8.

STEEL

B. Steel 16-10 16-12.
I. Iron 21-15 22-3 22-2.
Tata Defd. 1225 20 42-8 37-8 40.
Tata Ord. 260 64 63-4 63-8.
Tata 2nd Pref. 138 38-12.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 240 38-12.
A. C. C. Old 143 43-8 42-12 44.
A. C. C. New 139-8.
Beiapur 177 81 80 82.
B. B. Old 252-8 53-2.
B. B. New 95.
B. B. Petrol 1-4-6 1-3-6 1-4.
B. I. C. 7-11.
Dharamsey 31-8.
I. Copper 1-15.
Port Canning 61.
P. Const. 81 82 81-8 83-8 82-8 83.
Shivrajpur 22-12.
Tata Chem. 9-2 9-3.
Tata Oil 46-12 46-8.
Wimco 172-8.

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 44.
Zandu Pharmacy Ord. 101-14.
Bandu Pharmacy Pref. 90.
National Rayon Pref. 22.
Broach Elec. 6-12.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

There was restricted turnover today in the local market and the Board has banned fresh business in new crop months. Khursain August/September was quoted Rs. 27/4 and Kurdi at Rs. 21/4. Quotations were as under.

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	40	4	0
Coromandal ready	40	0	0
Bold ready	40	0	0
August-September	39	12	0
November-December		..	
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	27	0	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	30	5	0
August-September	29	14	0
OILS—			
Local Mills	22	10	0
Ready Mills	21	13	0
August	22	0	0
September	21	12	0
November	19	6	0
December	18	6	0
Linseed Oil	18	4	0

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

120 Ready Japan	3	5	0
150 Ready Japan	3	9	0
120 Ready Italy	3	2	6
150 Ready Italy	3	8	6
150 D. Box August	714	0	0
150 D. Box Sept.	722	0	0

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, Aug 5, (PTI-Reuter): Following are today's quotations in the Stock Exchange:—

Government of India Loans 3 per cent, Paper 97-12, 3 per cent 1986 98, 3 per cent 1970-75 100, Government of Travancore 3 per cent 1952-54 100-13, Government of Madras 3 per cent 1956 100-8, 3 per cent 1960 99-15-6.

BANKS: Travancore 14-1.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 15-14.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 4-4-6, Pulangode 0-14-6, Thirumbadi 1-5, T. R. and T. Co. 4-1, Vaikundam 4-5, Waterfall 2-5.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 37-4, Bangalore Woollen 204, Buckingham 142-8, Cambodia 9-4-6, Coimbatore Cm. 113, Coimbatore Pioneer 118, Coimbatore Spg. 44-10, Janardhana 48-8, Madura 38, Lakshmi 62, Mettur C. D. 297-8, Mysore Spun 4-10, Pankajal 86, Radha Krishna 137-8, Rajalakshmi 55, Ranga Vilas 44, Trav. Rayons 2-15, Trichinopoly 10-4, Vasantha 99.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 66-4, India Cement 17, F.A.C.T. 4-2, Mettur Chem. Fcd. 6, Mysore Chem. and Frt. 7-10, Mysore Paper 9-12 Spencer 10-8.

Approval Of Four Million Dollar Project

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4, (UPA): The Economic Co-operation Administration today announced the approval of a four million dollar project to increase potash production in France, one of Europe's main potash sources outside Russia and the Soviet Zone of Germany.

The project calls for dollars in E.C.A. assistance funds to modernize mining methods in the region northwest of Mulhouse, France. This is expected to increase the annual production from about 720,000 tons to 1,200,000 tons.

German Firms To Show Products At International Fair

FRANKFURT, Aug. 4, (UPA): More than 80 firms from three Western Zones of Germany have made plans to show products at the international fair at Izmir, Turkey, from August 20 to September 20, the Joint Export Import Agency announced today.

German displays will include heavy machinery tools, industrial equipment, electrical equipment, fine mechanics, optics, bicycles, textiles and chemicals.

The Izmir Fair, at which 11 foreign countries will exhibit, will be the fourth international exposition this year at which German firms will have been represented.

WORTH STREET ACTIVE

NEW YORK, Aug. (U. P. A.)

The buying cycle in cotton gray goods, under way for three weeks, maintained fast momentum today as buyers watched a number of constructions move into higher price brackets.

Mill executives said manufacturers and retail distributors finally realized "it was impossible to do business with empty shelves" and have started to cover ahead with print cloths constructions booked to the end of the year.

Brokers said key 80 square four yard print for spot became increasingly hard to find since seveal big producers have withdrawn for now.

Some producers said the pace has become pretty fast and decided to pause to re-appraise the situation. The price for that construction on the spot market moved to 18-1/4 cents with little goods reported available this side of October. Millmen said strong call developed for pique both plain and in waffles. Manufacturers booked an increasing volume to cover spring requirements.

Activity in bag sheetings slackened as buyers, apparently digested recent large scale purchases or because of the sold up position existing among some producers.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Silver Spot and Forward both 43-1/2d
Gold Bars fine per ounce £8/12/3
LONDON price of exportable Silver 57 to 58d nom.

NEW YORK SILVER

U.S. price of foreign silver 71-1/2 cents.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Aug. 4.

T. T. London on:	SELLING	BUYING
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Sweden	14.47	14.50

U. S. A. TIGHTENS COTTON MARKETING QUOTA LAW

Goldminings Strong In Wall Street Market

NEW YORK August 4.

COTTON: Early the market was quietly irregular awaiting developments then sagged on the issuance of private crop estimates above 15,500,000 bales affecting near months. Distants were helped by the overnight house of representatives approval of a bill tightening cotton marketing quota laws.

Prices gradually rallied as a result of price fixing on both foreign and domestic accounts. Otherwise interest was still subdued. The average guess of 56 New York cotton Exchange members suggests a cotton crop of 15,283,000 bales. The session closed very steady with sales put at 65,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.

October	29.76+12
October Highest	29.77+13
October Lowest	29.61+03
December	29.70+11
March	29.63+07
May	29.52+09
July	28.88+10
Middling Spot	32.45+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Aug. 4

October	29.66
December	29.64
March	29.59
May	29.48
Middling Spot	31.00

WALL STREET MARKET

With the exception of goldminings which were active and strong, most Wall street issues drifted in sluggish dealings. Homestake Mining was a feature advancing to a new high of 43 dollars. The strength of goldshares may have been partly influenced by the advances in south Africans in London. In the rest of the list, motors, rails, oils, steels, aircrafts, chemicals and rubbers came under light pressure but declines held to frections. Utilities, foods department stores amusements, and breweries continued to meet good support however. The Averages were Industrials 176.86 and Rails 44.97.

Fractional losses generally predominated in reduced activity under the weight of small but persistent profittaking based largely on technical consideration. Low rails reflected yet another sharp decrease in weekly carloadings figures compared with last year. Various utilities continued to attraact buying interest and dealings in these issues accounted for a good part of the activity.

With the exception of utilities prices continued to drift lower. The session closed barely steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.

September	2.03-3/4
December	2.06-7/8
March	2.06-7/8
May	2.01

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Australia Wheat 89/7-1/2 Aug-Sept.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE

Texas Gulf Sulphur	64-5/8
Tidewater Oil	22
Timken Roller Bearing	39-1/2
Union Carbide	38-3/4
U.S. Industrial Chemical	21
U.S. Gypsum	100 bid
U.S. Steel pref.	132-1/4
Western Union "A"	13-7/8
West Pennsylvania Electric	33-7/8
Youngstown Sheet and Tube	62-5/8
Aluminium Corpn.	50-1/2
American Cyanamid	43-3/4
American Gas and Electric	45
Brazilian Traction	16-7/8
Consolidated gas of Baltimore	65-1/8
Louisiana Land	22-1/2
Baltimore and Ohio (BID)	8-3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Aug. 4.

	£
2-1/2 p c British Consols	71-5/8
3-1/2 p c Conversion Loan 1961	97-1/8
4 p c Funding Loan 1960-90	108-1/2
3-1/2 p c War Loan 1952	93-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10-1/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	83-1/2
National Bank of India	33-3/4

Transactions on the London stock exchange are officially placed at 5,820.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM August 4.

Activity broadened and prices shifted slightly higher under the leadership of Indonesians. There were no wide advances but many finished at the day's highest. Interest was centred in Rubbers and Internationals experienced an unimportant session although steadier.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS, August 4.

Domestics firmed as yesterday's late recovery tendencies were converted to firmly held gains. Dealings became active with bank of Paris, Suez, electrical suppliers and minings well to the fore. Foreign issues lagged with South African gold and oils hesitant and Dutch and Belgians displaying indecision.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.

Quotations today registered some moderate advances on appearance of increased public interest which was reflected in substantial improvement in activity. Metals, colonials and plantations were well to the fore while in most other sections, shares were very steady at or slightly higher than the previous closing levels.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP ESTIMATE

The U.S.A. agriculture Department's crop Reporting Board will issue the first forecast of cotton crop on Monday the 8th inst.

The average guess of 56 New York Cotton Exchange numbers suggests a crop of 152.83,000 Bales.

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET STRONG

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.

BLACK PEPPER

Black pepper on the spot was strong again today as a result of further fair buying by dealers and grinders. Business was done between 1.33 and 1.35 dollars for spot. There were limited offers at 1.34 and 1.35 for afloats and August/September shipments. Despite the recent rise, prices were still below replacements at sources. Today's closing prices are as follows: Black Pepper: Spot 1.33 to 1.35 traded, September 1.34 nominal, October 1.34 bid, December 1.20 bid, January 1.10 bid, March 97 cents bid, May 88 cents bid. White Pepper Spot 1.60 asked.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES RISE

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Pepper prices continued to rise on smallness of offers and some re-export demand. Malabar, July/August, was sold at 785 s. per cwt., with sellers afterwards asking 790 s., while buyers offered 780 for afloat parcels c.i.f., basis ports. No quotation was made for shipment to New York. Black Lampong, July/August, was quoted nominally at 7s. 6-1/4d. and white muntok and sarawak July at 8s. 11d. c.i.f. basis ports. During July 175 tons of black pepper were landed in London and 216 tons were delivered, leaving the stock at 93 tons compared with 134 at the end of June and 84 at the end of May. There were no arrivals of white and stocks were reduced by 40 tons to 29 tons at the end of July compared with 69 at the end of June and 114 at the end of May.

SINGAPORE PEPPER MARKED UP

SINGAPORE, Aug. 4.

Singapore pepper prices were again marked up owing to only small quantities of new arrivals; White Muntok advanced 10 dollars to 480 dollars and black lampong 15 dollars to 400 dollars per picul ex-godown. Business was reported done for export in about 3 tons of each quality at ex-godown prices.

PEPPER PRICES

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

Shravan	2440 to 2460
Bhadarva	2430 to 2500
Aso	2440 to 2460

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

ARRIVALS.

HALIGONIAN PRINCE (Counties Ship) from Calcutta on Aug. 4 with coal 7,696 tons. Agents: Graham Trading.

HALIGONIAN BARON (Arcadia Overseas) from Casablanca on Aug. 4 with phosphate 5,400 tons. Agents: Grahams.

SIRST (B. I. S. N.) from Bassein on Aug. 5 with rice 6,863 tons. Agents: M. M.

DEPARTURES.

S. S. MOZAPPARI (Mogul) for Jeddah on Aug. 4.

S. S. EXPRESS (American Export) for Calcutta on Aug. 4 with general cargo 5,000 tons.

HOEGH SILVERHRAVE (L. Hoegh) for Cochin on Aug. 5 with general cargo.

CITY OF FLORENCE (Ellen-Herman) for Mombassa on Aug. 5.

BOMBAY, August 1.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs. Volkart Bros:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U. S. Pacific Coast:
S. S. RIOUW due 10th August.
S. S. HOEGH SILVERBEAM due 19th August.
S. S. LAVAK due 31st August.

From U. S. Atlantic Coast:
S. S. ROTTI due 15th August
S. S. HOEGH SILVERLIGHT due 5th September.
S. S. UTRETCHT due 11th September.

From Australia
S. S HOEGH SILVERCREST due 22nd August

From Persian Gulf via Karachi:
S S. ALCHIBA due 25th August.

From North Continental and Mediterranean Ports:
S S. AALSUM due 9th August.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo:
S. S. LEUVEKERK sails 10th August.
S. S. STAD LEIDEN sails 15th August.

For U. S. Pacific Coast:
S. S Rondo sails 14th August.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi:
S. S. HOEGH SILVERBEAM sails 24teh August.
S. S. RIOUW sails 30th August

For Australia:
S. S. HOEGH SILVERLIGHT sails. 10th September.

For U S. Atlantic Coast:
S. S. HOEGH SILVERCREST sails 30th August.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports:
S. S. ALCHIBA sails 31st August.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Currency Contraction Totals Rs. 43 Crores In July

SMALL SET-BACK IN GILT-EDGED MARKET

Silver Prices Fluctuate With Changes In Bank's Selling Policy

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

During the week under review there was a further reduction of Rs. 11.12 crores in the notes in circulation. Easy conditions prevail in the short term money market due to repayment of 3 per cent 1949/52 Loan.

Gold prices were fairly stable while silver price fluctuations were governed by the changes in the Reserve Bank's policy regarding sales of silver.

(From Our Special Correspondent).

MONEY: Easy conditions continued to prevail in the short-term money market, more especially due to the repayment of the 3 per cent 1949/52 loan this week. Call loans were freely available at 1/2 per cent. Three months' deposits were quoted at 1 per cent and six months at 1 1/4 per cent per annum. The sale of Treasury Bills attracted a large amount, total applications being about Rs. 5.20 crores, out of which the required amount of Rs. 2 crores was accepted at Re. 0-8-0 per cent per annum, unchanged from last week.

The weekly returns of the Reserve Bank of India for the period ended 29th July 1949 show a further reduction of Rs. 11.12 crores in the notes in circulation. The total note issue has declined by Rs. 14.37 crores to Rs. 11.43 crores, the contraction in currency during the month of July being of the manner of Rs. 43 crores. Foreign Securities held in the Issue Department have been reduced by a further amount of Rs. 15 crores. In the Banking Department, Government Balances have declined by Rs. 1.46 crores, but Bankers' Deposits have piled up further by Rs. 2.89 crores during the week. Balances held abroad show an increase of Rs. 5.52 crores as a result of the departmental transfer. Investments have been marked down further by Rs. 1.32 crores.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the week ended 29th July 1949 shows a small increase of Rs. 41 lakhs in Deposits. The Bank's Investment Portfolio is up by Rs. 1 crores, while Advances show a reduction of Rs. 1.72 crores. The net result of these changes is reflected in an increase of Rs. 1 crores in the cash holding of the Bank which now stands at about Rs. 60 crores.

GILT-EDGED: The repayment of the 3 per cent 1949/52 loan has not resulted in any broadening of activity in the local gilt-edged market, where dull conditions continued to prevail, with prices recording a further small setback. The turnover was reported to be small. 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan, however, evoked some demand around Rs. 98 during the week. Among dated loans, 2 1/4 per cent 1954 loan eased off to Rs. 98-11, 2 1/2 per cent 1961 loan to Rs. 96-9 and 2 3/4 per cent 1960 loan to Rs. 99-5. 3 per cent 1951/54 loan was quoted at Rs. 101-12 and 3 per cent 1953/55 loon at Rs. 101-13. All the long-dated loans suffered relatively more: 3 per cent 1959/61 loan was marked down to Rs. 101-4 and 3 per cent 1963/65 loan to Rs. 100-3 while 3 per cent 1966/68 loan was placed lower at Rs. 100-2. 3 per cent 1970/75 loan stood at par.

3 P.C. 1962 BOMBAY DEVELOPMENT LOAN: The subscription list for this loan remained open throughout the day on 1st August 1949 and the list was closed after a call on the underwriters to take up approximately one third of the total amount, which was uncovered by public subscription.

EXCHANGE: The rupee/sterling exchange market was characterised by a steady undertone with a moderate turnover. For interbank business, sellers of spot TT on London quoted 1s.5 31/32d. and buyers 1s.6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:

Sellers of TT on London spot 1s.5-31/32d.

Sellers of TT on London upto six months 1s.5 15/16d.

Buyers of TT on London spot and upto nine months 1s.6 1/32d.

GOLD: Prices in the gold section remained fairly stable during the week on sustained ready demand a steady deterioration in the stock position. The quotation for ready gold declined from Rs. 113-8 to Rs. 112-14 early in the week in sympathy with silver, but thereafter it gradually hardened to Rs. 114-2 and closed at Rs. 114. There was no forward trading in this section. The price of sovereigns was practically stationary at Rs. 73-12 during the week. Floating stocks of the metal are reported to have dwindled down to 10,000 tolas. Arrivals were small, averaging about 3,000 tolas a day, while the offtake continued on fair scale, averaging about 5,000 tolas daily. The highest and lowest ready rates were Rs. 114-2 and Rs. 112-14.

SILVER: The Government of Bombay have directed the Bombay Bullion Association to suspend forward trading for a further fortnight upto 15th August inclusive in the interest of the trade. In the ready section, price fluctuations were governed by the changes in the Reserve Bank's policy regarding sales of silver. The undertone of the market, on the whole, remained fairly steady. The quotation for spot silver declined from Rs. 164 to Rs. 160 on Monday on reports that the Reserve Bank had increased the tenders from 100 to 200 bars for Monday, but the rejection of all tenders under Rs. 160 on Tuesday caused an upward trend, the ready quotation being marked up to Rs. 163-8 at the close. Stocks in the market are reported to be about 1,000 bars, while the offtake continued on a fair scale, being 160 bars a day on the average. The highest and lowest ready rates were Rs. 164 and Rs. 160.

SHARES: Steady conditions were manifest on the local stock exchange during the week. Speculative attention was focussed more on the textile section this week where some of the active scrips recorded good gains.

Tata Defds. gradually moved up from Rs. 1226-4 to Rs. 1257-8 and Ordinaries from Rs. 259-8 to Rs. 264-12 and closed at Rs. 1240 and Rs. 263-8 respectively. Amongst textiles, Bombay Dyeings moved up further to Rs. 1077-8 on short-covering; Kohinoors gained about 12 points to Rs. 258 and Swadeshis were bid up from Rs. 280 to Rs. 295. Hydro-electric and Bank shares were quietly steady: Andhra Valleys were done around Rs. 1362-8 and Powers around Rs. 1460. Central Banks were quoted higher at Rs. 78-8, whilst Imperial Bank Fully Paids went ex dividend around Rs. 1745. In the miscellaneous group of shares, Associated Cements were marked up to Rs. 182. Scindia Steams received renewed support around Rs. 12-10.

CALCUTTA MARKET.

The share market in Calcutta ruled barely steady during the week with moderate business activity. The jute section remained dull throughout.

Jute Quota For Peru

BOMBAY, Aug. 5. (UPI): The Government of India has decided to allot a quota of 6,600 tons of jute goods for Peru for the half-year ending December 25, 1949, according to information received here.

Cuts In Dollar Imports

CANBERRA, Aug 4. (UPA): The Cabinet Sub-Committee today approved cuts in dollar import allocations to the "maximum extent practicable" without disturbing Australia's economy, said Prime Minister Joseph Chifley, today.

The reductions cover the quarterly budget ending September 30th. Chifley said, without disclosing the figures. He indicated further that the reductions might be made in the subsequent quarterly budgets in line with the dollar agreements reached in the London Commonwealth Conference last month. He said, "Although the approved dollar cuts were framed to avoid serious dislocation, it is important that the Australian industry should explore every possible means of alternative sources of supply in easy currency countries with the probability that the budget for subsequent quarters may be still further reduced".

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LONDON BULLION MARKET

Royal Mint To Coin Sovereigns

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., have issued the following quarterly bullion letter:—

GOLD.

The amount of gold held in the Issue Department of the Bank of England was unaltered at £247,833.

The Bank of England's buying price for gold remained unchanged at 172s.3d. per fine ounce, at which figure the above amount was calculated.

It was announced by the Royal Mint that a small coinage of not more than 100,000 sovereigns is being undertaken in order that it can preserve the inherited knowledge and craftsmanship of gold coining, which requires a different technique from coining in other metals and greater precision in workmanship.

The coins will be struck from existing dies and will consequently not be distinguishable in date or design from earlier issues. Further small mintings may take place from time to time for the same purpose. There is no question of issuing these sovereigns for circulation; they will remain part of the gold reserves.

The gold output of the Transvaal for the months of March, April and May, 1949 is shown below, together with figures for the corresponding months of 1948 for the purpose of comparison:—

	Fine ounces. 1949	1948
March	985,316	980,349
April	956,103	978,617
May	978,908	977,878

SILVER

Throughout the second quarter of the year the official price in the London market was 43 1/2d. per ounce .999 fine for both cash and two months' delivery, at which figure it nas ruled unaltered since 16th February last. The New York market quotation, on which the London price is based, also remained unaltered at 71 1/2 cents per ounce.

Demand for silver for use in essential industries, although slightly larger than during the first quarter, continued on a moderate scale. With the exception of a small amount of internal silver sold for essential purposes during April, supplies were provided from official stocks.

The main feature of the market in "free exportable" silver was a demand from the Far East. Some business has been done and shipments made, but operations have been hampered to some extent by the difficulty of obtaining suitable supplies.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Coals Strong And Good Enquiry For Favourites

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

The market ruled steady for the more speculative stocks while coals remain strong and there is a good enquiry for the popular stocks in the miscellaneous industrials. The Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Ltd. will remain entirely closed on Monday, the 8th August on account of "pakhi-purnima" festival.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 98/2, three per cent loan 1951/54 101/12, three per cent loan 1953/55 101/14, three per cent loan 1963/65 100/5, three per cent loan 1966/68 100/4 s lot.

BANKS: Bharat 2/6, Calcutta National 9/6, Hindustan Mercantile 16/12, United Commercial 44 s lots.

COTTONS: Benares 4/5, Cawnpore Textiles 8/4, Elgin Mills 15/3, Muir Mills 283 s o lot, New Victoria Ordy 1/13, Ditto Pref 3/12 s lot.

COALS: Amalgamated 24/4, Bengal 423, Cum Div Bhalgora 5/13, Burrakur 12/9, Dhemo Main 12/14, Bharat Colliery 6/1, Central India 4/10, Kuardi 6/3, South Karanpura 27/12, East Indian 27/8, Raneegunge 10/12.

JUTES: Agarpara 12/3, Alexandria Pref 125/8, Caledonian Pref 132, Craig 17/13, Hooghly Pref 15/8, Kinnison Pref 131/8, Lansdowne Pref 124/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp 2/2, Consolidated Tin annas thirteen, Indian Copper 1/15, Karanpura Dev 21/8, Sone Valley Cement 5/8, Alkali and Chemical 9, Braithwaite and Co. 7, Indian Iron 22/2, Kumardhubi Eng 7/2, Marshalls 4/14, Steel Corp 16/12, Ditto Pref 117/8, Ct Textile Machinery 6/6, Alluminium Corp 4/4, Angelo Bros 19, BIC 7/12, Bharat Airways 2/4 s lot, F and C Osler 4/12, Indian Cables 30/9, Indian National Airways 4/8, Indian Wood Products 25/10, Jardine Henderson 143, Martin Burn 14, Rohtas Industry 4/8, British Burma Petrol 1/5, Bengal Paper 33, Shree Gopal Paper 10, Star Paper 5/14, Assam Saws 6/14, India Steamship 5/11.

SUGARS: Belsund 3, Buland 10/4, Carew and Co. 8/6, Cawnpore 23/12, Champaran 21/4, Ramnugger Cane 12/4, Ct.

TEAS: Banarhat 244, Bishnauth 31/8, Dibrugarh 9/12 ct, Hantapara 200, Hattikhira 16/4, Huldibari 22/8, Kornafuli 8/4, Naga Hills 8/6, Rajgarh 22, Tezpore 17.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
CALICUT, Aug. 5.

Coiryarn Beypore 135-145, Quilandy 145-155, Fibre Garbled 90, Ungarbled 80, Coconuts Raw 170, Dry 189-195, Coconutoil 625, Copra Office 440, Dilpasand 450, Madrasnottam 500, Pepper Wynaad 2850, Country 2725, Dryginger Chernad 1200 Ernad 1100, Coffee Robusta 165, Timber Pali 60-70, Junglewood 30-37-8, Vellapine 65-70, Bonfeak 40-45, Teak 90-115, Mango 3-2, Teak 20-22-8, Rosewood 20-22-8.

GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION DEFERRED

Forward Trading In New Crop Banned

The Manging Committee of the Grain and Oil Seeds Merchants' Association having put a ban on all forward transactions in November-December contracts and in the new crop of groundnuts, the Government of Bombay, it is understood, have agreed to postpone any action which they intended to take.

It is understood that representatives of the Association had lengthy discussions with the representatives of Government. They placed before the Government the various views expressed at the meeting of the Managing Committee on Thursday and urged that there was no case justifying action on the part of Government. The Government, it is understood, was persuaded to accept the point of view of the market and allowed some time to the Committee to see what it could do without Government intervention. The only condition was that the committee should see to it that speculate activities should be halted.

While, therefore the Committee, has accordingly banned forward dealing it is emphasised in trade circles that the ban by itself is not enough. Existing contracts must be liquidated and the problem of fixing settlement price needs to be considered.

It is reported that Bulls are long to the extent of 25 to 30 thousand tons in November-December groundnuts, while among sellers there are some bonafide producers who expect their crop ready for delivery by that time. The present high level of prices of groundnuts are due to manipulation by professional operators and if the existing price is taken into consideration for fixing final settlement rates huge profits will accue to speculators and bonafide dealers and agriculturists will have to suffer. Under the circumstances it will be advisable, in fixing price levels, to take into consideration, the prospects of new crops and the prices ruling in foreign markets for the same type of produce.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, Aug. 5.

FLUCTUATIONS: Calico opened 988, Highest 997, Lowest 986.

Arvind opened 1389, Highest 1407, Lowest 1384.

Ambica opened 337, Lowest 334.

Differed opened 1227, Highest 1245, Lowest 1225.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: Calico 991, Differed 1243, Arvind 1388, Ambica 334, Marddon 139, Monogram 132, Jupiter 280 (Xd), Saraspur 565.

PAYMENT RATES: Calico 990, Arvind 1390, Ambica 335, Jupiter 280, Marddon 140, Monogram 130, Saraspur 565 Differed 1245.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)
HAPUR, Aug. 5.

Wheat 21-8, 19-8, Gram 15, Barley 14, Bejhar 13-8, Maize 16, Bajra 20, Juwar 17, Guwar 12, Arhar Ready 13-7, Bhadon 13-12-6, Peas Ready 14-4, Bhadon 14-1, Urd 17, Moong 21, Masoor 13-3 to 15-4, Gur Ready 19-6 to 17-8, Fagan 11-15-3, Shakkar 19-8, Crystal 33-12, Khandsari 26-32.

Sarson 30-8, Taraseed 24-23, Oil 82, Oilcake 9-4, Groundnut 18, Cottonseed 17, Ooats 11, Bardana Ready Red 100, White 121, Asuj 101, Sept. 107, steady.

Silver 150-1, Gold 106. Quiet.

Indore Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
INDORE, Aug. 5.

Today's closing quotations:—

Indore-Malwa 107, Hukamchand Mill 420, Bhandari Mill 559, Vinod Mill 279, Kalyanmal Mill 86, Kalvanmal Preference 90, Rajkumar 91, Indore Bank 54.

On Indore Bullion Exchange Ready Gold opened 113-14, Highest 114-8, Lowest 113-13, closed at 113-15. Forward Gold next settlement opened 112-8, Highest 113, Lowest 112-7, closed at 112-7.

No business was transacted on Indore Badasarafa Association—Silver Market—white metal.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

Previous closing	29.76
Today's opening	29.79
Difference	+3
Today's closing	29.70
Difference	—6

The market will remain closed on Saturday 6th inst.

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Bullion	162	4
Silver Mint	162	4
Gold Ready	114	4
Sovereign	74	0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.

Opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 1ol. 28-5/8.

General Motors dol. 61-7/8.

U.S. Steel Common unquoted.

U.S. Steel Common Pref. unquoted.

Applying Gambling Act To Clubs

HIGH COURT DEFINES SECTION 7

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bavdekar & Mr. Justice Dixit).

Government of Bombay .. Appellant
Versus
Aspandiar Kaikhushru Irani & Others ..... Respondents (Accused).

This was an appeal decided by Their Lordships on August 17, 1948 against the acquittal of the respondents, who in the main were members of the Oriental Club, of offences under Sections 4 and 5 of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act IV of 1887 Upon information received by them the police raided the premises of the Club and found instruments of gaming in the form of dice, counters and money.

Accused Nos. 4 to 13 and 15 to 20 were present at the time when the raid took place. It was the evidence of the punter who was sent in before the raid took place that when he went to the desk where gambling was going on, he paid Rs. 15 from which, after deduction of a charge of Re. 1, he was given counters worth Rs. 14 only.

From the papers taken charge of by the police it appeared that the receipts consisted of Rs. 595-12-0 being the proceeds of cards and games, Rs. 1012 donations, Rs. 296 entrance fees and Rs. 318 monthly fees. As against this, the charges for counters and playing cards amounted to Rs. 272, salaries Rs. 320, rent Rs. 500, electric charges Rs. 132, cost of furniture, etc The respondents contended that it was quite clear not only that the club was not making any profit, but that but for the donation of Rs. 1012 the Club could not have been run at all

SECTION 7 OF THE ACT.

Mr. Justice Bavdekar who delivered the judgment of the Court, referred to Section 7 of the Gambling Act which laid down that when instruments of gaming were found in a place, a presumption had to be drawn that the place was a common gaming house, and that all those present were there for the purpose of gaming and stated that it was for the respondents to rebut that two-fold presumption. His Lordship observed that it was after all "open to any club to allow card games to be played upon the premises and inasmuch as providing the cards, ...chairs and tables,.... service at the time cards are played are going to cost the club something, the club may make a charge". On the facts of the case, His Lordship stated that it was obvious that a charge was made—how it was made or whether it was made at a certain percentage made no difference. His Lordship stated that if it could be shown that the Club was keeping instruments of gaming for the purpose of profit, then the act fell within Section 4 of the Gambling Act. For this purpose, individual profit to particular members was not material. The Court had to take into consideration not whether any actual profit was made, but whether there were circumstances which showed that "it was not an object in keeping the instruments of gaming in the Club to make any profit ..... the crux of the case is, for what purpose are the instruments of gaming kept there?..... The question of the club becoming a common gaming house arises only after a charge is made".

The game which was going on in the Club, pointed out His Lordship, was not the only activity of the Club. His Lordship then observed, "it is not reasonable, therefore, in our view to debit in this case to the game which was being allowed to be played, the whole of the rent of the club or the whole of the salary of the servants which would naturally be two big items in the amount of the expenditure of the club". It is for the Club to keep proper accounts and "if upon such accounts they are in a position to show that no more charges are allowed to be made than what would be sufficient contribution from the activity for the expenses of the Club, then the Club would have discharged the burden which was upon it of showing that the Club was not being allowed to be used as a common gaming house". In Their Lordships' opinion it would be a small proportion only of the rent and servant charges which should be debited to this particular activity. Their Lordship therefore held that the respondents had failed to discharge the burden which was upon them, and that the place was a common gaming house and that those present were there were present for the purpose of gaming.

* Accused 1 was a member of the Managing Committee of the Club, but as he was not a member at the time when accounts were passed, it could not be said that he used the premises as a common gaming house within Section 4, but Their Lordships convicted him of the offence of being present on the premises for the purpose of gaming within Section 5. The position of accused 3 was the same. Accused 4 who was merely collecting the cash was convicted under Section 5 but not under Section 4. Accused 19 was acquitted as he had merely gone there for the purpose of visit. Accused 5 to 13, 15 to 18 and 20 were convicted by Their Lordships under Section 5. Their Lordships sentenced each of the accused convicted by them to a fine of Rs. 20 (in default one week's R.I.).

BANNS IN WRONG NAME

Decree For Nullity Of Marriage

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati).

Lorimer Hilary Vinay..Petitioner.
vs,
Beryl Vinay..Respondent.

An interesting and unusual point arose in a suit under the Indian Divorce Act before His Lordship.

The petitioner stated that the respondent who was a film actress had adopted the screen name of 'Madhuri' but that her real maiden name was Beryl Claessen by which she had been known to all including the petitioner himself, prior to her marriage. The banns which were published shortly prior to the time of her marriage with the petitioner, were, however, got published by her not in her true name but in the name of Beryl Vvonne Ramos, which she then told the petitioner was in accordance with the wishes of her stepfather who bore that sirname. The marriage certificate had also been issued in that name. The petitioner submitted that the marriage was a nullity on the ground of undue publication of banns.

After hearing evidence, His Lordship granted a decree pronouncing the marriage between the petitioner and respondent to be null and void.

Mr. A. J. Poonawalla instructed by Messrs. Satyendra and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. A. C. Beynon instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the respondent.

Magnetic Storm Sweeps World

BROADCASTS AFFECTED

LONDON, August 5, (PTI-Reuter): Reports from many world centres today blamed sun spots for almost world-wide interference with short wave broadcast during the past 24 hours.

Some international communication services have been brought almost to a standstill.

Broadcasts from Moscow, North and South America and the Far East were so badly affected that little could be heard today.

Stations in Germany, Switzerland and the Middle East were also reported to be subject to "strong interference."

The observatory at Chambon-la-Foret, near Montargis South-east of Paris, registered magnetic storms caused by the sun spots.

London radio experts said a "solar flare" from a sum spot—a dark area about 2,000 degrees cooler than the rest of the sun's surface—caused the disturbances.

In London the Post-Master-General announced the storms were causing serious interruption to long-distance radio telephone and radio telegraph services.

The disturbances were likely to continue for the next 24 hours, the announcement added.

HARIJAN ENTRY ACT

Jaipur Jain's Protest

(From Our Correspondent)

JAIPUR, Aug. 5:—At a mass meeting held here a resolution was adopted unanimously protesting against the passage of the Bombay Harijan Temple Entry Act. The authorities were requested to delete the Jain temples from the purview of the Act.

Great concern was also expressed at the deteriorating condition of His Holiness Acharya Shatisagarji Maharaj who is on a fast in this connection.

Quietly Steady Conditions On London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Aug. 5, (PTI-Reuter): Quiet conditions prevailed on the London Stock Exchange today. Prices were mainly steady but some improvement was shown by industrials on the week-end bear covering.

British Government Securities spent a quiet session and price changes were small. Three and half per cent war loan was steady around 95 and three-quarters, and the recent selling appears to have dried up. Other issues were around the previous closing levels, an initial firmness being lost in later dealings.

Copper and base metal issues provided bright features when good support resulted in useful gains. Demand for the former has been stimulated by belief that they provide a hedge against Sterling devaluation. Gains were well held despite profit-taking.

International stocks were also firm. International nickel and Brazilian tractions appreciated on bear covering.

Foreign bonds were steady, but there was occasional dullness in rails.

Interest in Kaffirs was small but prices were generally steady and the undertone remained firm.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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U.S. Bemoans Chiang's Fall

ACHESON ADMITS FAILURE OF AMERICAN AID

Gen. Marshall Forecast Red Victory 2 Years In Advance

WASHINGTON, August 5 (P. T. I.-Reuter). THE United States today officially admitted "the unfortunate and inescapable fact" that her aid to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek had failed to prevent the Communist winning in China.

"The ominous result of the civil war in China was beyond the control of the Government of the "United States", Mr. Dean Acheson, Secretary of State declared in a report to President Truman accompanying a 1,054-page White Paper on "United States relations with China."

Nothing that this country did or could have done within the reasonable limits of its capabilities could have changed that result. Nothing that was left undone by this country has contributed to it."

CAUSES

He gave these reasons for the Nationalist failure:

(1) Its leaders had proved incapable of meeting the crisis confronting them, its troops had lost the will to fight and its Government had lost popular support.

(2) The Communists, "through a ruthless discipline and fanatical zeal", attempted to sell themselves as the guardians and liberators of the people.

(3) The Nationalists did not have to be defeated—"they disintegrated."

The United States had felt that peace could have been established in China if certain conditions had been met, including the establishment of an all-party "Chinese Government" in fact as well as in name."

'CHINA WASTED AID'

The United States State Department today quoted China's Acting President General Li Tsung-jen to back up its charges that the Chinese Nationalists lost the civil war because they wasted United States aid, (adds the U.P.A.).

Portions of his secret letter, which the Chinese leader wrote to President Truman last May 5, were published in the Department's White Paper. Li Tsung-jen, who took over when Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek "retired" a few months ago, expressed his "deep gratitude" for United States moral and material support of China during World War II and since.

General George Marshall predicted a Communist military victory in China more than two years in advance and even told how and why it would come about, it was revealed today.

Marshall, wartime Chief of Staff and later Secretary of State, went to China in 1946 with instructions from President Truman to try to arrange a peace between the Nationalists and the Communists. He returned after several months, convinced that the job was impossible.

In 1946, the Nationalists had embarked on an over-ambitious military campaign in the face of warnings by General George Marshall, then American Special Envoy to China, that it would eventually destroy the Government.

General Marshall had said that the Nationalists could not destroy the Communist armies and that they would be compelled to retreat or to surrender their armies together with the munitions which the United States had furnished them.

"No estimate of a military situation has ever been more completely confirmed by the resulting facts", Mr. Acheson said.

SOUTH CHINA DEFENCES CRACKING

HONG KONG, August 5, (UPA)

The last vestiges of the Nationalist defence of South China began crumbling today as the Communists scored important gains on two fronts and the ramifications of a widespread Nationalist surrender plot were unfolded.

The vaunted Nationist defence line proved to be a "paper tiger" as powerful Red forces thrust through and drove southward while the Communists announced the formation of a temporary military control Commission for all Hunan.

The Nationalists began evacuating Kanchow under pressure of five Red armies, estimated at 100,000 men who Thursday plowed through Suihuan eastern Kanchow defence line, and poured southward along the highway toward Kanchow.

A Chinese Nationalist military spokesman today confirmed that Communists had completely occupied Changsha, capital of Hunan Province adds (PTI-Reuter):

FOOD PRODUCTION DRIVE

M.P. Patil Addresses Dhulia Congress Workers' Shibir

Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture and Forests, visited Dhulia on August 4, 1949, to address the Congress workers' 'Shibir' there. This Shibir was attended by over one hundred social workers from the villages in the West Khandesh district. Mr. Patil addressed the workers and exhorted them to do their utmost for increasing food production. He particularly stressed the necessity of improving the method of preparation of farmyard manure and also of increasing the quantity of manure available by preparing compost from waste.

SATISFACTORY PRODUCTION

Mr. Patil discussed with the Collector and the officers of the Revenue, Agricultural, Co-operative and Irrigation departments and the office-bearers of the District Rural Development Board the working of the Grow More Food Campaign in the district. As compared to the targets fixed during the Food Production Conference held in June last at Dhulia, the progress achieved so far was found to be satisfactory.

The Minister also visited the Agricultural School and the Dhulia Goshala.

Fifty Harijans Enter Swaminarayan Temple

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, August 5.

A party of 50 Harijans under the leadership of Mahagujerat Dalit Samaj entered Swaminarayan temple and had a "darshan" of the deity this evening. There was great excitement as sadhus collected in the compound. On receiving the news, a police party arrived on the scene to prevent any untoward incident. It may be recalled that the Swaminarayan temple entry case is still continuing in court.

Not A Border Affray, N. Y. Times Says

NEW YORK, August 5, (PTI-Reuter): "The New York Times" said today the invasion of South Korea by a force of Communists could not be casually dismissed as a mere border affray.

In an editorial headed "peril in Korea" the newspaper stated, "for some six months the Korean Government has been pressing upon the United States the urgent need for military and economic assistance. The danger signal in the present attack cannot be ignored."

ACHESON PRESENTS NEW ARMS AID BILL

No Blank Cheque Powers

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. (UPA): Secretary of State Dean Acheson today handed Congress a compromise Arms Aid Bill cancelling President Truman's requested "blank cheque" powers.

It would limit United States military assistance to the North Atlantic Treaty countries and five other specified nations.

The compromise is designed to meet congressional objections to the original dol. 1,450,000,000 measure and assure prompt enactment of the aid programme.

Acheson handed the new Bill to the Senate Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees in a joint session. It was introduced in the House by Chairman John Kee of the Foreign Affairs Committee.

WHAT LED TO RED VICTORY

WASHINGTON, August 5, (PTI-Reuter):

DECLARING that American aid to Chiang Kai-shek and the right-wing Kuomintang had been "unavailing", Mr. Dean Acheson, in the White Paper released here today said the Communist victory was "the product of internal Chinese forces which this country tried to influence but could not."

"A decision was arrived at within China, if only a decision by default."

"The decay that American observers had detected in Chunking early in the war had fatally sapped the powers of resistance of the Kuomintang," Mr. Acheson said.

It is reliably learnt that 23 mills of Gujerat have put up notices of closure of different shifts, with the result that 14,710 workers face the fate of unemployment within a few days.—FOC.

PARTY TO MR. FYZEE

The Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society gave a party to Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, on his appointment as India's Ambassador to Egypt, on Friday evening. Mr. Fyzee is seen here with the Chief Justice of Bombay, Mr. M. C. Chagla.

DR. DADOO IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Friday.

Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, South African Indian leader, arrived in Bombay from Delhi last night by air after touring Pakistan and India, where he met the Prime Ministers of the two dominions and discussed the racial policy of the South African Government.

Dr. Dadoo told the Press Trust of India: "The leaders of the Indian Government have given me the unmistakable impression that the question of racial inequality in the Union of South Africa is one of the major problems which weighs heavily with them.

"So far as it remains within the power of the Government, they will take every step possible in conformity with the United Nations Charter to prevail upon the South African Government to rectify a great and unforgivable wrong."

Dr. Dadoo added that he had gained "a similar impression" from his talks with Pakistan leaders.

WARNING TO WHITES

"One thing that has deeply impressed me", said Dr. Dadoo, "is the great concern and anxiety shown by the peoples of the Indo-Pakistan sub-continent. It shows that so far as the masses are concerned, they will not tolerate brutal treatment of our people in South Africa on the grounds of race and colour. This should be a sufficient warning to the Government of the Union of South Africa and the European racialists there, that they cannot with impunity persue policies which insult the honour and self-respect of the Asian and non-White peoples."

Dr. Dadoo will leave for Surat, his home town, next week.

SIMLA, August 4 (P.T.I.): The states of Loharu, Pataudi and Dujana which merged with East Punjab last year, will be, it is authoritatively learnt, represented in the East Punjab Assembly by a nominated member.

Royal Asiatic Society Send-Off To Fyzee

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, India's Ambassador-designate to Egypt was felicitated at a farewell function held in his honour by the members of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society at Town Hall this evening. A large gathering was present on the occasion.

Wishing "bon voyage" to the honoured guest, Bombay's Chief Justice Mr M. C. Chagla said that the new ambassador combined in him the culture of both East and West, and as such, would no doubt embellish the high post to which he had been appointed.

Mr. Chagla said that India, though an old country, was "internationally very young" and, therefore, it was necessary that the ambassadors she sent out to foreign countries should be some of the best of her sons.

CHAGLA'S TRIBUTE

Mr. Fyzee, continued the Chief Justice, had always stood up for a secular State, believing as he always did, that religion had nothing to do with politics. He had a truly cosmopolitan outlook and his loyalty to the country was unquestioned. Such a man, he said, was well marked out to represent India admirably in any foreign country.

In a pithy reply Mr. Fyzee thanked the members of the Society for the honour done to him on the eve of his departure. He assured those present that in his new ambassadorial role he would do everything humanly possible to foster cordial relations between India and Egypt.

6 DROWNED AS BOAT CAPSIZES IN NARBADA

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, August 5.

News has been received here that a country craft capsized in the river Narbada. Of the 18 persons in the boat, six were drowned. The rest have been saved.

ACHESON SETS TASK FOR U.S.

Creation Of Free China As Main Objective

5-Point Basis Of Future Policy Evolved

SECRETARY of State Dean Acheson United States was seeking independent and democratic China.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5, (UPA): told a press conference today that the ways to assist in the creation of an

She would consult with other members of the United Nations "to achieve these objectives and particularly to maintain peace and security in the Far East."

Acheson said the United States was opposed to domination of China by any outside interest. In an obvious slap at the Chinese Communists and the Soviet Union, which the State Department contends is supporting them, Acheson said the United States opposed "subjection of China to any foreign power, to any regime acting in the interest of a foreign power and to dismemberment of China by any foreign power whether by open or clandestine means."

BASIS OF POLICY

Acheson laid down a five-point basis for future American policy with respect to China. He listed as "basic principles" the following:

(1) "The United States desires to encourage in every feasible way the development of China as an independent and stable nation able to play a role in world affairs suitable for a great and free people.

(2) "The United States desires to support the creation in China of economic and political conditions which will safeguard the basic rights and liberties and progressively develop the economic and social well-being of its people.

(3) "The United States is opposed to subjection of China to any foreign power, to any regime acting in the interest of a foreign power and to dismemberment of China by any foreign power whether by open or clandestine means.

(4) "The United States will continue to consult with other interested powers in the light of conditions in the countries concerned and in the Far East as a whole on measures which will contribute to continuing the security and welfare of the peoples of that area.

(5) "The United States will encourage and support efforts of the United Nations to achieve these objectives and particularly to maintain peace and security in the Far East."

SAINT TUKARAM'S WORKS

Government Undertakes Publication

BOMBAY, Friday.

About 70 years ago, the Government of Bombay had published the works of the great Marathi Saint Tukaram under the editorship of Mr. Shankar Pandurang Pandit.

The publication has been out of stock for a long time. To meet the public demand for copies of the Saint's works, the Government has decided, on the occasion of his tercentenary, to reprint 7,000 copies each of Volumes I and II of his works at the Government Central Press, Bombay and to sell them at Rs. 2-8 per copy.

The members of the puolic who wish to purchase these copies should place their orders, in advance, with the Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Charni Road Gardens, Bombay, before August 21, 1949.

SAVARKAR TURNS SPOKESMAN

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar has sent a telegram to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly, stating "I beseech the Constituent Assembly to adopt Bharat as the name of our nation, Hind as the national language, and Devnagari as the national script." Mr. Savarkar said he was "voicing the sense and sentiment of millions of our countrymen."

'New Stage' To Promote Indian Dancing

BOMBAY, Friday.

A new organisation which calls itself the "New Stage" and which is dedicated to the promotion of Indian dancing, so that it will gain its rightful place in the life of the country and provide a stimulus to other national arts, came into being this evening at an inaugural function held at the Taj. The function was presided over by Mr. A. P. Sabavala.

"New Stage" was conceived by the leading artistes, musicians and painters of the city among whom the name of George Keyt is prominent. This organisation will cater to the needs of the urban population for wholesome entertainment, and the group of artistes who are its life force will devote themselves to the perfecting of the ballet, "the modern conception of creative dancing for the stage."

It will also initiate research into religion, history, mythology, folk lore and folk poetry for the further development of the art of the dance. It will endeavour to maintain libraries, produce films and establish contacts with national and foreign bodies connected with artistic and educational advancement. New Stage proposes to present a synthesis of Indian tradition and culture through the ballet in foreign countries.

Mr. A. P. Sabavala, made an appeal for funds for the organisation.

Rs. 50,000 would be required for the launching of the first ballet in Bombay.

A varied entertainment programme was presented on the occasion.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

HEARTENING news comes from Colombo. Before I tell you what it is, I must explain why it is heartening.

Day after day and every day, the senior colleague who helps fill long columns of editorial pronouncements orders tea. Tea is his life-breath. Without tea he cannot live; and what is more important, without tea he cannot write.

But then he can never drink tea alone. Every time he rings the bell and the sepoy presents himself, he looks round the room, counts the men hovering around and orders as many glasses of tea plus one as the number of human heads he sees. But some heads vanish before the tea arrives. Others nod an emphatic 'No'. Then it is the turn of smaller fry like me to come to the rescue and imbibe the spirit. We indulge in banter and protest against this 'poisoning'.

•

Is it not heartening, therefore, to learn, that what I have been drinking is not poison but really food?

A message from Colombo speaks of the results of war-time investigations carried on in the United Kingdom. These investigations reportedly showed that tea was a considerable source of Riboflavin (Vitamin B 2), which makes a valuable contribution to the balance of diet among certain workers.

The message further says that it is estimated that 80 per cent of the Vitamin in the dry leaf passes into the cup when the tea is brewed in the tea pot. Teas which had been stored for a year, showed practically the same content as fresh teas. The vitamin inherent in the tea is, therefore, available in the beverage as consumed.

While this message was heartening, in the sense that I need no longer feel that I have been poisoned and may hope for continued life, the silver lining has its cloud. I can no more blame my colleague for being a 'tea drinking barbarian' dead to the delicate charms, the refreshing aroma and the energising influence of coffee.

With that thought in mind, I went a little more cheerily when he called me for the next cup of tea. As the boy carried in the unappetising looking glasses, I asked him: "Does your seth use fresh leaves, or have they been stored with him for over a year"?

"No, we buy tea everyday", the boy said with naivete.

"But is it brewed afresh everyday too or once a year?" I asked mischievously.

The boy did not understand. "I do not know", he said. "It is eight years since I joined the hotel and the huge tea pot is always on the segree", he said. "I have never seen it taken down, nor have I ever seen it empty."

MAYBE THE UNITED KINGDOM INVESTIGATORS SHOULD RETRY THEIR EXPERIMENTS ON OUR IRANI'S TEA.

INTER-DOMINION CONFERENCE

Joint Commission To Study Water Resources

INDIA'S PROPOSAL ON EAST PUNJAB CANALS DISPUTE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

NEW DELHI, Aug. 5.

WITH a view to equitable distribution of waters between the two Dominions, the Indian Delegation to the Inter-Dominion Conference has proposed the setting up of a joint commission to undertake an over-all study of resources in the Indus Basin as a whole.

At today's session which lasted for over two hours, certain concrete proposals for solving the question are reported to have been discussed. Further discussions are expected to be continued tomorrow.

A joint press communique agreed to by the Indian and Pakistan delegations to the Inter-Dominion Conference on Canal Water, says:

The Inter-Dominion Conference on Canal Water met again on Friday for over two hours. Discussion took place on a proposal made on Thursday by the Indian Delegation for appointing, without prejudice to the legal rights of both parties, a Joint Commission to undertake an over-all investigation of water resources in the Indus Basin as a whole, with a view to equitable distribution of these waters between the two Dominions. The Conference had adjourned to enable the Pakistan Delegation to consider this new proposal.

PAKISTAN ENQUIRY.

At Friday's meeting, the leader of the Pakistan Delegation asked for clarification of this proposal. He enquired whether India would continue water supplies in the meantime as before partition, and would agree to reference to the International Court of Justice in the event of no surplus supplies being found available or of no agreement being reached on their distribution. The Conference decided to meet again at 11 a.m. on Saturday.

A statement of Pakistan's queries was given on Friday afternoon to the Indian Delegation, who in turn handed over a draft, setting out in detail their suggestions regarding the nature and method of the proposed investigation.

JAVA HORIZON IS HOPE-FILLED

Delegates' Views

CALCUTTA, August 5, (PTI): Dr. Van Royen, leader of the Netherlands delegation to Indonesia, and others arrived here today by air from Batavia. They are on their way to the Hague to attend the round table conference on Indonesia.

Interviewed at Dum Dum airport, Dr. Van Royen said that he was very hopeful about the future, now that the cease-fire order had been issued. But at the moment all depended on the implementation of the order.

Dr. A. K. Ping Digdo, a republican member of the delegation said that he had no doubt that unconditional sovereignty would be transferred to the Indonesians. The round table conference at the Hague would decide the procedure of such transfer.

Fighting Still?

BATAVIA, August 5. (PTI-Reuter): Fighting groups were "as active as ever" this week in the Magelang region of East Java, according to today's weekly survey of the Indonesian situation published by the Dutch Information Service.

Reviewing the period just before the cease-fire order issued on Wednesday, the survey said conditions throughout Java and Sumatra had changed little.

MUTT AND JEFF—At Lea st Jeff Was Prepared For What He Expected — **By BUD FISHER**

MUTT, WILL YOU DO ME A FAVOR AND SAVE ALL YOUR OLD RAZOR BLADES?
WHAT FOR?
THIS SPRING I'M GONNA TRY PLANTIN' RAZOR BLADES WITH POTATOES SO THE SPUDS COME UP ALL PEELED!
NEXT YOU'LL BE TRYIN' TO CROSS A WATERMELON WITH A CARAWAY SEED!
NO, BUT LAST YEAR I CROSSED A POTATO WITH AN ONION!
YEH? HOW'D IT COME OUT?
NOT SO GOOD! POTATOES HAD WATERY EYES!
O.K., HERE!
Fisher

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